

Comment Summary – January 13, 2025 (5<sup>th</sup> Submission)

Zoning By-law Amendment Application – WDD Main St. Inc.

Consultant	Comments
NPG – Township Planning Consultant	See letter attached
GEI - Engineers	See letter attached
Township Hydrogeologist	See letter attached



January 31, 2025

Lynne Banks 7404 Wellington Road 34, Puslinch, Ontario

Dear Lynne Banks,

#### RE: NPG Comments Main St RE: Application for Zoning By-law Amendment & Draft Plan of Subdivision

NPG Planning Solutions Inc. (NPG) has been retained to provide comments regarding a Zoning By-law Amendment Application and a Draft Plan of Subdivision Application proposing a residential subdivision consisting of 21 detached dwelling lots, environmental protection lands, a stormwater management pond and a municipal road. The Subject Lands are approximately 23.10 hectares in size and have frontage along Highway 6, Main St and Ochs St. The Subject Lands are currently vacant and are in proximity to residential uses to the north and west, and agricultural and natural lands to the east and south.

This is the fifth submission for a Zoning By-law Amendment application. As part of this submission, NPG has reviewed the following documents:

- Updated Zoning By-law and Schedule prepared by Weston Consulting;
- Comment Response Matrix prepared by Weston Consulting, dated January 2025;
- Hydrology Response Letter prepared by Englobe, dated December 20, 2024;
- Functional Servicing & Preliminary Stormwater Report prepared by Crozier, dated December 2024;
- Civil Engineering Drawing Package prepared by Crozier, dated December 20, 2024; and
- Cover Letter prepared by Weston Consulting, dated January 10, 2025.

#### **Comments:**

 The updated Zoning By-law and Schedule proposes to rezone the single detached dwellings a site-specific Urban Residential zone (UR-XX), the Stormwater Management Block another site-specific Urban Residential zone (UR-YY), in addition to revising the extent of the Natural Environment Zone (NE) and the Environmental protection Overlay. It is noted that the Draft Zoning By-law does not specifically prohibit any uses for the UR-

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YY zone. We are working towards determining the appropriate zones, their extent and site-specific regulations through the application process and coordination with relevant agencies and consultants.

2. We understand that a Draft Plan of Subdivision was also submitted to the County of Wellington. We will provide comments related to this application, through the County.

Sincerely,



Jesse Auspitz, MCIP, RPP Principal Planner NPG Planning Solutions Inc. jauspitz@npgsolutions.ca





January 31, 2025 Project No. 2402578 / 122006-002

VIA EMAIL: lbanks@puslinch.ca

Lynne Banks Township of Puslinch 4704 Wellington Road 34 Puslinch, ON NOB 2J0

### Re: Zoning By-Law Amendment 5th Submission 11 Main Street (Morriston) Puslinch, ON

Dear Ms. Banks:

Following our review of fifth submission documents for Zoning By-Law Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision Application received on January 14, 2025, we are providing comments related to the proposed residential subdivision on the subject lands located at 11 Main Street in the Township of Puslinch. The Draft Plan of Subdivision submitted identifies twenty-one (21) residential lots. Twenty (20) of the lots front a proposed right-of-way, connected to an extension of Ochs Street, while one (1) lot fronts Main Street.

The fourth submission was received on November 22, 2024, with review comments provided on December 13, 2024.

The following fifth submission documents were received and reviewed:

- Fifth Submission Cover Letter, prepared by Weston Consulting, dated January 10, 2025.
- Comments Response Matrix, prepared by Weston Consulting, dated January 2025.
- Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater Management Report, prepared by Crozier Consulting, dated December 2024.
- Engineering Plans (Rev. 4), prepared by Crozier Consulting, dated December 20, 2024, including:
  - Fig. 1 Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East)
  - Fig. 2 Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (West)
  - Fig. 3 Site Grading Plan (East)
  - Fig. 4 Site Grading Plan (West)
  - Fig. 5 External Grading Plan (Ochs Street)
  - Fig. 6 Pre-Development Drainage Plan
  - Fig. 7 Post-Development Drainage Plan
  - Fig. 8 Storm Design Sheet Drainage Plan

We defer detailed review of the remaining documents to Township staff and other consultants.

Based on our fourth submission comments and review of fifth submission documents identified above, all of our previous comments have been addressed satisfactorily for acceptance of the Zoning ByLaw Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision applications. We are agreeable to the Zoning By-Law Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision applications being considered complete at this time. The Completed/Approved Matters Table below identifies some items which are to be addressed at the time of detailed design.

### **Deficiencies/Outstanding Matters**

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment

### **Additional Commentary**

No.	Comment
1.	<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> Please provide a copy of the review comments as received by Conservation Halton. <u>Crozier Comment (September 2024)</u> Acknowledged.
2.	<u>GEI Comment (September 2024)</u> As there is no quality control for Catchment 202, the Township and future homeowners should be made aware that it will not be acceptable for driveways, parking areas etc. to be extended into the rear parts of the proposed lots in the future. <u>Crozier Comment (November 2024)</u> Acknowledged.

### **Completed/Approved Matters**

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
1.	Right-of-way Profiles	Grading Plans	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)The proposed development proposes an 18m wide rural cross section complete with roadside ditches and reduced pavement widths. A 20m wide <u>urban</u> cross-section complete with curb and gutter, storm sewer system and sidewalk is required per Township of Puslinch Municipal Development Standards and Township of Puslinch Standard Drawing 102 (STD-102). Please revise for the next submission.Crozier Response (January 2024) All drawings have been updated with a 20 m urban right-of- way per Standard Drawing 102 (STD-102). Storm sewer has been incorporated to direct stormwater runoff to the proposed stormwater management facility.GEI Comment (February 9, 2024) Accepted, no further comment.
2.	Cul-de-sac Radius	Grading Plans	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)As per Township of Puslinch Municipal DevelopmentStandards, the cul-de-sac bulb right-of-way radius shall berevised from 18m to 20m.Crozier Response (January 2024)The cul-de-sac radius has been revised from 18m to 20m.GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Accepted, no further comment.
3.	Quality Control	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	April 20, 2023, February 9, 2024, September 27, 2024	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)The FSR needs to demonstrate how Enhanced quality control is met (i.e. 80% total suspended solid removal). It appears that a treatment train is not created as grassed swales are the only method of quality control for the runoff being infiltrated. An additional mechanism such as but not limited to an oil/grit separator would be required to have a treatment train.Crozier Response (January 2024) Enhanced quality control will be met through the implementation of an oil grit separator upstream of the proposed stormwater management facility. The stormwater management facility will provide additional settling to meet the enhanced quality control requirements.

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
				<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> The Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report states that quality control will be provided by an oil grit separator in series with dry pond settling. However, the MOE SWMPD Manual states that dry ponds should not be used for combined quantity and quality control unless a forebay is included. Table 4.8 lists the forebay requirement for dry ponds. Conversely, Puslinch Municipal Development Standards support the use of oil-grit separators as part of a treatment train, not the only method of treatment. Please provide additional discussion on the treatment train proposed.
				<u>Crozier Response (September 2024)</u> Enhanced quality control will be met through the implementation of an oil grit separator upstream of the proposed stormwater management facility. The stormwater management facility will provide additional settling to meet the enhanced quality control requirements based on MOE criteria. Additional design sheets have been prepared to show the combination of the dry pond and oil- grit separator.
				Based on the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual Table 4.1 extended detentions (dry ponds) provide a TSS removal rate of 60%. Through a combination of the dry pond (60% TSS) and oil-grit separator (50% TSS) a total TSS removal of 80% will be met. Additionally, following treatment from the OGS and Dry Pond treated stormwater will outlet through a level spreader and then travel at least 30 meters overland through the existing woodlot prior to discharging to the watercourse. This flow path will provide additional TSS removal. Details will be provided through detailed design of the subdivision.
				<u>GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)</u> Please revise the stormwater quality control section using <b>local design criteria</b> (Ontario MECP criteria rather than New Jersey). MOE SWMPD Manual Table 3.2 provides the storage volumes required for dry ponds to provide 60% TSS removal, and while this calculation is used in the Extended Detention calculation in Appendix D, Appendix F should also be updated accordingly. Please provide calculations based on an MECP approved methodology to support that 80% TSS removal is provided by a combination of the dry pond and OGS.

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
				The Erosion Control Volume Calculations in Appendix D should be based on a drainage area of 3.50 ha plus the areas of EX2 and EX3, which also contribute.
				During the detailed design stage, information should be provided to support the TSS removal capabilities of the Stormceptor EFO8 system based on specific site conditions.
				<u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u> We have provided the Stormceptor sizing report to provide more details on the TSS removal efficiency of the OGS. We have assumed 50% removal rate with the OGS. Additionally, the dry pond has been designed with an extended detention to provide 60% TSS removal per MOE design criteria. Following treatment from the dry pond, stormwater will outlet through a level spreader and will travel overland through existing woodlot, which will provide additional TSS removal. Through the combination of these quality controls measures, 80% removal has been provided. The MECP does not provide methodology for treatment train efficiency, please advise if GEI is aware of methodology to apply, if the provided method is not acceptable.
				<u>GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)</u> No further comment.
4.	Infiltration Water Quality	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	April 20, 2023, February 9, 2024, September 27, 2024, December 13, 2024, January 31, 2025	<u>GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)</u> The proponent should be cognizant of any potential impacts of infiltrating road runoff which contains chlorides and other pollutants. There could be a potential for contaminant spills or oils to be infiltrated in the ground via the proposed infiltration trenches (no oil/grit separator is proposed in the FSR). We recommend infiltration of 'clean' runoff only (i.e. infiltration of building rooftop runoff and/or grassed areas only). In addition, the proposed drinking water wells are located at the front of the lot in close proximity to the infiltration trenches which introduces further concerns regarding infiltration of possible roadway contaminants. We defer to the Township Hydrogeologist and Wellington Source Water Protection for comments on the infiltration water quality and the effect on drinking water wells. Crozier Response (January 2024)
				Based on the Hydrogeological Report the soils on-site are not conducive to infiltration (10 mm/hr infiltration rates); therefore, lot level infiltration has not been proposed. All

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
				infiltration trenches have been removed and replace with storm sewer and an end of pipe stormwater management facility.
				<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> The response to this comment states that infiltration is not proposed while the Hydrogeological Report recommends lot level soakaway pits for roof runoff. Please coordinate and revise reports accordingly.
				Crozier Response (September 2024) The in-situ hydraulic conductivity of the soils on-site ranged from 1.18 x 10-6 to 1.21 x 10-6 m/s which correlates to an infiltration rate of approximately 10 mm/hr. Therefore, the soils onsite are not conducive to infiltration, and it is recommended that end of pipe LID practices are not implemented onsite to meet the water balance objectives. Additional topsoil over the lots could also be implemented to increase void storage within the lots without having directing stormwater to a specific infiltration system. Lot level soak away pits are not being proposed for this subdivision. However, the design has been revised to include an infiltration facility downstream of the dry SWM facility to address the water balance. Details will be provided at detailed design but the footprint shown on the attached Figures is based on sufficient retention to balance the water budget for the site.
				GEI Comment (September 27, 2024) Infiltration facilities require 1.2 m frost cover depth and 1 m separation with groundwater per MOE SWMPD Manual criteria. The proposed facility is 1 m in depth while the maximum depth is 0.6 m per MOE SWMPD Manual criteria. Please show relevant elevations on the Servicing Plan including top of infiltration facility, bottom of infiltration facility, frost cover depth, groundwater separation, inlet elevation and outlet elevation. Clearly show how flow is to be transferred from the pond outlet to the infiltration facility.
				<u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u> Relevant elevations have been provided on the updated servicing plan. Given the available space and required infiltration volume, 0.6 m depth is not achievable. Given the MOE SWMPD Manual is outdated, it is our opinion that the 1.0 m storage depth is acceptable and has been approved for other projects in Ontario. Please provide rationale for the 0.6 m request.

GEI Consultants Canada Ltd.

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
				<u>GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)</u> Please provide a detail for the infiltration facility to show frost cover depth, groundwater separation, inlet and outlet elevations. If using a 1.0 m storage depth, please provide a reference to an alternate guideline/best practice to support the proposed design.
				<u>Crozier Response (January 2025)</u> An updated open bottom infiltration system has been proposed with a storage depth of 0.6 m. Preliminary details are provided on the revised drawing set. Specific manufacturer details will be provided during detailed design.
				<u>GEI Comment (January 31, 2025)</u> Acknowledged. Top and bottom elevations will need to be adjusted during detailed design to ensure 1.2 m cover at the end of the infiltration system. Specific details regarding the infiltration system will be reviewed during detailed design.
5.	Infiltration Trenches / Galleries	Servicing Plans / FSR	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)The FSR proposes surface ponding up to 0.3 m in the roadside ditches and subsurface storage/infiltration in a series of longitudinal infiltration galleries located below the proposed roadside ditches. While this concept could work in principle for a flat area, we express concerns in the ability to capture and store the runoff when some of the roads are graded at close to an 8% slope. The stormwater management calculations assume that 0.3 m ponding is available throughout the roadside ditches and that the sub- surface galleries can fill up with water. Even with the construction of check dams, terracing or elevated culverts as mentioned in the FSR, due to the steepness of the roads, the volume potential outlined in the stormwater management calculations would be extremely challenging to achieve.Furthermore, it is unclear how the 0.3 m ponding in the ditch is proposed to work with driveway culverts. The Town is not in support of a roadside ditch system in urban centers and hamlets, let alone a roadside ditch system that has the potential to pond water for prolonged periods of time

No.	Matter	Document	Date Identified	Comment
				Additional concerns with the location of infiltration galleries and utility infrastructure – this will introduce a maintenance concern for the Township.
				<u>Crozier Response (January 2024)</u> Acknowledged. All infiltration trenches have been removed and replace with storm sewer and an end of pipe stormwater management facility. <u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> Accepted, no further comment.
6.	Post- Development Drainage Plan	FSR	April 20, 2023	<u>GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)</u> Please label the imperviousness of the external areas on the Post-Development Plan for consistency. <u>Crozier Response (January 2024)</u> The Post-development Drainage Plan has been revised to include the imperviousness of the external drainage catchments. GEL Comment (Eebruary 9, 2024)
				Accepted, no further comment.
				GEI Comment (April 20, 2023) Please note that the maximum allowable roadway grade is 6% in the Township of Puslinch.
				<u>Crozier Response (January 2024)</u> Maximum allowable roadway grades have been maintained everywhere possible. There are a few minor locations where the maximum grade exceeds 6%.
7.	Roadway Grade	Grading Plan	April 20, 2023	<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> The proposed "Street B" contains a grade of 7.6%. Please revise. Ochs Street contains grades of 8%. Please revise or provide cross-sections to justify deviation from the Township standard (see comment #19).
				<u>Crozier Response (September 2024)</u> The grading of the internal roadway has been revised.
				<u>GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)</u> Accepted, no further comment.

				GELComment (April 20, 2023)
				Please label Ochs Street on all plans
				Crozier Bespense (January 2024)
Q	Ochs Street	Plans	April 20,	<u>Crozier Response (January 2024)</u> Ochs Street has been labelled on all plans
0.	Labels	FIGIIS	2023	ochs street has been labelled off all plans.
				GEL Comment (February 9, 2024)
				Accepted, no further comment.
				GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)
				The function of the 150mm diameter perforated pipe and
				surface ponding capability of the system is questionable. It
				appears that the 150mm diameter perforated pipe would
				convey the drainage prior to the ability of the system to
				pond on the surface or use the last 150mm of storage in
				the gallery.
				Inconsistencies between the FSR and infiltration gallery
				detail with respect to gallery and overflow pipe
				dimensions. (i.e. FSR states 1.0m deep gallery with 100mm
				diameter overflow pipe, detail shows 0.9m deep gallery
9	Infiltration	Grading Plan	April 20,	with 150mm diameter overflow pipe).
5.	Gallery Detail	Grading Fian	2023	The notes regarding placing sod on top of geotextile
				wrapped media need further clarification as the topsoil is
				not proposed to be wrapped in geotextile.
				Crozier Response (January 2024)
				Acknowledged. All infiltration trenches have been removed
				and replace with storm sewer and an end of pipe
				stormwater management facility.
				<i>c</i> , <i>i</i> ,
				GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)
				Accepted, no further comment.
				GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)
				The post-development 2-year storm event does not appear
				to match pre-development flow rates. Please revise.
			April 20	
			2023,	Crozier Response (January 2024)
			February 9,	The stormwater management modelling has been revised
	Quantity	Functional	2024,	to incorporate the quantity controls within the proposed
10.	Control of	Servicing &	September	stormwater management facility. Based on the modelling
	Stormwater	Preliminary	27, 2024,	the post-development flows have been reduced to the pre-
		SWM Report	December	development flows for all storm events. Details of the
			13, 2024,	outlet control structure will be included during the detailed
			2025	design stage.
				CEL Commont (Entrupry 0, 2024)
				Get comment (reprudry 9, 2024)
				The design of the outlet control structure will impact
	1		1	volume of storage required. Please provide preliminary

				design of the structure or provide discussion on the volume of storage provided versus storage required.
				<u>Crozier Response (September 2024)</u> Detailed outlet control structure sizing has been completed and is included in Appendix D.
				<u>GEI Comment (September 2024)</u> Please indicate the size, location and elevation of the proposed orifice on the Servicing Plan. Based on Appendix D calculations, the proposed orifice size is to be 50 mm. Per Table 4.8 in the MOE SWMPD Manual, the minimum orifice size for a dry pond is 75 mm with a preferred diameter of 100 mm, as small orifices can be clogged easily. Please revise calculations to adhere to MECP criteria or describe how a 50 mm diameter orifice would be protected.
				At detailed design, please provide a detail for the outlet control structure.
				<u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u> Noted. Orifice size has been increased to a diameter of 75 mm. Additionally, a CSP guard has been proposed to minimize clogging of the orifice. Please see revised drawings for details.
				<u>GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)</u> The top of grate/lid elevation on Detail 3 on the Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East) does not appear to match the plan view on the drawing, or the Storage- Outflow Calculations Table in Appendix D. The outlet pipe in the detail does not match the plan view drawing.
				Additionally, the Emergency Overflow Detail shows a crest elevation of 314.25, whereas tables in the report and Appendix D state that the overflow weir elevation is at 313.90. It is also not clear on the Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East) where the emergency overflow weir is located.
				<u>Crozier Response (January 2025)</u> All elevations have been updated and are reflected accurately on report, drawings and calculations.
				<u>GEI Comment (January 31, 2025)</u> No further comment.
11.	External Areas	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	April 20, 2023	<u>GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)</u> Please confirm if the external catchments are to be conveyed through the site in the proposed development. In

		the Visual OTTHYMO (VO) model, the external catchments
		are added in at the end of the model while the report text
		it states that the catchments will drain through the site to
		Bronte Creek. If these areas are conveyed through the site,
		the stormwater management calculations (quality and
		quantity control) need to demonstrate that the proposed
		stormwater management system can handle the
		conveyance of the two external areas without surcharging
		the system.
		Crozier Response (January 2024)
		The VO model and Functional Servicing and Stormwater
		Management Report have been updated to discuss the
		external catchment flows in greater detail. All storm events
		from Catchment EX1 are directed to a low-lying depression
		area located in the eastern corner of the Old Morriston
		Baseball Diamond. An earth berm along the south and east
		property limits of the baseball diamond allows stormwater
		to pond within the park limits. If the storage limits are
		reached, stormwater will drain southwest between the Lot
		1 and Lot 2 towards the Bronte Creek tributary via sheet
		flow, consistent with predevelopment conditions. Note, a
		figure has been prepared and included in Appendix D of
		the revised report outlining this scenario. All storm events
		from Catchment EX2 are to be conveyed through the site
		by the proposed storm sewer infrastructure and internal
		roadway towards the proposed stormwater management
		facility, ultimately outletting to the Bronte Creek tributary.
		The stormwater modelling has been updated to reflect this
		scenario. Storm sewer design sheets will be completed at
		the detailed design stage to ensure the proposed storm
		sewer network can accept the additional external flows.
		GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)
		Based on the grades shown in the Site Grading Plan at the
		property line along external catchment EX1, stormwater
		ponding at the corner of this external catchment will flow
		onto the site and enter the proposed storm sewer network.
		Additionally, Ochs Street in external catchment EX2
		appears to be draining towards the existing Badenoch
		Street right-of-way rather than the proposed site. Please
		review and account for in stormwater management
		calculations.
		For clarity, add overland flow arrows to both external
		catchments in the drainage area plans (Figures 6 and 7).
		Crozier Response (September 2024)
		Acknowledged. The external catchment areas have been
		refined and are illustrated on Figures 6 and 7. SWM
	1	calculations have been updated accordingly. Overland flow

				arrows are also provided to demonstrate overland flow direction.
				<u>GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)</u> No further comment.
12.	Stormwater Model – Visual OTTHYMO	FSR – VO Schematics	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)Please replace the wording of the "Post-Development"schematic title to reflect a post-development uncontrolledscenario.Please replace the wording of the "Post-Development w/Mitigation" to be "Post Development Controlled". This willmake it consistent with Table 8 in the report and will makeultimate conditions clear.Crozier Response (January 2024)The Visual OTTHYMO and schematics has been updated toreflected Table 8.GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Accepted, no further comment.
13.	Fire Storage Tank	Servicing Plans	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)Please give representation to the location of the fire storage tank on the Servicing Plans.Crozier Response (January 2024)The location of the fire storage tank has been represented on the Site Servicing Plans (Figure 1).GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Accepted, no further comment.
14.	FSR Text	FSR	April 20, 2023	GEI Comment (April 20, 2023)Please review the text presented in Section 7.3 paragraphfour describing imperviousness.Crozier Response (January 2024)Section 7.3 has been reviewed and revised to account forthe removal of the infiltration trenches and theimplementation of the end of pipe stormwatermanagement facility.GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Accepted, no further comment.
15.	External Area Topography	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024	<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> The FSR states that, based on existing LiDAR contour mapping, runoff from external catchment EX1 ponds along

		existing berms and then drains southwest towards Bronte
		Cleek.
		Please show these existing contours and berms on the
		Engineering Plans to confirm that this flow route will be
		maintained. Additional topographic survey may be
		required on the adjacent lands.
		<u>Crozier Response (September 2024)</u>
		The existing contour mapping (LiDAR) has been added to
		the engineering drawing set to show the external runoff
		drainage conditions.
		GEI Comment (September 2024)
		The LIDAR mapping does not appear to show the berms.
		Please provide <b>topographic data</b> for the existing ball
		diamond area (EX1) to show the low-lying depression area
		where ponding reportedly currently occurs per the report,
		and the existing berms. Please demonstrate the conditions
		under which it can be expected that the existing storage
		limits will be exceeded, and stormwater will flow onto the
		subject lands. Please clearly show how these flows will be
		routed around the development, specifically lots 1 and 2,
		to the Bronte Creek outlet. Please demonstrate that flows
		from EX1 will not enter the proposed stormwater facility.
		As previously discussed, site visit photos may be helpful to
		show the extents of existing surface ponding in the park
		area under typical conditions.
		Crozier Response (November 2024)
		Refer to FIG 4 a proposed a swale within the drainage
		easement to control flows from EX1 and route between
		Lots 1 and 2 has been added
		We suggest that a topographic survey to be completed on
		the Morriston Ball Dark during the detailed design phase
		and not as part of Draft Dian Approval. We also note that
		and not as part of Draft Plan Approval. We also note that
		access to approval will be required by the Township prior
		to completion of any survey on adjacent lands. We have
		provided site photos of the park in Appendix H to
		demonstrate existing topography and drainage conditions.
		<u>GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)</u>
		The topographic survey should be completed at detailed
		design and the Grading Plans updated accordingly to
		clearly identify top of berm, bottom of berm and ponding
		limits. The Township has already granted access approval
		to the Ball Diamond and any other Township lands for
		surveying purposes.

				No further comment at this time.
16.	Drainage Easement	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024, and September 27, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Please confirm ownership of the small rectangular parcel in the south corner of catchment EX1. Please note that a drainage easement will be required between Lots 1 and 2 for the overland flow route from EX1 to the Bronte Creek tributary.Crozier Response (September 2024) Acknowledged.GEI Comment (September 27, 2024) Please indicate any required drainage easements on the engineering plans.Crozier Response (November 2024) Drainage easements have been identified on the drawings.GEI Comment (December 13, 2024) No further comment.
17.	Ponding at Catchbasin	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024, September 27, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)The Site Grading Plan shows that proposed catchbasin CB36 has a T/G elevation of 316.89, which is 1.5m lower thanthe adjacent curb elevation proposed. Considering theproximity of CB 36 to the property line, there is concernthat stormwater will pond onto the neighbouring propertyat catchment EX2.Please show that the storm sewer leaving CB 36 will havethe capacity to convey the flow generated by EX2 withponding contained to the subject property up to andincluding the 100yr storm event. Additional topographicsurvey may be required on the adjacent lands.Crozier Response (September 2024)CB 27 (formerly CB 36) and the receiving storm sewersystem have been designed to convey the 100-year stormevent. The sizing was complete utilizing Visual Otthymoand Flowmaster. Further details will be provided at detaileddesign.GEI Comment (September 2024)Per Puslinch development standards, storm sewers are tobe designed using the rational method and a storm sewerdesign sheet is to be provided to demonstrate that the100-year storm can be conveyed. The first reach of thestorm sewer in the cul-de-sac bulb should have a slope of

				at least 1%, currently it is shown as 0.5%. All other storm
				sewer should have a slope of at least 0.5%.
				As discussed with Crozier staff, additional topographic data
				may be required to show the 100-year storm event
				ponding limits at detailed design.
				<u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u>
				Sewers have been designed to convey the minor system (5-
				year event). Major storms are proposed to be conveyed via
				overland flow within the right-of-way and will spill into the
				pond at low point in the development.
				The first reach of storm sewer in the cul-de-sac bulb has
				been adjusted to 1%.
				<u>GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)</u>
				We note that one stretch of storm sewer (CBMH 11 –
				DCBMH 12) has a slope of 0.4%, which is lower than
				Township standards, however the flow velocity is within
				the allowable range per Township Standards.
				No. fourth an annual state
				No further comment.
				GEL Comment (February 9, 2024)
				The Badenoch Street right-of-way includes an existing
				sidewalk that should be continued into the proposed
				development. Sidewalk is required on one side of local
				residential streets per Township of Puslinch Municipal
		Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024	Development standards. Please indicate proposed sidewalk
				on the Engineering Plans, including Ochs Street.
18.	Proposed			
	Sidewalk			Crozier Response (September 2024)
				Acknowledged. The proposed sidewalk is indicated on the
				draft plan and engineering plans.
				CEL Comment (Sentember 27, 2024)
				<u>Ger comment</u> (September 27, 2024)
				GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)
				Please provide cross-sections for the proposed Ochs Street
				right-of-way, including proposed retaining walls and swales
				due to their close proximity to existing buildings.
	Ochs Street	Engineering	February Q	
19.	Cross-Section	Plans	2024	Crozier Response (September 2024)
	cross-section			Cross-sections of the proposed Ochs Street right-of-way
				have been prepared and can be referenced on Figure 5.
				GEL Comment (Sentember 27, 2024)
				Ger comment (September 27, 2024)
				No further comment.

20.	Well Setback	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)The well location shown in Lot 21 does not appear to meetthe 15m minimum setback from the septic bed in Lot 17.Additionally, OBC 8.2.1.6.A specifies a 5m setback fromstructures and 3m setback from property lines. Pleaserevise.Crozier Response (September 2024)Acknowledged. The well has been relocated.GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)No further comment.
21.	Conservation Regulation Limit	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024, and September 27, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)Please show the approximate regulation limit of Conservation Halton on the Engineering Plans.Crozier Response (September 2024) Conservation Halton regulation limits are available on their online portal. The Engineering Plans indicate the linework associated with the natural hazards only. Considering their regulation limits can change, we suggest leaving this information off of the engineered plans.GEI Comment (September 27, 2024) Engineering Plans should show all relevant property and regulatory limits. Please show the latest Conservation Halton regulation limit on the plans.Crozier Response (November 2024) Property and regulatory limits are shown on the revised engineering materials.GEI Comment (December 13, 2024) No further comment.
22.	Storm Parameters	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	February 9, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)The IDF curve parameters are outdated. Please revisestormwater quantity control calculations using the latestCity of Guelph Development Engineering Manual.Crozier Response (September 2024)Acknowledged. The updated Guelph IDF parameters havebeen used.GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)No further comment.

23.	Qualified Professional	Engineering Plans	February 9, 2024	<u>GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)</u> All reports and drawings are to be signed and sealed by a qualified professional for future submissions. <u>Crozier Response (September 2024)</u> Acknowledged. <u>GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)</u> No further comment
24.	Internal Road Geometry Figure	Traffic Impact Study	February 9, 2024	GEI Comment (February 9, 2024)         Section 10 of the TIS needs to be revised using the         Township of Puslinch 20m wide urban road cross-section.         Additionally, the TIS states that the proposed right-of-way         is 18m wide. Please revise to 20m to be consistent with the         engineering reports and drawings.         Crozier Response (September 2024)         Report has been updated to reflect the proposed 20 metre         right-of way for Street A.         GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)         No further comment.
25.	Proposed Streets	Draft Plan	September 27,2024	GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)The Draft Plan in previous submissions showed twoproposed streets while the latest submission shows onlyone proposed street. Why has Street B been removed?How will emergency access be provided to the subdivisionif Street A is blocked? The Township Public Worksdepartment should be consulted regarding the feasibility ofa cul-de-sac of this length.The Catchment 201 and 202 paragraphs of Section 6.2 ofthe FSSWM report still refer to Street B and may need to beupdated.Crozier Comment (November 2024)The cul-de-sac and public road has been designedaccording to Town standards. Town fire reviewed the draftplan and did not advise of any concerns.GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)We note that a second fire water storage tank has beenadded to the Preliminary Site Servicing Plans per TownshipFire Service requirements. No further comment.

				GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)
				The following inconsistencies should be corrected in future
				submissions:
				1. Third paragraph of page 1 refers to first and second
				submissions but should refer to second and third
				submissions respectively in this case.
				2. The volume in Table 1 should be 2160 m <sup>3</sup> per the
				appendix and not 5400 m <sup>3</sup> .
				3. Per the appendix, the additional flow area – floor area
				in Table 2 should be 1800 L/day, for a total flow per
				unit of 3800 L/day. The flow per day should also be
				updated in the following paragraph.
				4. Table 3 should be updated per the appendix. Using a
				flow per day of 3800 L/day, a minimum stone area of
				76 m <sup>2</sup> is calculated in the appendix, rather than 72 m <sup>2</sup> .
				As 72 m <sup>2</sup> is the reported provided amount, this will
				need to be increased slightly. Likewise, the minimum
				sand area calculated in the appendix is 190 m <sup>2</sup> . The
				provided sand area is shown as 368 m <sup>2</sup> on drawings
	Inconsistenci es	Functional		but reported as 352 m <sup>2</sup> in the appendix.
				5. There are inconsistencies between the catchment
				names used in Tables 6 and 7, the model and drainage
				plans, i.e. catchments 101A and 101B modelled as
			September	catchments 101 and 103, EX3 and EX4 not included on
26.		Preliminary	27, 2024	the pre-development plan, labelling for EX catchments
		SWM Report		are different in the model. Can these names be made
				More consistent?
				from EV3 is also included
				7 In Table 9 the total contributing area to the dry pond
				should also include the areas of EX2 and EX3. The
				labelling of this table needs to be clearer – the
				required volume of 384 m <sup>3</sup> calculated is based on a
				$\alpha$ and $\alpha$ a
				detention requirement of $40 \text{ m}^3/\text{ha}$ Likewise it should
				be clearer what the provided volume of 462 m <sup>3</sup>
				represents.
				8. In Table 11 it states that the required storage is 93 m <sup>3</sup> .
				whereas the appendix seems to differ.
				9. Please confirm that the infiltration target in bullet 5 of
				the Stormwater Management section on page 15
				matches the appendix.
				10. The top of grade elevations for HW1 and HW2 on the
				Servicing Plan do not match the grading plan.
				11. Some of the labels for the areas of the Type A
				dispersion beds on the drawings do not match the
				calculations and information provided in the report
				appendix.

				<ul> <li><u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u></li> <li>Acknowledged.</li> <li>Acknowledged,</li> <li>Noted. Report and appendix have been updated to be accurate.</li> <li>Noted. Report and appendix have been updated to be accurate.</li> <li>Noted. Report and appendix have been updated for consistency.</li> <li>Noted. Report and appendix have been updated to include EX2 and EX3 and report updated accordingly.</li> <li>Noted. Table 11 has been updated.</li> <li>Infiltration target has been confirmed.</li> <li>Grade elevations have been updated for consistency.</li> </ul>
				No further comment.
27.	Flow Directions	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	September 27, 2024	<ul> <li><u>GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)</u></li> <li>1. The Catchment EX4 paragraph of Section 6.2 describes post-development flows from this catchment being conveyed via proposed storm sewer infrastructure and internal roadway within the Ochs Street extension to existing storm sewer on Badenoch Street. There does not appear to be proposed storm sewer on Ochs Street within EX4, and flows are directed towards Badenoch Street via the roadway.</li> <li>2. The second last paragraph of page 7 states that 100-year flows from catchment 201 are conveyed to the SWM facility. Catchments EX2 and EX3 are also conveyed to the SWM facility.</li> <li>3. The EX4 row of Table 5 states the outlet for these flows is the Bronte Creek Tributary. Is this true for flows conveyed to Badenoch Street?</li> <li>4. Bullet 2 of the Stormwater Management section on page 15 should reference that EX3 is also conveyed to the SWM facility.</li> <li>2. Crozier Response (November 2024)</li> <li>1. Section 6.2 has been updated accordingly.</li> <li>2. Noted.</li> <li>3. Flows from EX4 will be conveyed to Badenoch Street. Table 5 has been updated accordingly.</li> <li>4. Noted.</li> </ul>

				GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)
				No further comment.
				GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)
				For future submissions can model outputs for all storms
				including the 25 mm storm be provided? The pre-
				development peak flows for the 50- and 100-year storms
				and uncontrolled post-development peak flows for the 10-
				to-100-year storms appear to be less than for the regional
				events. It would be useful to review the model outputs to
				see why this is the case.
				The regional storm controlled post-development peak flow
		Functional		is greater than the pre-development peak flow. Can this be
28.	Model	Servicing &	September	addressed briefly in terms of impacts to the downstream
	Outputs	SWM Report	27, 2024	receiver, and how stormwater control measures being
		Swinneport		taken will help mitigate the impacts.
				<u>Crozier Response (November 2024)</u>
				Model output files have been provided for all storm events.
				An emergency overflow spillway has been proposed to
				convey the regional event to the Bronte Creek tributary.
				GEL Comment (December 13, 2024)
				No further comment.
				CEL Comment (Contombor 27, 2024)
				GET Comment (September 27, 2024)
				system sizing calculations in Appendix B, whereas the
				report states that a value of 30min /cm was to be used. At
	Percolation Time	Functional		detailed design, please use a value justified in the report.
29.		Servicing &	September	
		SWM Report	27,2024	Crozier Response (November 2024)
		Swinneport		Noted. Material has been updated to be consistent.
				GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)
				No further comment.
				GEI Comment (September 27, 2024)
				At detailed design, it may be helpful to label construction
				north on the drawing set as the report refers to directions
				on the subject lands that aren't necessarily accurate.
30.	Construction North	Drawing Set	September	<u>Crozier Comment (November 2024)</u>
		Stawing Jet	27,2024	Noted.
				GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)
				No further comment.

				GEI Comment (December 13, 2024)
31.	Values in Tables	Functional Servicing & Preliminary SWM Report	December 13, 2024 and January 31, 2025	<ul> <li>The following inconsistencies/errors should be reviewed: <ol> <li>In Table 6, the area of EX1 is shown as 5.22 ha but elsewhere it is shown as 5.17 ha.</li> <li>The percent imperviousness of EX2 (predevelopment) is modelled as 36.9%, but Table 6 and the figures show 37.2% imperviousness.</li> <li>All pre-development peak flow rates in Table 8 do not appear to match the model outputs.</li> <li>The required storage for the regional high water level should be updated from 1127 m<sup>3</sup> to 1149 m<sup>3</sup> in Table 10.</li> </ol> </li> <li><u>Crozier Response (January 2025)</u></li> <li>All mistakes/inconsistencies have been fixed.</li> <li><u>GEI Comment (January 31, 2025)</u></li> <li>Acknowledged. No further comment.</li> </ul>

If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

GEI Consultants Canada Ltd.



Parth Lad, E.I.T. Technical Specialist

Andrea Reed, P.Eng. Project Engineer



Project: 24001.001

January 31, 2025

Township of Puslinch 7404 Wellington Road 34 Puslinch, Ontario NOB 2J0

Attention:Lynne BanksDevelopment and Legislative Coordinator

RE: Hydrogeological Review Comments - 5th Submission WDD Main Street Inc. - 11 Main Street, Morriston (Puslinch), Ontario Proposed Residential Subdivision Zoning By-law Amendment / Draft Plan of Subdivision Application

Wellington Hydrogeology Ltd. is pleased to provide hydrogeological comments on the above-noted submission for 11 Main Street (Lot 31, Concession 8) in the hamlet of Morriston, Township of Puslinch, Ontario (the site).

The following previous hydrogeological review comments were provided:

- Harden Environmental Services Ltd., dated April 13, 2023 (1<sup>st</sup> Submission).
- Harden Environmental Services Ltd., dated February 2, 2024 (2<sup>nd</sup> Submission).
- Wellington Hydrogeology Ltd., dated September 20, 2024 (3<sup>rd</sup> Submission).
- Wellington Hydrogeology Ltd., dated December 13, 2024 (4<sup>th</sup> Submission).

Revised hydrogeological review comments are provided herein based on the 5<sup>th</sup> submission responses and documents.



### **Documents Reviewed**

We reviewed the following documents in preparation of these hydrogeological comments:

- C.F. Crozier & Associates Inc. (Crozier). 2024. Functional Servicing & Preliminary Stormwater Management Report, 11 Main Street, Estate Residential Development, Township of Puslinch, County of Wellington. CFCA File No. 2366-6537, dated December 2024 (Rev. 4).
- Englobe Corp. (Englobe). 2024a. Hydrogeological Assessment, 11 Main Street, Puslinch, ON. Project No. T1220482.003, dated August 28, 2024, signed by Paul L. Raepple, P.Geo. and R. Baker Wohayeb, P.Eng.
- Englobe Corp. (Englobe). 2024b. Addendum to Hydrogeological Investigation, Results of O. Reg. 169/03 Schedule 2 Sampling, Proposed Residential Development – 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project T1220482.003, dated December 2, 2024.
- Englobe. 2024c. Results of Test Well Drilling and Aquifer Testing, Proposed Residential Subdivision – 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project T1220482.003, dated November 19, 2024.
- Englobe. 2024d. Additional Dwelling Units and Home Based Businesses, Proposed Residential Subdivision – 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project T1220482.003, dated November 19, 2024.
- Englobe. 2024e. Response to Wellington Hydrogeology Comments, Proposed Residential Development – 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project T1220482.004, dated December 20, 2024, signed by Paul L. Raepple, P.Geo.
- Englobe. 2024f. Additional Dwelling Units and Home-Based Businesses, Groundwater and Surface Water Impacts with Sewage Disposal, Proposed Residential Subdivision – 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project T1220482.004, dated December 20, 2024, signed by Paul L. Raepple, P.Geo. (attachment within Englobe, 2024e letter).
- MECP Regulation 903 Well Records for Test Well 1 (MECP Well Tag Number A321825), Test Well 2 (MECP Well Tag Number A399867) and Test Well 3 (MECP Well Tag Number A321827).



- 9. Niagara Soil Solutions Ltd. 2022. Phase One Environmental Site Assessment, Vacant Lot, Northside Hwy 6, Morriston, ON. NSSL File No. NS2212-01, dated March 2022, signed by John Monkman, P.Eng. and Jodie Glasier, EP.
- Niagara Soil Solutions Ltd. 2024. Phase One Environmental Site Assessment-rev, Vacant Lot, Northside Hwy 6, Morriston, ON. NSSL File No. 2212-01, dated August 2024, signed by Jodie Glasier, EP and Philip Adene, P.Geo.
- Terraprobe Inc. (Terraprobe). 2023a. Hydrogeological Assessment, Proposed Residential Development, 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. File No. 1-22-0482-46, dated February 23, 2023, signed by Alaa Alborno, EIT and Narjes Alijani, P.Geo.
- Terraprobe. 2023b. Addendum Hydrogeological Assessment, Proposed Residential Development, 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. Project No. A1220482.002, dated December 21, 2023, signed by Paul L. Raepple, P.Geo.
- Terraprobe. 2023c. Nitrate Loading Impact Assessment, Proposed Residential Development, 11 Main Street, Puslinch, Ontario. File No. T1220482.0020, dated February 23, 2023, signed by Alaa Alborno, B.Eng., EIT and Narjes Alijani, M.Sc., P.Geo.

### **Background – Site and Proposed Development**

Based on our review, we understand that:

- The site is an irregularly shaped parcel with a total area of 23.1 ha (57.1 acres).
- Surrounding properties include residential subdivision developments to the north and west, vacant lands (wooded lots) to the south and agricultural/residential property to the east.
- The proposed subdivision on the site includes 21 single detached dwellings with lot sizes from 0.197 to 0.382 ha and one level of basement for each dwelling.
- The development will be serviced with individual private supply wells and septic systems.
- A stormwater management block will manage runoff from the site.

### Hydrogeological Comments – Priority (Water Supply)

**Total Coliforms in New Supply Wells:** Water quality results from the three test wells indicated the presence of total coliforms within two of the test wells. The ODWS Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) for total coliforms is 0. Englobe (2024e) indicated that TW1 (BH2) was not chlorinated prior to testing, and that TW2 (BH1) was chlorinated but that the disinfection



procedures were inadequate or that contamination occurred with installation of the test pump, resulting in total coliform detections.

If these wells are to be used for water supply the proponent must demonstrate that they meet ODWS MAC. Well disinfection is required in accordance with R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 903 (the "Wells Regulation"), including shock chlorination, thorough flushing of the well to remove free chlorine residual (using appropriate test methods) and resampling for bacterial parameters. Refer to the Wells Regulation for detailed methods. [Note: This can be deferred to the detailed design stage if necessary.]

**ODWS Water Quality Parameters:** The water quality results exceeded the ODWS aesthetic objectives and operational guidelines for hardness, total dissolved solids (TDS), total iron, total manganese and colour. Nitrates were present at levels up to 1.88 mg/L, but were below the ODWS MAC of 10 mg/L. Elevated chloride was present at levels up to 193 mg/L (below the ODWS aesthetic objective of 250 mg/L), with sodium levels of up to 90.2 mg/L (below the ODWS aesthetic objective of 250 mg/L but exceeding the Medical Officer of Health Reporting Limit of 20 mg/L). The extended O. Reg. 169/03 Schedule 2 results for TW3 (BH4), including the additional analysis for microcystins, did not exceed the regulation limits.

The elevated hardness, TDS, iron and manganese are common, and generally naturally occurring, in groundwater in Puslinch and southwestern Ontario. The elevated nitrate and chloride levels, as well as some other chemical parameters in the extended analysis (e.g., naphthalene, phenol, o-cresol, m&p-cresol, barium), were below regulation limits but suggest anthropogenic impacts (e.g., from septic systems and road salt application) to the upper bedrock aquifer from existing upgradient development.

No further clarification is requested.

**Upper vs. Lower Bedrock Aquifers:** The hydrostratigraphy of the site includes overburden sediments, the upper bedrock aquifer (Guelph Formation) and the lower bedrock aquifer (Gasport Formation). Local supply wells typically source water from the Guelph Formation, but some wells obtain water from the lower Gasport Formation. Given the identification of nitrates, chloride and other anthropogenic contaminants within the upper bedrock aquifer (Guelph Formation), a competent aquitard may not be present between the overburden and the upper bedrock aquifer, and the Guelph Formation is not interpreted to be protected by isolation at the site.

The table below summarizes the water quality results for wells installed in the overburden, upper bedrock and surface water from Englobe (2024a, 2024c). Note that the concentrations of nitrate,

WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY

chloride and sodium are elevated in the test wells on the site and upgradient private wells, both installed within the upper bedrock aquifer (Guelph Formation).

Parameter	ODWS	Moni (Over	toring burde	Wells n)		Test Wells (Upper Bedrock)		Private Wells (Upper Bedrock, upgradient)				
		BH1	BH2	BH3	BH6	BH2	BH1	BH4	RWx	RWx	RWx	RWx
Nitrate	10.0	0.37	1.54	6.10	1.66	1.74- 1.88	0.88- 0.94	0.72- 0.79	2.75- 3.02	0.79- 1.01	2.86- 3.11	3.14- 3.43
Chloride	250	34.4	17.3	202	4.70	190- 193	171- 175	105- 108	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sodium	200 / 20	12.2	10.4	117	3.99	86.8- 90.2	77.1- 78	45.5- 47.8	73.1- 73.4	56.1- 59.3	72.7- 73.2	77.7- 78.1

Table 1 · Summar	of Engloba	Wator Qualit	
Table 1: Summar	y of Englobe	water Quant	y Results

Note: All concentrations are in mg/L.

Terraprobe (2023c) estimated nitrate concentrations downgradient of each lot boundary up to 10.34 mg/L with tertiary treatment (20 mg/L in effluent) and up to 8.19 mg/L with advanced tertiary treatment (15 mg/L nitrate in effluent). These concentrations are estimated for the saturated overburden soils; concentrations in the upper bedrock aquifer may also increase without isolation. Depending on the degree of hydraulic connection between the overburden and the upper bedrock aquifer, nitrate concentrations in the upper bedrock aquifer could approach levels similar to those predicted in shallow groundwater.

Englobe (2024e) recommended "utilizing the lower bedrock aquifer for potable water supply be considered on a lot-by-lot basis, during well drilling, where sufficient low permeable soils are not identified overlying the lower bedrock aquifer." Englobe further suggests that "where low permeable overburden deposits (hydraulic conductivity less than 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/sec) are identified with a thickness of less than 10 m that the well casing be extended through the upper bedrock aquifer, and at least 1.5 m into the lower bedrock aquifer to mitigate potential water quality impacts to the potable supply well for the subject lot. [This recommendation] was taken from Section 22.5.24 of the MECP Guidelines for Sewage Works, as rationale for low permeable environments and geological isolation of underlying aquifer systems relating to groundwater impacts from sewage disposal systems."

The thickness of the clay unit, providing an aquitard over the upper bedrock aquifer, is variable across the site. The test well records show variability in clay thickness overlying the upper limestone bedrock, as summarized below:



- TW1: Sand and gravel to gravel 0.3-9.8 mbgs; clay with gravel 9.8-13.1 (3.3 m); clay 13.1-22.9 mbgs (9.8 m); limestone at 22.9 mbgs.
- TW2: sand to gravel 0.0-10.7 mbgs (10.7 m); clay 10.7-14.0 mbgs (3.3 m); gravel with sand 14.0-18.9 mbgs (4.9 m); limestone at 18.9 mbgs.
- TW3: Sand to sand and gravel 0.3-12.8 mbgs; clay 12.8-26.2 mbgs (13.4 m); clay with gravel 26.2-27.1 mbgs (0.9 m); gravel 27.1-28.0 mbgs (0.9 m); limestone at 28.0 mbgs.

The well logs for TW1 and TW3 show a >10m clay unit present overlying the bedrock aquifer, but the well log for TW2 shows a clay unit only 3.3 m thick. Based on Englobe's recommendation for the 10 m thickness of low permeability overburden, TW2 and other wells less than 10 m of aquitard is identified above the bedrock would need to be drilled deeper into the lower bedrock aquitard (Gasport Formation).

We agree that this approach may be protective of water quality on an individual lot basis. This approach would need to be implemented for the remaining wells servicing individual lots (i.e., drillers would need to understand and adhere to this approach). If the Township is unable to implement this approach, drilling deeper into the lower bedrock aquifer by default is recommended as an alternative.

Please note that wells installed in the lower bedrock must be cased and sealed into the lower unit; multiaquifer wells (i.e., wells that are constructed with a screen or open hole extending through both the upper and lower bedrock aquifers) are not permitted. We are currently working on a wells standard which may be implemented by the Township/County in future, including requirements and/or best practices for well installations into the lower aquifer.

**Septic Systems and Additional Dwelling Units:** The nitrate impact assessment completed by Terraprobe (2023c) assumed a daily sewage flow of 1,000 L/day per lot. Englobe (2024f) indicated that lots 1 and 12 will use standard treatment (20 mg/L nitrate) and the remaining lots will use advanced tertiary treatment (15 mg/L nitrate). Englobe suggested that additional dwelling units (ADUs) may be subject to building code approvals which would consider the capacity of the existing septic system to handle additional sewage. Englobe also suggested that information be provided to lot purchasers with "operational guidelines and maintenance for septic systems indicating proper use and disposal, including what should not be disposed of through the septic system" (e.g., pharmaceuticals, chemicals, salt, etc.) – this would either be provided by the developer, the Township, or source protection policies.

We recommend that the Township include the septic maintenance requirements as a condition on the draft plan of subdivision.



We further request clarification from the proponent on which lots will receive standard tertiary treatment (20 mg/L nitrate) and which lots will receive advanced tertiary treatment (15 mg/L nitrate), as Terraprobe (2023c) indicated that lots 1 and 7 would receive the 20 mg/L level treatment and Englobe (2024f) indicated it would be lots 1 and 12 receiving the 20 mg/L treatment. If there is uncertainty, having all lots receive the advanced treatment (15 mg/L nitrate) is recommended as the default to be protective of water quality.

The remaining hydrogeological comments are to be addressed at the detailed design stage (comments unchanged from previous submission; provided again for reference).



### Hydrogeological Comments – Detailed Design Stage

**Topography and drainage:** Section 3.1 of the Hydrogeological Assessment report indicates that "topography of the site is sloping downwards in a northwest direction. As such, it is anticipated that generated runoff (if not managed) will flow in a northwesterly direction." This interpretation is incorrect based on the Topography Map (Figure 5).

Please revise/clarify (at the detailed design submission stage).

**High groundwater table:** Groundwater monitoring was completed within the four onsite monitoring wells between August 24 and September 19, 2022. Additional groundwater monitoring was completed on July 18 and August 6, 2024. The highest groundwater elevation measured to date was 312.86 masl at BH3 on July 18, 2024. In the absence of spring freshet monitoring data, the project hydrogeologist interprets the July 2024 measurements as representative of the seasonal high groundwater table due to significant precipitation events preceding the July measurements.

The proponent should complete monthly groundwater level monitoring for at least 12 consecutive months, including the spring freshet, prior to detailed design submission. The design elevations of building foundations, septic leaching beds, SWM facilities and LIDs (e.g., infiltration facilities) must be evaluated in relation to the high water table (required at the detailed design submission stage).

**Groundwater contribution to Bronte Creek:** Terraprobe (2023a) indicated that further field investigations would be completed to assess the presence of groundwater seepage during seasonal high groundwater conditions. Englobe (2024) did not include details of groundwater seepage or vertical gradients within the updated report.

We recommend the installation of shallow piezometers to monitor baseline conditions and vertical gradients within Bronte Creek on the site, with monitoring completed at the same frequency to groundwater level monitoring on the site (i.e., monthly for at least one year, including the spring groundwater high) (required at the detailed design submission stage).

**Groundwater flow direction:** Englobe interpreted that a shallow groundwater flow divide was present with the highest groundwater elevation at BH3, with groundwater flow to both the west (toward Bronte Creek) and to the east (toward the tributary of Bronte Creek and associated wetlands). Englobe also noted that residential properties to the north were considered upgradient, suggesting local flow to the south (toward the site) toward surface water features.

We generally concur with this assessment of shallow groundwater flow. On a regional scale, deeper groundwater flow is typically to the south-southeast within Puslinch in the general vicinity of the site – it is recommended that the project hydrogeologist confirm and interpret deeper/regional groundwater flow as well (at the detailed design submission stage).

**Shallow groundwater quality:** Groundwater quality samples were collected in 2022 from three shallow monitoring wells on the site as part of the nitrate impact assessment report, which were analyzed for nitrate, nitrite, phosphorus, ammonia/ammonium, and pH. Additional analysis was requested to characterize the shallow groundwater quality, including general chemistry, metals and nutrients, with comparison to the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (ODWS).

Englobe collected additional groundwater quality samples from all four monitoring wells on August 6, 2024 for general groundwater chemistry characterization analysis including nutrients, dissolved metals and inorganic parameters, with the results compared to the ODWS. The results showed elevated hardness in all monitoring wells. The sample from BH3 also had elevated total dissolved solids (TDS), sodium, chloride and nitrate relative to the samples from other wells.

Can the project hydrogeologist provide an explanation for the elevated TDS, sodium, chloride and nitrate at BH3? (at the detailed design submission stage)

**Surface water quality:** Englobe collected a surface water quality sample from Bronte Creek on August 6, 2024, with the results compared to the ODWS. The surface water sample contained elevated concentrations of chloride, sodium, manganese, iron, hardness, TDS, turbidity and colour. The results are indicative of impacts from road deicing salt. We recommend that the surface water quality results also be compared to the Provincial Water Quality Objectives (at the detailed design submission stage) as they are more applicable for evaluating surface water quality.

**Bronte Creek impact assessment:** Englobe (2024) evaluated the impact of phosphorus and nitrate loading to Bronte Creek. Nitrate concentrations were quantified using a mass balance calculation and are expected to be below the CWQG limit of 2.93 mg/L. Impacts from total phosphorus were not quantified but were not expected to have significant impacts to surface water.

We recommend that the project hydrogeologist quantify the predicted phosphorus concentration at the surface water feature (e.g., using the Robertson attenuation method, dilution or equivalent) (at the detailed design submission stage).

**Groundwater recharge facilities:** The soakaway pits were designed by Crozier (December 2023) based on the hydraulic conductivity estimates determined by Terraprobe (2023). The infiltration estimates should be confirmed with soil infiltration testing at representative locations and



appropriate depths based on the proposed septic beds and soakaway pits. Infiltration testing will confirm soil conditions and field saturated hydraulic conductivity/infiltration rates. The proposed depths/elevations of subsurface infiltration structures must also be evaluated alongside the annual high groundwater table elevation across the site (required at the detailed design submission stage).

**Construction dewatering:** The project hydrogeologist must consider the high groundwater table in the assessment of construction dewatering requirements. If groundwater dewatering is required, management of discharge water quantity and quality must be discussed (required at the detailed design submission stage).

**Phase One ESA:** The Phase One Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) completed by Niagara Soils Solutions Ltd. (March 2022) was updated (August 2024) and the previous recommendation for a Phase Two ESA was changed. The previously identified Areas of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC) related to off-site Potentially Contaminating Activities (PCA) related to metal fabrication and commercial autobody shops was changed to remove the on-site APEC as the off-site welding activities were more than 30 m from the property boundary therefore not interpreted as an APEC. A Phase Two ESA is no longer recommended.

**Excess soil management:** Any import/export of fill/soil from the site must be conducted in accordance with O. Reg. 406/19: On-Site and Excess Soil Management, the Rules for Soil Management and Excess Soil Quality Standards (Soil Rules) and O. Reg. 153/04, as amended.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these comments. Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

#### WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY LTD.



Angela Mason, M.Sc., P.Geo., QP<sub>ESA</sub> Senior Hydrogeologist and CEO Cell: 519-831-9696 Email: <u>amason@wellingtonhydrogeology.com</u>

## ZONING BY-LAW AMENDMENT to By-law 023/18

for

WDD Main Street Inc. 11 Main Street, Puslinch

Township Rezoning Application D14/\_\_\_\_

### THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH

#### BY-LAW NUMBER

#### A BY-LAW TO AMEND BY-LAW NUMBER 023/18, AS AMENDED, BEING THE ZONING BY-LAW OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH

**WHEREAS**, the Council of the Corporation of the Township of Puslinch deem it appropriate and in the public interest to amend By-Law Number 023/18 pursuant to Sections 34 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990 as amended;

# NOW THEREFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

 That Schedule "A" of By-law 023/18 is hereby amended by rezoning lands legally known as PT LOT 31, CONCESSION 8, TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH, AS IN RO722846 & MS8894; LOTS 7 & 8, PLAN 135, DONALD MCEDWARDS PORTION, NORTH OF QUEEN ST, SAVE AND EXCEPT MS53965; S/T THE RIGHTS OF OWNERS OF ADJOINING PARCELS, IF ANY, UNDER IS13908 & ROS585925; TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH, within the Township of Puslinch, and municipally referred to as 11 Main Street, from Urban Residential (UR), Future Development 2 (FD2) and Natural Environment (NE) zone to Urban Residential Site-Specific Special Provisions XX (UR-XX) ZONE, Urban Residential Site-Specific Special Provisions YY (UR-YY) ZONE and Natural Environmental (NE) ZONE with an "Environmental Protection (EP)" overlay as shown on Schedule "A" of this By-law.

2.	That Section 14 Site-Spec	ific Specia	I Provisions	is	amended	by	adding	the	following	site-
	specific provision:					-	-		-	

No.	Zone Designation	Permitted Uses	Prohibited Uses	Site Specific Special Provision
1	Urban Residential (UR- XX)	Single Detached Dwellings Additional Residential Unit (Attached Detached) Home Business and Private Home Daycare	N/A	Minimum Required Lot Area = 0.19 ha
2	Urban Residential (UR- YY)	Stormwater Management Facilities	N/A	Minimum Required Lot Area = 0.3 ha

- 3. That the subject land as shown on Schedule "A" to this By-Law shall be subject to all applicable regulations of Zoning By-Law 023/18, as amended.
- 4. This By-law shall become effective from the date of passage by Council and come into force in accordance with the requirements of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, as amended.
| READ A FIRST AND SECOND TIME THIS | OF    | , 20 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------|
| MAYOR                             | CLERK |      |
| READ A THIRD TIME AND PASSED THIS | OF    | 20   |
| MAYOR                             | CLERK |      |

# THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH

### EXPLANATION OF BY-LAW NO.

By-law Number \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ amends the Township of Puslinch Zoning By-law 23/18 by rezoning PT LOT 31, CONCESSION 8, TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH, AS IN RO722846 & MS88941; LOTS 7 & 8, PLAN 135, DONALD MCEDWARDS PORTION, NORTH OF QUEEN ST, SAVE AND EXCEPT MS53965; S/T THE RIGHTS OF OWNERS OF ADJOINING PARCELS, IF ANY, UNDER IS13908 & ROS585925; TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH, within the Township of Puslinch, and municipally referred to as 11 Main Street from *Urban Residential (UR), Future Development 2 (FD2) and Natural Environment (NE)* zone to *Urban Residential Site-Specific Special Provisions XX (UR-XX)* zone, Urban Residential (UR-YY) zone and *Natural Environmental (NE) zone* with *Environmental Protection (EP) overlay* to permit a 21-lot residential subdivision and conserve the natural features.

The subject property is approximately 23.48 hectares (58.03 acres) in size and is currently vacant.

Within the County's Official Plan, the subject lands are designated as "Residential", "Greenlands" and "Core Greenlands" lands. The Residential designation permits a variety of housing types.





WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

**Comment Response Matrix** 

11 Main Street, Township of Puslinch

Weston File: 10779

January, 2025



WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

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4.	Ministry of Transportation	17



### **1. NPG PLANNING SOLUTIONS**

WESTON CONSULTING

Jesse Auspitz - jauspitz@npgsolutions.ca – December 13, 2024

Comment	Consultant	Response
NPG Planning Solutions Inc. (NPG) has been retained to provide comments regarding a Zoning By-law Amendment Application and a Draft Plan of Subdivision Application proposing a residential subdivision consisting of 21 detached dwelling lots, environmental protection lands, a stormwater management pond and a municipal road. The Subject Lands are approximately 23.10 hectares in size and have frontage along Highway 6, Main St and Ochs St. The Subject Lands are currently vacant and are in proximity to residential uses to the north and west, and agricultural and natural lands to the east and south. This is the fourth submission for this application.	Weston Consulting	Information only.
NPG has reviewed the following items:		
<ul> <li>Draft Plan of Subdivisions prepared by Weston Consulting, dated September 3, 2024;</li> <li>Draft Zoning By-law Amendment prepared by Weston Consulting;</li> <li>Planning Justification Report Addendum Letter prepared by Weston Consulting dated November 20,2024;</li> <li>Environmental Impact Study Addendum Letter prepared by Colville, dated November 14,2024;</li> <li>Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater Management Report prepared Colville dated September 2024;</li> <li>Servicing Review Letter for additional Residential Units and Home- Based Businesses prepared by Crozier, dated November 15, 2024;</li> </ul>		

WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

1. NPG PLANNING SOLUTIONS		
Jesse Auspitz - jauspitz@npgsolutions.ca – December 13, 2024		
<ul> <li>Traffic Review Letter for Additional Residential Units and Home- Based Businesses prepared by GHD, dated November 13, 2024;</li> <li>Hydrogeological Letter for Additional Residential Units and Home- based Businesses prepared by Englobe, dated November 19,2024;</li> <li>Comment-Response Matrix prepared by Weston Consulting, dated November 2024.</li> </ul>		
Comments for Complete Application:	Weston Consulting	Information only.
<ol> <li>We have no issues with the Township deeming the Zoning By-law Amendment Application complete subject to the Township's Engineering and Hydrogeological Consultant confirming that sufficient information has been provided to make a determination as to whether the site conditions are suitable for the long-term provision of individual on-site sewage services and individual on-site water services without negative impacts.</li> </ol>		
Preliminary Comments on Application	Weston Consulting	The ZBA has been updated accordingly to restrict the usage of the stormwater
<ol> <li>As previously noted, the Zoning By-law should address the exclusion of uses on the proposed stormwater management pond block. The revised Zoning By-law does not include any language addressing this matter.</li> </ol>	Consulting	management pond block. The only permitted use includes stormwater management facilities.
3. The Schedule submitted by the Applicant should be revised to make the Environmental Protection Zone Overlay more visible since the overlay hatching is not legible.	Weston Consulting	The Schedule has been revised for legibility.

WESTON CONSULTING



WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

### **1. NPG PLANNING SOLUTIONS**

Jesse Auspitz - ja	ispitz@npgsolutions.ca – December 13, 2024		
4. Conservation features plu and be conv Amendment part of the 3 Zone (NE) a as a site-spe appropriate the application	h Halton recommends their regulated area (wetland the 30-m regulatory setback) be zoned appropriately eyed to public ownership. The current Zoning By-law Application proposes to zone the wetland features and 0-metre regulatory setback as Natural Environment nd the remaining part of the 30-metre regulatory setback ecific Urban Residential Zone (UR(spXX)). The zones and their extent will need to be reviewed through on process.	Weston Consulting	The Environmental Impact Study has provided details related to enhancements in areas where a greater buffer is provided, to compensate for those areas with a reduced setback for the proposed lot lines. Please note, only lot lines are proposed within the buffer.

WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

2. GEI CONSULTANTS Parth Lad, Andrea Reed – December 13, 2024			
Dear Ms. Banks:	-	Information Only.	
Following our review of fourth submission documents for Zoning By-Law Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision Application received on November 22, 2024, we are providing comments related to the proposed residential subdivision on the subject lands located at 11 Main Street in the Township of Puslinch. The Draft Plan of Subdivision submitted identifies twenty-one (21) residential lots. Twenty (20) of the lots front a proposed right-of-way, connected to an extension of Ochs Street, while one (1) lot fronts Main Street.			
The third submission was received on September 5, 2024, with review comments provided on September 27, 2024.			
The following fourth submission documents were received and reviewed:			
<ul> <li>Fourth Submission Cover Letter, prepared by Weston Consulting, dated November 20, 2024.</li> <li>Comments Response Matrix, prepared by Weston Consulting, dated November 2024.</li> <li>Draft Plan of Subdivision, prepared by Weston Consulting, dated September 9, 2024.</li> <li>Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater Management Report, prepared by Crozier Consulting, dated November 2024.</li> <li>Engineering Plans (Rev. 3), prepared by Crozier Consulting, dated November 15, 2024, including: <ul> <li>Fig. 1 - Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East)</li> <li>Fig. 2 - Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (West)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

WESTON CONSULTING

WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

2. GEI CONSULTANTS			
Parth Lad, Andrea Reed – December 13, 2024			
<ul> <li>Fig. 3 - Site Grading Plan (East)</li> <li>Fig. 4 - Site Grading Plan (West)</li> <li>Fig. 5 - External Grading Plan (Ochs Street)</li> <li>Fig. 6 - Pre-Development Drainage Plan</li> <li>Fig. 7 - Post-Development Drainage Plan</li> </ul>			
Please provide a detail for the infiltration facility to show frost cover depth, groundwater separation, inlet and outlet elevations. If using a 1.0 m storage depth, please provide a reference to an alternate guideline/best practice to support the proposed design.	Crozier	An updated open bottom infiltration system has been proposed with a storage depth of 0.6m. Preliminary details are provided on the revised drawing set. Specific manufacturer details will be provided during detailed design.	
The top of grate/lid elevation on Detail 3 on the Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East) does not appear to match the plan view on the drawing, or the Storage-Outflow Calculations Table in Appendix D. The outlet pipe in the detail does not match the plan view drawing.	Crozier	All elevations have been updated and are reflected accurately on report, drawings and calculations.	
Additionally, the Emergency Overflow Detail shows a crest elevation of 314.25, whereas tables in the report and Appendix D state that the overflow weir elevation is at 313.90. It is also not clear on the Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East) where the emergency overflow weir is located.			
<ul><li>The following inconsistencies/errors should be reviewed:</li><li>1. In Table 6, the area of EX1 is shown as 5.22 ha but elsewhere it is shown as 5.17 ha.</li></ul>	Crozier	All mistakes/inconsistencies have been fixed.	

WESTON CONSULTING



2. GEI CONSL	LTANTS	
Parth Lad, Andr	ea Reed – December 13, 2024	
<ol> <li>The perc as 36.9%</li> <li>All pre-d match th</li> <li>The requ updated</li> </ol>	ent imperviousness of EX2 (pre-development) is modelled b, but Table 6 and the figures show 37.2% imperviousness. evelopment peak flow rates in Table 8 do not appear to e model outputs. ired storage for the regional high water level should be from 1127 m3 to 1149 m3 in Table 10.	



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY			
Angela Mason – <u>amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com</u> – December 13, 2024			
Comment	Consultant	Response	
Three test wells were drilled by Aardvark Drilling Inc. on the site between September 24 and 26, 2024. The test wells TW1 (BH2), TW2 (BH1) and TW3 (BH4) were installed to depths of 22.6 to 30.8 mbgs within the top of the limestone bedrock (Guelph Formation), and were cased and grouted to approximately 0.3 m into the bedrock. Overburden was reported as sand and gravel overlying clay and gravel deposits.	Englobe	Water quality results from the nearby private wells (for E. coli., total coliforms, nitrate, nitrite and sodium only) indicated total coliforms in two of the private wells. Elevated nitrates were also present at levels up to 3.43 mg/L, but did not exceed the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standard (ODWS) Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) of 10 mg/L.	
Englobe completed a pumping test of each of the three test wells at rates of 37.8 L/min over a 6-hour duration. The pumping test was completed as an individual test for TW1 on October 7, 2024 and at TW2 and TW3 pumped concurrently on October 8, 2024.			
Englobe also completed a well survey of nearby private/residential wells. Water quality sampling (E. coli., total coliforms, nitrate, nitrite and sodium only) was completed at 4 nearby private residential wells on October 7, 2024 and manual groundwater levels were measured at 3 of the private wells before and after the pumping test on October 7, 2024.			
The drawdown assessment completed by Englobe indicates that the test wells installed in the top of the bedrock (Guelph Formation) are capable of producing sufficient water supply for typical household use without significant interference effects with nearby wells.			
Comment 1: We concur with the drawdown assessment completed by Englobe that indicates adequate water supply from the upper bedrock aquifer for residential use.			



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY			
Angela Mason – amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com – December 13, 202	24		
Comment 2: Please confirm that the results were provided to individual well owners with recommendations for results exceeding the ODWS MAC.	Englobe	Water quality results from the three test wells indicated the presence of total coliforms within two of the test wells. The ODWS MAC for total coliforms is 0.	
Comment 3: Please discuss the presence of total coliforms in the test well samples, and whether the total coliform detections were a result of inadequate disinfection of the new supply wells (at the detailed design stage).	Englobe	The O. Reg. 169/03 Schedule 2 results did not evaluate microcystins "since the source is groundwater of which cyanobacteria do not pose an issue (i.e., surface water)."	
Comment 3: The MECP have identified the potential presence of cyanobacteria in groundwater within the shallow bedrock aquifer in Puslinch just south of Morriston. Please run the sample for microcystins to confirm that the concentration is below the O.Reg.169/03 standard at the site.	Englobe	The water quality results also exceeded the ODWS aesthetic objectives and operational guidelines for hardness, total dissolved solids (TDS), total iron, total manganese and colour. Nitrates were present at levels up to 1.88 mg/L, but were below the ODWS MAC of 10 mg/L. Elevated chloride was present at levels up to 193 mg/L (below the ODWS aesthetic objective of 250 mg/L), with sodium levels of up to 90.2 mg/L (below the ODWS aesthetic objective of 250 mg/L but exceeding the Medical Officer of Health Reporting Limit of 20 mg/L).	



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY			
Angela Mason – amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com – December 13, 202	4		
		The extended O. Reg. 169/03 Schedule 2 results for TW3 (BH4) did not exceed the regulation limits.	
Comment 4: Although local geology suggests isolation of the upper bedrock (Guelph Formation) aquifer on the site, the water quality results from the test wells in the upper bedrock aquifer suggest anthropogenic impacts (e.g., from septic systems, road salt application, etc.). Elevated nitrate and chloride levels were present, though below the appliable standards, and several other chemical parameters in the extended water quality analysis for TW3 (BH4) were elevated (e.g., naphthalene, phenol, o-cresol, m&p-cresol, barium). The addition of individual septic systems on each lot in the proposed development is expected to further concentrate parameters that are already elevated. From a groundwater quality perspective, we are unsure of the feasibility of the upper bedrock aquifer to support the density proposed for this development as well as future development in the surrounding area. It is our recommendation to the Township/County that water supply for this development and other high-density developments on private servicing in Morriston be sourced from the lower bedrock aquifer to ensure isolation from surface contaminants and provide safe and sustainable water supply now and in future. Wells installed in the lower bedrock must be cased and sealed into the lower unit; multiaquifer wells (i.e., wells that are constructed with a screen or open hole extending through both the upper and lower bedrock aquifers) are not permitted.	Englobe	Englobe also provided an assessment of potential additional supply demands for additional dwelling units and home- based businesses and determined that private residential supply wells are expected to be capable of supporting additional dwelling units and/or home- based businesses.	



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY			
Angela Mason – amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com – December 13, 202	24		
Comment 5: The letter on water supply for additional dwelling units (ADUs) and/or home-based businesses was related to water supply availability. A separate assessment should be completed for sewage impacts to groundwater and surface water quality resulting from potential ADUs and/or home-based businesses. Lot sizes for the proposed development are already considered small for a rural development on private servicing. Please evaluate the feasibility of further increasing density from a water quality perspective. Within the letter for sewage impacts, please consider that treatment systems are designed to treat for nitrate and/or phosphorus, but that other contaminants may be present within household sewage that may have negative impacts to groundwater and/or surface water (e.g., pharmaceuticals, artificial sweeteners, PFAS, salt, etc.). This will need to be carefully considered by the Township/County for potential future ADUs.	The remaining hydrogeological comments are to be addressed at the detailed design stage (comments unchanged from previous submission; provided again for reference).		
Hydrogeological Comments – Detailed Design Stage Topography and drainage: Section 3.1 of the Hydrogeological Assessment report indicates that "topography of the site is sloping downwards in a northwest direction. As such, it is anticipated that generated runoff (if not managed) will flow in a northwesterly direction." This interpretation is incorrect based on the Topography Map (Figure 5). Please revise/clarify (at the detailed design submission stage).	To be addressed at detailed design.		
<b>High groundwater table:</b> Groundwater monitoring was completed within the four onsite monitoring wells between August 24 and September 19, 2022. Additional groundwater monitoring was completed on July 18 and August 6, 2024. The highest groundwater elevation measured to date was 312.86 masl at BH3 on July 18, 2024. In the absence of spring freshet	To be addressed at detailed design.		



WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY		
Angela Mason – amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com – December 13, 202	4	
monitoring data, the project hydrogeologist interprets the July 2024 measurements as representative of the seasonal high groundwater table due to significant precipitation events preceding the July measurements. The proponent should complete monthly groundwater level monitoring for at least 12 consecutive months, including the spring freshet, prior to detailed design submission. The design elevations of building foundations, septic leaching beds, SWM facilities and LIDs (e.g., infiltration facilities) must be evaluated in relation to the high water table (required at the detailed design submission stage).		
<b>Groundwater contribution to Bronte Creek</b> : Terraprobe (2023a) indicated that further field investigations would be completed to assess the presence of groundwater seepage during seasonal high groundwater conditions. Englobe (2024) did not include details of groundwater seepage or vertical gradients within the updated report. We recommend the installation of shallow piezometers to monitor baseline conditions and vertical gradients within Bronte Creek on the site, with monitoring completed at the same frequency to groundwater level monitoring on the site (i.e., monthly for at least one year, including the spring groundwater high) (required at the detailed design submission stage).		To be addressed at detailed design.
<b>Groundwater flow direction:</b> Englobe interpreted that a shallow groundwater flow divide was present with the highest groundwater elevation at BH3, with groundwater flow to both the west (toward Bronte Creek) and to the east (toward the tributary of Bronte Creek and associated wetlands). Englobe also noted that residential properties to the north were considered upgradient, suggesting local flow to the south (toward the site) toward		To be addressed at detailed design.

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WESTON CONSULTING

> westonconsulting.com 1.800.363.3558 F. 905.738.6637



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY						
Angela Mason – <u>amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com</u> – December 13, 2024						
surface water features. We generally concur with this assessment of shallow groundwater flow. On a regional scale, deeper groundwater flow is typically to the south-southeast within Puslinch in the general vicinity of the site – it is recommended that the project hydrogeologist confirm and interpret deeper/regional groundwater flow as well (at the detailed design submission stage).						
<b>Shallow groundwater quality:</b> Groundwater quality samples were collected in 2022 from three shallow monitoring wells on the site as part of the nitrate impact assessment report, which were analyzed for nitrate, nitrite, phosphorus, ammonia/ammonium, and pH. Additional analysis was requested to characterize the shallow groundwater quality, including general chemistry, metals and nutrients, with comparison to the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (ODWS). Englobe collected additional groundwater quality samples from all four monitoring wells on August 6, 2024 for general groundwater chemistry characterization analysis including nutrients, dissolved metals and inorganic parameters, with the results compared to the ODWS. The results showed elevated hardness in all monitoring wells. The sample from BH3 also had elevated total dissolved solids (TDS), sodium, chloride and nitrate relative to the samples from other wells. Can the project hydrogeologist provide an explanation for the elevated TDS, sodium, chloride and nitrate at BH3? (at the detailed design submission stage)		To be addressed at detailed design.				
<b>Surface water quality:</b> Englobe collected a surface water quality sample from Bronte Creek on August 6, 2024, with the results compared to the ODWS. The surface water sample contained elevated concentrations of		To be addressed at detailed design.				



3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY						
Angela Mason – <u>amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com</u> – December 13, 2024						
chloride, sodium, manganese, iron, hardness, TDS, turbidity and colour. The results are indicative of impacts from road deicing salt. We recommend that the surface water quality results also be compared to the Provincial Water Quality Objectives (at the detailed design submission stage) as they are more applicable for evaluating surface water quality.						
<b>Bronte Creek impact assessment:</b> Englobe (2024) evaluated the impact of phosphorus and nitrate loading to Bronte Creek. Nitrate concentrations were quantified using a mass balance calculation and are expected to be below the CWQG limit of 2.93 mg/L. Impacts from total phosphorus were not quantified but were not expected to have significant impacts to surface water. We recommend that the project hydrogeologist quantify the predicted phosphorus concentration at the surface water feature (e.g., using the Robertson attenuation method, dilution or equivalent) (at the detailed design submission stage).		To be addressed at detailed design.				
<b>Groundwater recharge facilities:</b> The soakaway pits were designed by Crozier (December 2023) based on the hydraulic conductivity estimates determined by Terraprobe (2023). The infiltration estimates should be confirmed with soil infiltration testing at representative locations and appropriate depths based on the proposed septic beds and soakaway pits. Infiltration testing will confirm soil conditions and field saturated hydraulic conductivity/infiltration rates. The proposed depths/elevations of subsurface infiltration structures must also be evaluated alongside the annual high groundwater table elevation across the site (required at the detailed design submission stage).		To be addressed at detailed design.				



WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

### 3. WELLINGTON HYDROGEOLOGY

Angela Mason – <u>amason@weelingtonhydrogeology.com</u> – December 13, 2024						
<b>Construction dewatering:</b> The project hydrogeologist must consider the high groundwater table in the assessment of construction dewatering requirements. If groundwater dewatering is required, management of discharge water quantity and quality must be discussed (required at the detailed design submission stage).		To be addressed at detailed design.				
<b>Phase One ESA:</b> The Phase One Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) completed by Niagara Soils Solutions Ltd. (March 2022) was updated (August 2024) and the previous recommendation for a Phase Two ESA was changed. The previously identified Areas of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC) related to off-site Potentially Contaminating Activities (PCA) related to metal fabrication and commercial autobody shops was changed to remove the on-site APEC as the off-site welding activities were more than 30 m from the property boundary therefore not interpreted as an APEC. A Phase Two ESA is no longer recommended.	-	Acknowledged.				
<b>Excess soil management:</b> Any import/export of fill/soil from the site must be conducted in accordance with O. Reg. 406/19: On-Site and Excess Soil Management, the Rules for Soil Management and Excess Soil Quality Standards (Soil Rules) and O. Reg. 153/04, as amended.	Owner	Acknowledged.				



# WESTON CONSULTING

## 4. MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION

Jeremiah Johnston – <u>Jeremiah.johnston@ontario.ca</u> December 6, 2024

Comment	Consultant	Response
The Ministry of Transportation (MTO) has completed our review of the 4th submission of the draft plan of subdivision prepared by Weston Consulting dated received November 22nd, 2024, and associated package for 11 Highway 6, Morriston ON. The following outlines MTO comments:	-	Acknowledged.
The MTO does not oppose the proposed zoning amendments, however the following comments will need to be addressed as conditions of draft plan approval or MTO permit.		
Blocks and Land Use:		
MTO has no objections with the proposed block configuration and access as proposed from Ochs Street.		
Stormwater Management:	Owner/Crozier	Acknowledged.
<ul> <li>To ensure that stormwater runoff from this property does not adversely affect our highway drainage system or highway corridor, MTO requires the owner to submit a Storm Water Management Report (SWMR) along with the above-noted grading/drainage plans for the proposed development for our review and approval. MTO Stormwater Management Requirements for Land Development Proposals can be obtained from the following website: https://www.ontario.ca/page/resources-transportation- planners#section-5</li></ul>		

WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

4. MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION			
Jeremiah Johnston – Jeremiah.johnston@ontario.ca December 6	, 2024		
<ul> <li>Stormwater Management Requirements for Land Development Proposals. http://www.mto.gov.on.ca/IDF_Curves/terms.shtml</li> <li>The owner's drainage consultant shall ensure that periods are assessed (2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr, 10 Regional).</li> <li>Stormwater Management Blocks are to be assumed and o the Township of Puslinch.</li> </ul>	all return D0yr and owned by		
Traffic Impact Review		-	Information Only
MTO has reviewed the Traffic Impact Study prepared by GHD, da 28, 2024, MTO has no further comments on the document.	ated June		
Proposed Conditions of Draft Plan Approval	Owr	ner / GHD	Acknowledged. Condition of Approval.
The following are MTO's conditions of Draft Approval:			
<ol> <li>That prior to final approval, the owner(s) to submit to the Transportation for review and approval, a copy of a Traff Study.</li> </ol>	Ministry of ic Impact		
<ol> <li>That prior to final approval, the owner(s) to submit to the Transportation for review and acceptance a stormwater management report along with grading/drainage plan.</li> </ol>	Ministry of C	Owner / Crozier	Acknowledged. Condition of Approval.
<ol> <li>That Prior to final approval, the owner shall submit to the Transportation for review and approval a draft copy of the for this subdivision.</li> </ol>	Ministry of C e M-Plan C	Owner / Crozier	Acknowledged. Condition of Approval.
<ol> <li>That prior to final approval, the owners shall provide the Transportation for review and approval, the Conditions or</li> </ol>	Ministry of ( f Draft Plan	Owner	Acknowledged. Condition of Approval.

VAUGHAN OFFICE | 201 Millway Avenue, Suite 19, Vaughan, Ontario, L4K 5K8 | T. 905.738.8080 TORONTO OFFICE | 268 Berkeley Street, Toronto, Ontario, M5A 2X5 | T. 416.640.9917

WESTON CONSULTING

WDD Main Street Inc. Weston File # 10779 January 2025

### 4. MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION

WESTON CONSULTING

Jeremiah Johnston – <u>Jeremiah.johnston@ontario.ca</u> December 6, 2024						
Approval and Draft Subdivision Agreement to ensure our requirements have been incorporated.						
Notes to Draft Plan Approval - Conditions of MTO Permits:	Owner	Acknowledged.				
<ul> <li>The owner should be made aware that under the Public Transportation and Highway Improvement Act (PTHIA), MTO permits are required prior to development of the subject property. The owner shall submit site plans, siteservicing plans, grading plans, and drainage plans for the proposed development to MTO for review and approval.</li> <li>1. MTO Building and Land Use permit(s) will be required prior to any bulk grading, and subdivision servicing.</li> </ul>						
<ol> <li>MTO Building and Land Use permit(s) for will be required for individual residential lots, that fall within the MTO Permit Control Area.</li> </ol>	Owner	Acknowledged.				





December 20, 2024

Project T1220482.004

Wellington Hydrogeology Ltd. 4662 Sideroad 20N Guelph, ON N1H 6J3

Attention: Angela Mason, M.Sc., P.Geo., QPESA

Subject: Response to Wellington Hydrogeology Comments Proposed Residential Development - 11 Main Street Puslinch, Ontario

Dear Ms. Mason:

The following provides a response to comments issued by Wellington Hydrogeology Ltd. on behalf of the Township of Puslinch, dated December 13, 2024:

## Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 1

We concur with the drawdown assessment completed by Englobe that indicates adequate water supply from the upper bedrock aquifer for residential use.

### **Englobe Response**

Comment noted, further action not required.

# Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 2

Please confirm that the results were provided to individual well owners with recommendations for exceeding the ODWS MAC.

### **Englobe Response**

Copies of letters provided to residents participating in the private well monitoring program are provided in the attached enclosures. These letters were provided through email, or a physical letter was mailed if email information was not provided.

# Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 3

Please discuss the presence of total coliforms in the test well samples, and whether the total coliform detections were a result of inadequate disinfection of the new supply wells.

# **Englobe Response**

Total coliform concentrations of 9 CFU/100 mL were detected within sample 1 from TW2 (BH1) with the subsequent two collected samples indicating non-detectable levels for total coliform bacteria. Test wells were chlorinated following well drilling and one hour development. It is expected that total coliform bacteria detected within TW2 was due to inadequate disinfection of water supply, or subsequent contamination with test pump installation. Total coliform concentrations in TW1 (BH2) were detected at 1 CFU/100 mL within each of the three collected samples. It was confirmed from the well driller that this well was not chlorinated prior to testing.

Given that these wells were drilled prior to testing, it is expected that any detected coliform bacteria were introduced through drilling. Bacterial contamination of the shallow bedrock aquifer is not expected due to confining low permeability clay deposits observed to range in thickness between 23 m to 47 m within the completed test wells.

# Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 4

The MECP have identified the potential presence of cyanobacteria in groundwater within the shallow bedrock aquifer in Puslinch just south of Morriston. Please run the sample for microcystins to confirm the concentration is below the O. Reg. 169/03 standard at the site.

# **Englobe Response**

Groundwater analysis for microcystins is provided in the attached enclosures indicating a non-detectable concentration of <0.1 ug/L.

# Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 5

Although local geology suggests isolation of the upper bedrock (Guelph Formation) aquifer on the site, the water quality results from the test wells in the upper bedrock aquifer suggest anthropogenic impacts (e.g., from septic systems, road salt application, etc.). Elevated nitrate and chloride levels were present, through below the applicable standards, and several other chemical parameters in the extended water quality analysis for TW3 (BH4) were elevated (e.g., naphthalene, phenol, 0-cresol, m&p cresol, barium). The addition of individual septic systems on each lot in the proposed development is expected to further concentrate parameters that are already elevated. From a groundwater quality perspective, we are unsure of the feasibility of the upper bedrock aquifer to support the density proposed for this development as well as future development in the surrounding area. It is our recommendation to the Township/County that water supply for this development and other high-density developments on private servicing in Morriston be sourced from the lower bedrock aquifer to ensure isolation from surface contaminants and provide safe and sustainable water supply now and in the future. Wells installed in the lower bedrock aquifer must be cased and sealed into the lower unit; multi-aquifer wells (i.e., wells that are constructed with a screen or open hole extending through both the upper and lower bedrock aquifers) are not permitted.

# **Englobe Response**

While Englobe concurs that the lower bedrock aquifer may provide additional geological isolation from potentially contaminating land use activities including, but not limited to subsurface sewage disposal and road salting application, it is recommended that utilizing the lower bedrock aquifer for potable water supply

be considered on a lot-by-lot basis, during well drilling, where sufficient low permeable soils are not identified overlying the lower bedrock aquifer.

Groundwater quality with respect to O. Reg. 169/03 Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 parameters was found within acceptable limits, with most parameters non-detectable. Concentrations of naphthalene, phenol, 0-cresol, m&p cresol, barium stated by the review are not contaminants of concern from the proposed residential subdivision. Primary parameters of concern relating to land use including nitrate, phosphorus and sodium were not observed to significantly increase with water taking over the duration of the completed pumping test. Furthermore, tertiary treatment for septic systems is proposed for the removal of nitrate/phosphorus to mitigate potential impacts to shallow groundwater, further reducing potential impacts to the shallow bedrock aquifer, at depth, from the proposed residential development.

Groundwater monitoring indicates that the development is situated downgradient from developed areas of Morriston to the north. It is expected that future high-density will be located cross-gradient (east or west) or down-gradient (south) of the proposed development, limiting potential impacts of future development on the proposed residential subdivision.

The upper bedrock aquifer has been shown to provide adequate groundwater yield and quality to support the proposed residential development. It is recommended that the lower bedrock aquifer can be used as an alternative option for supply wells if the upper bedrock aquifer is not observed to have sufficient isolation from land uses at grade. It is recommended by Englobe that during well drilling for remaining proposed residential lots, that where low permeable overburden deposits (hydraulic conductivity less than 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/sec) are identified with a thickness of less than 10 m that the well casing be extended through the upper bedrock aquifer, and at least 1.5 m into the lower bedrock aquifer to mitigate potential water quality impacts to the potable supply well for the subject lot.

The above recommendation of 10 m thickness was taken from Section 22.5.24 of the MECP Guidelines for Sewage Works, as rationale for low permeable environments and geological isolation of underlying aquifer systems relating to groundwater impacts from sewage disposal systems.

# Wellington Hydrogeology Comment 6

The letter on water supply for additional dwelling units (ADUs) and/or home-based businesses was related to water supply availability. A separate assessment should be completed for sewage impacts to groundwater and surface water quality resulting from potential ADUs and/or home-based businesses. Lot sizes for the proposed development are already considered small for a rural development on private servicing. Please evaluate the feasibility of further increasing density from a water quality perspective. Within the letter for sewage impacts, please consider that treatment systems are designed to treat for nitrate and/or phosphorus, but that other contaminants may be present within household sewage that may have negative impacts to groundwater and/or surface water (e.g., pharmaceuticals, artificial sweeteners, PFAS, salt, etc.). This will need to be carefully considered by the Township/County for future potential ADUs.

# **Englobe Response**

A separate ADU/HBB letter considering groundwater and surface water impacts from sewage disposal is provided in the attached enclosures.

If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

### Englobe Corp.



**Paul L. Raepple**, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist

### **Enclosures:**

Letters Presenting Results of Private Well Monitoring Laboratory Certificates of Analysis - Microcystins ADU/HBB Sewage Impacts to Shallow Groundwater and Surface Water

# Enclosures









November 15, 2024

Project T1220482.004

12 Main Street Morriston, ON N0B 2C0

#### Subject: **Results of Private Well Monitoring** Pumping Test - Proposed Residential Subdivision 11 Main Street, Morriston Puslinch, Ontario

This letter provides the results of private well monitoring completed for the above noted residence. A pumping test was completed for a series of three test wells completed for the property identified at the municipal address of 11 Main Street, Morriston. It is proposed to develop the property at 11 Main Street for a privately service residential subdivision consisting for 21 detached residential lots.

Three wells were completed across the property and were tested on October 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2024 at a rate of 37.8 L/min (10 gallons per minute) each over the duration of six hours to evaluate well yield and to obtain groundwater quality samples.

Groundwater monitoring completed on October 7<sup>th</sup> and October 8<sup>th</sup> indicated that the water level within the monitored well did not change over the duration of testing. Groundwater was observed approximately 6.9 to 6.5 m below grade.

The private well at your residence was monitored and sampled as part of the pumping test program. Groundwater quality samples were taken on October 7<sup>th</sup> prior to the start of the pumping tests, and again on October 8<sup>th</sup> following the completion of testing. The following table provides a summary of the results of groundwater sampling:

	E-Coli (CFU/100 mL)	Total Coliforms (CFU/100 ML)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)
07-Oct-24	0	29	2.75	<0.05	73.1
08-Oct-24	0	29	3.02	<0.05	73.4

#### Summary of Results of Groundwater Sampling - 12 Main Street

Total coliforms were detected in the collected groundwater samples, indicating bacteriological contamination of groundwater. It is recommended to disinfect the well and distribution system to remove bacteria. Further information on well disinfection can be obtained from the local health unit.

Sodium levels were detected above 20 mg/L. While the aesthetic limit of sodium is set at 200 mg/L at which level sodium would be detectable by taste, at concentrations above 20 mg/L it should be noted to health practitioners for patients on sodium restricted diets for hypertension, as sodium from groundwater should be considered as a dietary source for health planning purposes.

It should be noted that groundwater samples were obtained from an outside tap bypassing any treatment systems that may be in use for the residence. Results would be indicative of raw groundwater quality from the well.

Groundwater quality was not noted to decline between testing competed prior to the start of testing, from the results of sampling completed following the completion of testing.

Impacts of the completed pumping test were not noted as part of the completed monitoring. If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

Englobe Corp.

Paul Raepple, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist





November 15, 2024

Project T1220482.004

17 Badenoch Street Morriston, ON N0B 2C0

#### Subject: Results of Private Well Monitoring Pumping Test - Proposed Residential Subdivision 17 Badenoch Street, Morriston Puslinch, Ontario

This letter provides the results of private well monitoring completed for the above noted residence. A pumping test was completed for a series of three test wells completed for the property identified at the municipal address of 11 Main Street, Morriston. It is proposed to develop the property at 11 Main Street for a privately service residential subdivision consisting for 21 detached residential lots.

Three wells were completed across the property and were tested on October 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2024 at a rate of 37.8 L/min (10 gallons per minute) each over the duration of six hours to evaluate well yield and to obtain groundwater quality samples.

The private well at your residence was monitored and sampled as part of the pumping test program. Groundwater quality samples were taken on October 7<sup>th</sup> prior to the start of the pumping tests, and again on October 8<sup>th</sup> following the completion of testing. The following table provides a summary of the results of groundwater sampling:

	E-Coli (CFU/100 mL)	Total Coliforms (CFU/100 ML)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)
07-Oct-24	0	0	0.79	<0.05	56.1
08-Oct-24	0	0	1.01	<0.05	59.3

#### Summary of Results of Groundwater Sampling - 17 Badenoch Street

Sodium levels were detected above 20 mg/L. While the aesthetic limit of sodium is set at 200 mg/L at which level sodium would be detectable by taste, at concentrations above 20 mg/L it should be noted to health practitioners for patients on sodium restricted diets for hypertension, as sodium from groundwater should be considered as a dietary source for health planning purposes.

It should be noted that groundwater samples were obtained from an outside tap bypassing any treatment systems that may be in use for the residence. Results would be indicative of raw groundwater quality from the well.

Groundwater quality was not noted to decline between testing competed prior to the start of testing, from the results of sampling completed following the completion of testing.

Impacts of the completed pumping test were not noted as part of the completed monitoring. If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

Englobe Corp.

/

Paul Raepple, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist





November 15, 2024

Project T1220482.004

18 Badenoch Street Morriston, ON N0B 2C0

#### Subject: Results of Private Well Monitoring Pumping Test - Proposed Residential Subdivision 18 Badenoch Street, Morriston Puslinch, Ontario

This letter provides the results of private well monitoring completed for the above noted residence. A pumping test was completed for a series of three test wells completed for the property identified at the municipal address of 11 Main Street, Morriston. It is proposed to develop the property at 11 Main Street for a privately service residential subdivision consisting for 21 detached residential lots.

Three wells were completed across the property and were tested on October 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2024 at a rate of 37.8 L/min (10 gallons per minute) each over the duration of six hours to evaluate well yield and to obtain groundwater quality samples.

Groundwater monitoring completed on October 7<sup>th</sup> and October 8<sup>th</sup> indicated that the water level within the monitored well did not change over the duration of testing. Groundwater was observed approximately 17.3 m below grade.

The private well at your residence was monitored and sampled as part of the pumping test program. Groundwater quality samples were taken on October 7<sup>th</sup> prior to the start of the pumping tests, and again on October 8<sup>th</sup> following the completion of testing. The following table provides a summary of the results of groundwater sampling:

	E-Coli (CFU/100 mL)	Total Coliforms (CFU/100 ML)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)
07-Oct-24	0	35	2.86	<0.05	73.2
08-Oct-24	0	65	3.11	<0.05	72.7

#### Summary of Results of Groundwater Sampling - 18 Badenoch Street

Total coliforms were detected in the collected groundwater samples, indicating bacteriological contamination of groundwater. It is recommended to disinfect the well and distribution system to remove bacteria. Further information on well disinfection can be obtained from the local health unit.

Sodium levels were detected above 20 mg/L. While the aesthetic limit of sodium is set at 200 mg/L at which level sodium would be detectable by taste, at concentrations above 20 mg/L it should be noted to health practitioners for patients on sodium restricted diets for hypertension, as sodium from groundwater should be considered as a dietary source for health planning purposes.

It should be noted that groundwater samples were obtained from an outside tap bypassing any treatment systems that may be in use for the residence. Results would be indicative of raw groundwater quality from the well.

Groundwater quality was not noted to decline between testing competed prior to the start of testing, from the results of sampling completed following the completion of testing.

Impacts of the completed pumping test were not noted as part of the completed monitoring. If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

Englobe Corp.



Paul Raepple, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist





November 15, 2024

Project T1220482.004

7501 Wellington Road 36 Morriston, ON N0B 2C0

#### Subject: Results of Private Well Monitoring Pumping Test - Proposed Residential Subdivision 7501 Wellington Road 36, Morriston Puslinch, Ontario

This letter provides the results of private well monitoring completed for the above noted residence. A pumping test was completed for a series of three test wells completed for the property identified at the municipal address of 11 Main Street, Morriston. It is proposed to develop the property at 11 Main Street for a privately service residential subdivision consisting for 21 detached residential lots.

Three wells were completed across the property and were tested on October 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2024 at a rate of 37.8 L/min (10 gallons per minute) each over the duration of six hours to evaluate well yield and to obtain groundwater quality samples.

Groundwater monitoring completed on October 7<sup>th</sup> and October 8<sup>th</sup> indicated that the water level within the monitored well did not change over the duration of testing. Groundwater was observed approximately 16.7 to 16.6 m below grade.

The private well at your residence was monitored and sampled as part of the pumping test program. Groundwater quality samples were taken on October 7<sup>th</sup> prior to the start of the pumping tests, and again on October 8<sup>th</sup> following the completion of testing. The following table provides a summary of the results of groundwater sampling:

	E-Coli (CFU/100 mL)	Total Coliforms (CFU/100 ML)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)
07-Oct-24	0	0	3.14	<0.05	77.7
08-Oct-24	0	0	3.43	<0.05	78.1

#### Summary of Results of Groundwater Sampling - 7501 Wellington Road 36

Sodium levels were detected above 20 mg/L. While the aesthetic limit of sodium is set at 200 mg/L at which level sodium would be detectable by taste, at concentrations above 20 mg/L it should be noted to health practitioners for patients on sodium restricted diets for hypertension, as sodium from groundwater should be considered as a dietary source for health planning purposes.

It should be noted that groundwater samples were obtained from an outside tap bypassing any treatment systems that may be in use for the residence. Results would be indicative of raw groundwater quality from the well.

Groundwater quality was not noted to decline between testing competed prior to the start of testing, from the results of sampling completed following the completion of testing.

Impacts of the completed pumping test were not noted as part of the completed monitoring. If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

### Englobe Corp.



Paul Raepple, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist



SGS Canada Inc. P.O. Box 4300 - 185 Concession St. Lakefield - Ontario - KOL 2HO Phone: 705-652-2000 FAX: 705-652-6365

### AGAT Laboratories - Mississauga

Attn : Hina Siddiqui

5835 Coopers Avenue Mississauga, ON L4Z 1Y2, Canada

Phone: 905-712-5100 ext 5126 Fax:

11-November-2024

Date Rec.: 01 November 2024 LR Report: CA14058-NOV24 Reference: PO#: 230157 - AGAT Job #: 24T215439

Copy: #1

# CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS **Final Report**

Sample ID	Sample Date & Time	Temperature Upon Receipt °C	Microcystin (Quantitative) ug/L	N-Nitrosodimethylamine mg/L	Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA) mg/L
1: Analysis Start Date			04-Nov-24	06-Nov-24	06-Nov-24
2: Analysis Start Time			11:56	14:13	09:23
3: Analysis Completed Date			04-Nov-24	08-Nov-24	07-Nov-24
4: Analysis Completed Time			14:19	12:37	11:54
5: MDL			0.1	0.0004	0.03
6: GW 24T215439 - 6278243 - BH4	31-Oct-24 09:45	15.0	<0.1	< 0.0004	< 0.03

#### MDL - SGS Method Detection Limit

Note: Sample for microcystin analysis received unpreserved; result maybe unreliable if residual chlorine present.

Mechod Descriptions								
Parameter	Description	SGS Method Code	Reference Method Code					
Microcystin (Quantitative)	Microcystin (quantitative using ELISA)	ME-CA-[ENV]MIC-LAK-AN-014	OMOE MCYST-3469					
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	SVOC wtr - basic	ME-CA-[ENV]GC-LAK-AN-005	EPA 3510C/8270D					
Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA)	NTA wtr	ME-CA-[ENV]GC-LAK-AN-007	In-House					

### Method Descriptions

 	7		_	

Kimberley Didsbury Project Specialist, Environment, Health & Safety

0003923150

Page 1 of 2 Results relate only to the sample tested. Data reported represents the sample submitted to SGS. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior written approval. Please refer to SGS General Conditions of Services located at https://www.sgs.ca/en/terms-and-conditions (Printed copies are available upon request.) Test method information available upon request. "Temperature Upon Receipt" is representative of the whole shipment and may not reflect the temperature of individual samples. SGS Canada Inc. Environment-Health & Safety statement of conformity decision rule does not consider uncertainty when analytical results are compared to a specified standard or


LR Report : CA14058-NOV24

# **Quality Control Report**

Organic Analysis													
Parameter	Reporting	Unit	Method		Duplicate		LCS / Spike Blank		k	Matrix Spike / Reference Material			
	Limit		Blank	Result 1	Result 2	RPD	Acceptance Criteria	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery L	₋imits (%)	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)
							%		Low	High		Low	High
NDMA - QCBatchID: GCM0100-NOV24													
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	0.0004	mg/L	< 0.0004			NSS	30	32	20	130	NSS	20	130
NTA - QCBatchID: GCM0088-NOV24				•									
Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA)	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03			ND	30	100	80	120			
Microbio	ological		•										
Parameter	Method	Blank	Dup	licate									
Microbiology - QCBatchID: BAC9017-NOV24													
Microcystin (Quantitative)	0.1#<	MDL		3	1								

0003923150

Page 2 of 2

Results relate only to the sample tested. Data reported represents the sample submitted to SGS. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior written approval. Please refer to SGS General Conditions of Services located at https://www.sgs.ca/en/terms-and-conditions (Printed copies are available upon request.)

Test method information available upon request. "Temperature Upon Receipt" is representative of the whole shipment and may not reflect the temperature of individual samples.

SGS Canada Inc. Environment-Health & Safety statement of conformity decision rule does not consider uncertainty when analytical results are compared to a specified standard or regulation.





December 20, 2024

Project T1220482.004

Weston Consulting 201 Millway Avenue, Unit 19 Concord, ON L4K 5K8 Attention: Kayly Robbins, MPL, MCIP, RPP, Senior Planner

Subject: Additional Dwelling Units and Home-Based Businesses Groundwater and Surface Water Impacts with Sewage Disposal Proposed Residential Subdivision - 11 Main Street Puslinch, Ontario

Dear Ms. Robbins:

This letter provides a discussion regarding private servicing viability for the above noted residential development relating to subsurface sewage disposal systems and potential for impacts to shallow groundwater and surface water considering potential land use for proposed residential lots for additional dwelling units and home-based businesses.

A septic impact assessment was completed as part of the hydrogeological investigation considering nitrate and phosphorus impacts to shallow groundwater and surface water. To limit septic impacts to shallow groundwater within each proposed residential lot tertiary treatment will be implemented ranging from standard treatment (20 mg/L of nitrate) for proposed lots 1 and 12, and advanced tertiary treatment (15 mg/L) for remaining lots. The nitrate impact assessment was based on the daily average sewage flow of 1,000 L/day.

It is expected that potential exists for additional residential waste disposal due to additional dwelling units. Additional dwelling units within the primary residence (i.e., granny flat) are expected to be serviced through the existing septic system, which were designed based on the number of bedrooms, floor area, and number of fixture units. Septic systems should provide sufficient capacity to allow for such uses. If a detached ADU is proposed the building would be subject to the building code and would require additional septic servicing capacity. It is expected that such units would be subject to Township approval provided the ADU and servicing meets with Ontario Building Code standards to limit potential impacts from septic disposal to groundwater and/or surface water.

To limit potential groundwater/surface water contaminants such as pharmaceuticals, artificial sweeteners, PFAS, and salt information should be provided to lot purchasers, either through the developer, or through the Township, through source water planning initiatives such as Policy G-5 of the Hamilton-Halton Source Water Protection Plan. Information would provide lot purchasers with operational guidelines and maintenance for septic systems indicating proper use and disposal, including what should not be disposed of through the septic system, such as the above listed potential contaminants. It is expected that through outreach and education initiatives that septic systems for residential use can be effectively managed, and potential contaminants to shallow groundwater and surface water can be mitigated.

Home based businesses, depending on the type of business is not expected to result in significant groundwater and/or surface water impacts due to sewage disposal. It is expected that home-based

businesses will be consistent with the residential setting, generating residential sewage consistent with the expected land use. It is expected that home-based businesses involving environmentally contaminating activities (i.e., dry cleaning, fuel storage, agricultural applications including significant herbicide, pesticide, fertilizer use, etc.) would not be permitted or licenced by the township.

I trust the above provides the requested clarification regarding the feasibility of additional dwelling units and home-based businesses. If you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours very truly,

Englobe Corp.



**Paul Raepple**, P.Geo. Senior Hydrogeologist

# FUNCTIONAL SERVICING & PRELIMINARYSTORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

11 MAIN STREET ESTATE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

> TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH COUNTY OF WELLINGTON

## **PREPARED FOR:**

#### WDD MAIN STREET

#### **PREPARED BY:**

# C.F. CROZIER & ASSOCIATES INC. 55 WYNDHAM STREET NORTH SUITE 215 GUELPH, ON N1H 7T8

#### DECEMBER 2024

#### CFCA FILE NO. 2366-6537

The material in this report reflects best judgment in light of the information available at the time of preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions made based on it, are the responsibilities of such third parties. C.F. Crozier & Associates Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.



Revision Number	Date	Comments
Rev.0	February 2023	Issued for First Submission (ZBA)
Rev. 1	December 2023	Issued for Second Submission (ZBA)
Rev. 2	September 2024	Issued for Third Submission (ZBA)
Rev. 3	November 2024	Issued for Fourth Submission (ZBA)
Rev. 4	December 2024	Issued for Fifth Submission (ZBA)

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# 1.0 Introduction

C.F. Crozier & Associates Inc. (Crozier) was retained by WDD Main Street (Owner) to prepare a Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater Management Report in support of Draft Plan Approval for the estate residential development located at 11 Main Street in the Township of Puslinch (Site). The purpose of this report is to demonstrate the proposed development is feasible from a functional servicing and stormwater management perspective and conforms with the requirements of the Township of Puslinch (Town), County of Wellington (County), and Conservation Halton (Conservation Authority).

This report has been completed in accordance with the appropriate design guidelines and Township of Puslinch Pre-consultation Comment Summary dated October 21, 2022. The relevant background studies and reports used in preparation of this report include:

- Conservation Halton Guidelines for Stormwater Management Engineering Submissions
   (November 2021)
- Fluvial Geomorphological and Meander Belt Width Assessment (February 13, 2023)
- Geotechnical Investigation (Terraprobe Inc., October 3, 2023)
- Hydrogeological Assessment (Englobe, August 28, 2024)
- Ministry of the Environment Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems (2008)
- Ministry of Environment Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (March 2003)
- The Ontario Geologic Survey (OGS) database, accessed February 2023
- The Ontario Building Code (OBC) (2012)
- The Township of Puslinch Municipal Development Standards (September 2019)
- Well Record Database, Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, accessed February 2023

This report has been prepared to address the fourth submission comments received from the reviewing agencies (December 13, 2024) and to support the fifth submission of the Zoning By-Law Amendment Application for the proposed development.

# 2.0 Site Description

The site encompasses an area of approximately 23.60 ha and currently consists of vacant agricultural fields and forested areas. Most of the site is designated as woodlot and wetlands which leaves approximately 5.98 ha of developable area. The site, located in a residential and agricultural area, is bounded by residential dwellings to the north and west, agricultural lands to the east, and forested and agricultural lands to the south.

According to the Development Concept prepared by Weston Consulting dated May 14, 2024, the proposed estate residential development will consist of the following elements:

- Twenty-one (21) estate residential lots with lot sizes ranging from 0.19 ha to 0.38 ha.
- A 20.0 m wide urban municipal right-of-way with road access to Ochs Street.
- Associated forest, landscape, stormwater management and amenity areas.

The development limits for the proposed development were established based on the following environmental constraints:

- South-western channel 38 m meander belt per the Meander Belt Assessment prepared by Geo Morphix Ltd.
- 10 m offset from the woodlot, staked, and surveyed by Colville Consulting Inc. (September 20, 2022)
- 15 m offset from Regional Floodplain Limits per Conservation Halton HEC-RAS Modelling (BronteReach5, May 14, 2012)

# 3.0 Soil and Groundwater Conditions

Englobe (formerly Terraprobe) was retained by the Owner to complete a hydrogeological assessment of the proposed residential development. Five (5) boreholes were advanced across the site in August 2022. The boreholes were drilled to depths between 6.1 m and 8.1 m below ground surface (mbgs).

As reported by Terraprobe, the soils encountered consisted of earth fill materials, comprised of sand, with some gravel and trace amounts of rootlets to a depth of 0.8 mbgs.

Underlying the earth fill, silty sand to sand and silt deposits, with trace amounts of clay and gravel was encountered and extended to depths ranging from 0.8 mbgs to the full depth of the borehole. In BH1, a clayey silt deposit with trace amounts of sand was encountered beneath the silty sand to sand and silt layer between 6.1 and 6.6 mbgs. Refer to the Geotechnical Investigation (Terraprobe Inc., October 3, 2023) for the borehole logs and locations.

Referring to Supplementary Standard SB-6 of the 2012 Ontario Building Code (OBC) and the results of the grain size distribution analysis for the soil samples obtained from BH41, BH3, and BH5, the predominant soil is classified as SM-ML soil as described by the Unified Soil Classification System. An SM-ML soil is a silty sand, or sand silt mix with a percolation rate ranging from 8 min/cm to 50 min/cm. Based on the percentage of silt and clay in the soil samples, Crozier assigned a percolation rate of 30 min/cm for this sewage system design.

Monitoring wells were installed in four (4) of the five (5) borehole locations (BH1, BH2, BH3 and BH5) to allow for the measurement of the groundwater levels. Groundwater levels were measured between August 24, 2022 and September 19, 2022. The stabilized groundwater levels ranged from approximately 5.21 m to 6.76 mbgs (311.82 m to 311.42 m above sea level). Refer to the Hydrogeological Assessment (Englobe, August 28, 2024) for additional details.

# 4.0 Water Servicing

## 4.1 Water Supply

As the property is in a rural area, there is no municipal water infrastructure available to service the proposed development. The water servicing needs for the proposed development will be provided via private drilled drinking water wells. The depth, size, and locations of the wells will be determined during the detailed design of each individual lot. It should be noted that the groundwater in the area is mostly used by privately drilled groundwater wells.

As part of the response to the Township's comments, Englobe completed a pumping test to determine well capacities within the property. The pumping test was completed in October 2024, the results of which are provided under separate cover.

#### 4.2 Fire Flow Calculations

Preliminary calculations were completed to estimate the required fire storage volume for the proposed development, as there is no municipal water supply for firefighting purposes. The fire storage volume was calculated using the Ontario Fire Marshalls Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline (1999), as is required in Part 3 of the Ontario Building Code.

The fire storage volume was calculated assuming a maximum house footprint of 360 m<sup>2</sup>, appropriate separation distances, and assuming a Group C (residential) occupancy. The largest calculated fire storage volume will be provided on-site. **Table 1** below summarizes the preliminary fire storage volumes calculated for the proposed development.

Lot	<b>Total Area</b> 1 (m²)	<b>Height</b> (m)	Volume (m³)	K1	S <sub>side</sub> 2	Required Fire Storage Volume, Q (L)
Lot 19	360	6.0	2,160	23	1.8	89,400

#### Table 1: Fire Storage Volume Requirements

1. K values for the proposed residential dwellings are assumed based on past similar residential projects.

2. S<sub>side</sub> values determined from distance to other structures using Figure 1 in Section 6.3 of the Ontario Fire Marshalls Guidelines.

As can be seen from **Table 1**, a storage volume of 89,400 L is the required minimum fire storage volume, and it must be supplied at a rate of 45 L/s for a duration of 0.5 hours. Refer to **Appendix A** for preliminary fire storage volume calculations.

Two fire cisterns have been shown at this preliminary stage to meet the required fire storage volumes and necessary spacing and distribution for the proposed development. The location and size of the fire cisterns can be refined throughout the design process through consultation with the Fire Chief and the Township. Refer to **Figure 1** for the location of the fire cistern.

# 5.0 Sanitary Servicing

The site is in a rural area that does not currently have municipal sanitary services available and the Township of Puslinch does not anticipate municipal sanitary servicing for this area in the near future. Therefore, the proposed development will be serviced by individual onsite sewage systems.

## 5.1 Sanitary Design Calculations

It is understood the proposed development will consist of twenty-one (21) residential lots with private servicing and that the proposed residential dwellings will have three (3) to four (4) bedrooms. For the purpose of this assessment, preliminary sewage system design flows were calculated for a typical four (4) bedroom dwelling with 360 m<sup>2</sup> of finished floor area, three (3) bathroom groups and additional fixtures for a total of 45 fixture units.

The preliminary sewage system design flows were calculated in accordance with the Ontario Building Code, Part 8 and are presented below in **Table 2**. Detailed sanitary servicing calculations are found in **Appendix B**.

Unit Type	Number of Bedrooms	Floor Area (m²)	Number of Fixture Units	Base Flow (L/day)	Additional Flow – Floor Area (L/day)	Additional Flow – Fixture Units (L/day)	Total Flow Per Unit (L/day)
360 m² Residential Dwelling	4	360	45	2,000	1,600	1,250	3,600

## Table 2: Preliminary Sewage System Design Flows

As shown, the preliminary sewage system design flow for a typical unit will be approximately 3,600 L/day. These flows were calculated based on the information available at the time of this report. If details of the proposed dwellings change (e.g., number of bedrooms, fixtures, and floor area) during detailed design, the sewage system design flows might change, which may affect the size of the onsite sewage systems.

The detailed design of the onsite sewage systems will be confirmed during the building permit stage and building permits will be required for each sewage system prior to construction. Properties with a total daily design sanitary sewage flow exceeding 10,000 L/day are subject to Section 53 of the Ontario Water Resources Act and require an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) issued by the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks. Given the preliminary sewage system design flow is less than 10,000 L/day per individual lot, an ECA is not required.

# 5.2 Proposed Individual Sanitary Servicing Strategy

Sanitary servicing for the proposed development will be provided through individual Class 4 onsite sewage systems. The onsite sewage system will consist of an advanced treatment unit discharging to a leaching bed constructed as a Type A dispersal bed. Due to space limitations, Lot 1 of the development is proposed to be serviced through a shallow buried trench as shown on FIG 2.

## 5.3 Proposed Sewage System

Nitrate loading calculations were prepared by Terraprobe to determine the effluent concentration of nitrate-nitrogen each sewage system must achieve for the proposed development to meet MECP Guideline D-5-4. Terraprobe has indicated that at least a 62.5% reduction of nitrate-nitrogen (effluent concentration of 15 mg/L) is required. A typical conventional onsite sewage system produces an effluent concentration of nitrate-nitrogen of approximately 40 mg/L. This is insufficient to meet D-5-4 requirements, therefore, advanced treatment with denitrification will be required.

The proposed sewage system will consist of a Level IV treatment unit meeting the CAN/BNQ 3680-600 standard with 62.5% nitrate-nitrogen reduction, discharging treated effluent to a Type A dispersal bed. A Waterloo Biofilter system (or equivalent) with recirculation is proposed. Sewage will flow from the dwelling to a Waterloo Biofilter anaerobic digester tank. Effluent from the digester tank is pumped to the Waterloo Biofilter basket tank, which is equipped with a patented foam media that effectively treats wastewater prior to discharge to the leaching bed. A portion of the treated effluent is recirculated to the anaerobic digester, providing a 62.5% nitrate-nitrogen reduction. Refer to **Appendix C** for additional information and testing results for this technology.

Treated effluent from the Waterloo Biofilter will be discharged to a Type A dispersal bed sized in accordance with Section 8.7.7. of the OBC (except for Lot 1). The Type A dispersal bed consists of a stone layer equipped with a perforated distribution pipe, underlain by a sand layer. **Table 3** summarizes the preliminary sizing of the Type A Dispersal Bed.

Unit Type	<b>Total Flow</b>	Minimum	Provided	<b>Minimum</b>	Provided
	<b>Per Unit</b>	Stone Area	Stone Area	Sand Area	Sand Area
	(L/day)	(m²)	(m²)	(m²)	(m²)
360 m² Residential Dwelling	3,600	72	72	270	270 - 368

## Table 3: Preliminary Type A Dispersal Bed Sizing

The Preliminary Site Servicing Plans (**Figure 1** and **Figure 2**) illustrate the proposed onsite sewage servicing for the proposed development. The conceptual figure illustrates a Waterloo Biofilter configuration; however, it is noted that any treatment unit meeting CAN/BNQ certification requirements with 62.5% nitrate-nitrogen removal may be considered. The details, size, and location of the onsite sewage systems will be determined once individual home designs and building permit applications are prepared.

# 6.0 Drainage Conditions

The drainage conditions for the site in both pre-development and post-development conditions are outlined in the following sections.

# 6.1 Existing Drainage Conditions

According to the topographic survey (J.D. Barnes Limited, September 16, 2022) and site reconnaissance, the site currently consists of vacant agricultural fields and forested areas. The site has a drainage split which divides the site into an eastern and western catchment based on this topographic survey.

The western catchment (Catchment 101A) consists primarily of vacant agricultural lands and generally slopes northeast to southwest. Runoff from Catchment 101A is directed via sheet flow to a tributary of Bronte Creek located along the western development limits of the site.

The central catchment (Catchment 101B) consists primarily of vacant agricultural lands and generally slopes northwest to southeast. Runoff from Catchment 101B is directed via sheet flow to a tributary of Bronte Creek located along the western development limits of the site.

The eastern catchment (Catchment 102) consists primarily of vacant agricultural lands and generally slopes northwest to southeast. Runoff from Catchment 101A and 101B is directed via sheet flow to the eastern drainage feature. Correspondence with Geo Morphix (November 23, 2022) indicated the eastern drainage feature does not exhibit a defined channel and outlets to the Bronte Creek tributary located along the southern portion of the site.

There are two (2) external catchments that drain towards the site via overland flow from the north (Catchment EX1 and EX2). Catchment EX1 and EX2 consist of existing residential properties, roadways, landscaped areas, and Old Morriston Baseball Diamond (Catchment EX1 exclusively). Based on existing LiDAR contour mapping and a site visit complete on January 11, 2023, runoff from Catchment EX1 flows from north to south and is directed to a low-lying depression area located in the eastern corner of the Old Morriston Baseball Diamond. An earthen berm along the south and east property limits of the baseball diamond retains stormwater within the park limits. Please refer to Appendix H for site photos illustrating the berm. If the storage limits are reached, stormwater will drain southwest towards the Bronte Creek tributary via sheet flow. Runoff from Catchment EX2 runs from north to south and is directed to the eastern drainage feature via sheet flow through Catchment 102, ultimately outletting to the Bronte Creek tributary. It is recommended that at detailed design, permission from the owner of the Baseball Diamond be obtained to complete a topographic survey to confirm the elevation of the berm.

**Table 4** summarizes the pre-development catchment areas and Figure 6 illustrates thePre-Development Drainage Plan.

Catchment ID	Land-Use Description	Impervious Area <sup>1</sup> (ha)	Pervious Area (ha)	<b>Total</b> Area (ha)	Percent Impervious (%)	Outlet	
101A	Vacant agricultural	-	1.26	1.26	0	Bronto	
101B	land and forested	-	0.76	0.76	0	Creek	
102	area	-	3.96	3.96	0	Iributary	
	Site Total	-	5.98	5.98	0		
EX1	Residential properties, roadways, landscaped areas, and a baseball diamond	1.55	3.62	5.17	30.0	Bronte Creek	
EX2	Residential properties, roadways, and landscaped areas	0.52	0.89	1.41	37.2	iributary	
	External Total	2.07	4.51	6.58	31.5		

Table 4: Pre-Development Catchment Areas and Percent Impervious

Note: 1. Impervious area measurements based on Google Earth aerial imaging and is approximate only.

#### 6.2 Proposed Drainage Conditions

Based on the Development Concept prepared by Weston Consulting (October 3, 2023), the proposed development will consist of twenty-one (21) estate residential lots, associated paved internal roadway, and landscaped areas. Access to the proposed development will be provided from the proposed entrance to Ochs Street.

The proposed site grading divides the site into two (2) internal and four (4) external post-development drainage catchment areas as shown on the Post-Development Drainage Plan (**Figure 7**). Details of each drainage catchment are provided in the following section.

- Catchment 201 (A = 3.50 ha) consists of drainage from the proposed building footprints, front yards fronting Street A, landscaped areas and the internal roadways (Street A). Storm events up to and including the 5-year event (minor storm events) will be collected and conveyed by the internal storm sewer system to the proposed stormwater management facility. Storm events greater than the 5-year event (major storm events) will be conveyed overland within the internal roadways (Street A) to the proposed stormwater management facility. The proposed stormwater management facility will provide quantity, quality, and erosion controls for the stormwater runoff from Catchment 201 prior to outletting to the Bronte Creek Tributary, consistent with existing conditions.
- Catchment 202 (A = 2.48 ha) consists of uncontrolled drainage from the proposed building footprints and rear yards along the east side of Street A. All storm events from this catchment are proposed to be conveyed uncontrolled via overland flow towards the Bronte Creek tributary south of the site, consistent with existing conditions.
- Catchment EXT1 (A = 5.22 ha) consists of uncontrolled external drainage from the existing residential properties, roadways, landscaped areas, and a baseball diamond north of the site. Drainage from this catchment is directed to the southwest corner of the park. An earth berm along the south and east property limits of the park, will prevent drainage from this catchment to enter the proposed lots and will be conveyed to the southwest through the drainage easement and proposed swale between Lot 1 and Lot 2 towards the Bronte Creek tributary, consistent with existing conditions. Site photos have been provided in Appendix H to show existing earth berm and drainage conditions.
- Catchment EXT2 (A = 0.26 ha) consists of uncontrolled external drainage from the existing residential properties, roadways, and landscaped areas north of the site. All storm events from these catchments are conveyed by the proposed storm sewer infrastructure and internal roadway within the development towards the proposed stormwater management facility, ultimately outletting to the Bronte Creek tributary.
- Catchment EXT3 (A = 0.26 ha) consists of uncontrolled external drainage from the existing residential properties, roadways, and landscaped areas north of the site. All storm events from these catchments are conveyed by the proposed storm sewer infrastructure and internal roadway within the development towards the proposed stormwater management facility, ultimately outletting to the Bronte Creek tributary.
- Catchment EXT4 (A = 0.46 ha) consists of uncontrolled external drainage from the existing residential properties, Ochs Street expansion, and landscaped areas north of the site. All storm events from this catchment are conveyed towards the existing Badenoch Street storm sewer via sheetflow along Ochs Street.

Under the proposed drainage conditions, all storm events up to the 100-year storm from Catchments 201, EXT2, and EXT3 will be conveyed to the proposed stormwater management facility. Following quantity and quality control, stormwater is to be conveyed to the Bronte Creek Tributary.

 Table 5 provides details of the catchment areas and percent imperviousness for the post-development conditions.

Catchment ID	Catchment Area (ha)	Land Use(s)	Percent Impervious	Outlet
201	3.50	Building footprints, front yards, and internal roadway	58.0	
202	2.48	Building footprints and rear yards	36.7	
EXTI	5.22	Residential properties, roadways, landscaped areas, and a baseball diamond	30.0	Bronte Creek Tributary
EXT2	0.26	Posidential properties	42.0	
EXT3	0.26	roadways, and landscaped areas	30.8	
EXT4	0.46		30.4	Badenoch Street Right-of-Way

Refer to the Post-Development Drainage Plan (**Figure 7**) for proposed drainage conditions and the Preliminary Site Servicing and Preliminary Site Grading Plans (**Figures 1-4**) that illustrate the proposed preliminary site servicing and drainage designs.

# 7.0 Stormwater Management

Stormwater management and site drainage for the proposed development must adhere to the policies and standards of the Township of Puslinch, Conservation Halton, and Ministry of Environment, Conservation, and Parks (MECP).

The stormwater management criteria for the development have been summarized below:

## Water Quantity Control

According to the Township of Puslinch Municipal Development Standards (September 2019), water quantity controls are required for the site. The water quantity requirements include controlling the post-development peak runoff rates to the pre-development peak runoff rates for storms up to and including the 100-year event (i.e., 2, 5, 10, 50, 100-year return periods).

#### Water Quality Control

At least 80% removal of Total Suspended Solids will be provided with "Enhanced Protection" as outlined in the Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (MOE, 2003).

#### Water Balance

Infiltration facilities shall be designed to ensure that, under post-development conditions, infiltration volumes match the pre-development conditions.

#### Erosion Control

According to Conservation Halton Guidelines for Stormwater Management Engineering Submissions (November 2021), erosion control is recommended such that the 25 mm design storm is retained over at least a 24-hour period.

#### 7.1 Stormwater Modelling Parameters

The Township of Puslinch stormwater management guidelines were referenced to determine the hydrologic parameters for the various catchment areas within the site. The topographic survey prepared by J.D. Barnes Limited (September 16, 2022) and the Hydrogeological Assessment prepared by Englobe (August 28, 2024) were referenced to confirm the land cover, drainage pattern, and on-site soil conditions.

Based on these sources, the hydrologic parameters for pre-development and post-development conditions were determined and are summarized in **Table 6** and **Table 7** below. The detailed hydrologic parameter sheets for each catchment area are included in **Appendix D**.

Catchment Description	101A <sup>N</sup>	101B <sup>N</sup>	102 <sup>N</sup>	EX1s	EX2 <sup>s</sup>
Drainage Area (ha)	1.26	0.76	3.96	5.17	1.41
Total Imperviousness (%)	-	-	-	30.0	36.9
Directly Connected Imperviousness (%)	-	-	-	20.7	29.1
Curve Number (CN) <sup>1</sup>	67.6	66.9	67.9	80.0	80.0
Time to Peak (hours)	0.14	0.05	0.08	_	_

Table 6: Pre-Development Hydrologic Parameters

1. Curve numbers are presented as utilized in VO modeling. CN reflects composite curve number for rural catchments modeled using NASHYD routine and curve number for pervious areas only for urban catchments using STANDHYD routine.

2. Superscript N represents the catchment was modelled using a NASHYD and a superscript S, represents the catchment was modelled using a STANHYD.

<b>Catchment Description</b>	201 <sup>s</sup>	<b>202</b> <sup>s</sup>	EXT1 <sup>s</sup>	EXT2 <sup>s</sup>	EXT3 <sup>s</sup>	EXT4 <sup>s</sup>			
Drainage Area (ha)	3.50	2.48	5.22	0.26	0.26	0.46			
Total Imperviousness (%)	58.0	36.7	30.0	42.0	30.8	30.4			
Directly Connected Imperviousness (%)	19.9	5.0	20.7	30.5	15.4	21.7			
Curve Number (CN) <sup>1</sup>	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0			
Time to Peak (hours)	_	_	-	-	-	-			

#### Table 7: Post-Development Hydrologic Parameters

 Curve numbers are presented as utilized in VO modeling. CN reflects composite curve number for rural catchments modeled using NASHYD routine and curve number for pervious areas only for urban catchments using STANDHYD routine.

2. Superscript N represents the catchment was modelled using a NASHYD and a superscript S, represents the catchment was modelled using a STANDHYD.

## 7.2 Stormwater Quantity Control

As discussed in Section 7.0, stormwater quantity control requirements for the site include controlling the post-development peak runoff to the pre-development peak runoff for storm events up to and including the 100-year event. According to the Township of Puslinch Municipal Development Standards, the City of Guelph's intensity-duration-frequency data for a 2-year to 100-year Chicago Storm event must be used as the hydraulic parameters for stormwater management modelling with a duration of 3 hours.

Visual OTTHYMO (VO) was used to create pre-development, post-development, and post-development with mitigation scenarios to quantify the site's peak stormwater flows. The associated hydrologic parameters are outlined in **Table 6** and **Table 7**. The pre-development and post-development stormwater flows directed to the Bronte Creek Tributary and the storage requirements are summarized below in **Table 8**. The VO model schematics, modelling results, and output files are included in **Appendix E**.

<b>Storm</b> (Year)	Pre-Dev. Peak Flow Rate <sup>1</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Post-Dev. Uncontrolled Peak Flow Rate <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Post-Dev. Controlled Peak Flow Rate <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Storage Volume Required (m <sup>3</sup> )	Storage Volume Provided <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
2	0.264	0.478	0.144	554	
5	0.457	0.754	0.249	642	
10	0.651	0.967	0.329	726	
25	0.886	1.283	0.488	823	1,143
50	1.064	1.511	0.632	896	
100	1.248	1.740	0.833	973	
Regional	0.811	0.922	0.915	1,149	

## Table 8: Peak Flows and Target Flows Summary (Discharge towards Bronte Creek Tributary)

Notes: 1. Includes runoff from Catchment 101A, 101B, 102, and EX2.

2. Includes runoff from Catchment 201, 202, EXT2, and EXT3.

3. 1,143 m<sup>3</sup> of storage is available in the SWM facility.

A *RouteReservoir* component was used in Visual OTTHYMO to model the proposed stormwater management facility and determine the active storage volumes required to control the peak flows for the 2-year to 100-year storm events. The 3-hour Chicago design storm was modelled using the City of Guelph's IDF parameters. To meet quantity control criteria, 973 m<sup>3</sup> of active storage volume is required to control the 100-year 3-hour Chicago design storm. Required active storage volumes for each storm event are summarized above in **Table 8**. The total active storage provided in the stormwater management pond is 1,143 m<sup>3</sup>, providing an additional 0.3 m of freeboard to the top of berm (not included in active storage). An emergency overflow weir has been proposed to outlet to the Bronte Creek tributary to convey the expected peak flow from the Regional event. The Visual OTTHYMO input and output files and model schematics have been provided in **Appendix E** and the details of the weir are illustrated on **Figure 1**.

A storm sewer design sheet has been prepared to determine storm pipe sizes throughout the development and has been provided in **Appendix D**.

The proposed stormwater management facility will be a stormwater management dry pond located near the southeast corner of the proposed development and will control post-development peak flows to their pre-development levels or lower (Post-to-Pre control'). The ultimate receiver of the stormwater from the proposed development is the Bronte Creek Tributary which is located east of the proposed development.

Catchment 202 will consist of rooftop and rear-yard drainage from the lots located along the southern and eastern property limits. Drainage from Catchment 201 will be overcontrolled to allow for Catchment 202 to drain uncontrolled to the Bronte Creek Tributary; however, the proposed dry pond will overcontrol the remainder of the site so the total peak flow rate from the site to the Bronte Creek Tributary will remain less than existing conditions.

## 7.3 Stormwater Quality Control

Stormwater quality controls for the proposed development must incorporate measures to provide "enhanced protection" as outlined by the Township of Puslinch Municipal Development Standards. Enhanced water quality protection involves the removal of at least 80% of the total suspended solids (TSS) from 90% of the annual runoff volume.

Water quality control for Catchment 201 will be provided using an oil-grit separator (Stormceptor EFO8 or approved equivalent) and dry pond in series. The oil-grit-separator is located upstream of the proposed stormwater management dry pond to provide quality control for runoff before discharging into the pond. It is understood the Township recognizes that an OGS unit provides 50% TSS removal. The proposed dry pond will provide 60% TSS removal per MECP standards. Together, the oil-grit separator and dry pond in series will provide 80% TSS removal (50% + 60%x50% = 80%). The water treatment train calculations and OGS sizing report can be found in **Appendix F**.

Catchment 202 will produce only clean runoff (i.e., landscaped and rooftop runoff). Therefore, quality controls are not proposed.

## 7.4 Stormwater Management Erosion Control

As outlined above, the proposed development is required to provide erosion control in the form of extended detention. The extended detention includes a minimum of 24-hour detention for the 25 mm storm event, per the Conservation Halton Stormwater Management Guidelines.

Erosion control for the proposed stormwater management facility is proposed to be provided by the active storage component of the proposed dry pond. A 25 mm, 3-Hour Chicago storm event was executed in the proposed conditions VO model. The computed runoff depth and required extended detention volume for the SWM dry pond is summarized in **Table 9**.

Stormwater Management Facility	Total Contributing Drainage Area (ha)	Criteria	Required Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	Provided Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )
		MECP Extended Detention (150 m³/ha)	603	
Dry Pond	4.02	Erosion Control (25 mm Runoff Volume)	465	603

Note: A. Required storage volumes from Table 3.2 of MECP SWM Planning and Design Manual (2003) based on 150 m<sup>3</sup>/ha for extended detention.

B. 5 mm runoff volume obtained from VO model

As presented in **Table 9**, the MECP Extended Detention volume requirements exceed the Erosion Control volume requirements requested by Conservation Halton. Therefore, the MECP standards govern the required volume for extended detention in the proposed stormwater management dry pond. The governing volume of 603 m<sup>3</sup> must be detained over a period of 24-hour to 48-hours. Drawdown calculations have been provided in **Appendix D**.

#### 7.5 Stormwater Management Facility Design Requirements

The proposed stormwater management dry pond will provide stormwater quantity, quality, and erosion controls to meet the relevant stormwater criteria outlined in Section 7.0 for the proposed development. The dry pond will provide an active storage component equipped with an outlet structure sized to meet stormwater quantity control and erosion control criteria.

The pond design was prepared to achieve the following Ministry of Environment, Conservation, and Parks design requirements as outline in Table 4.8 of the MECP Stormwater Management Manual:

- The proposed pond will have 4:1 side slopes.
- Mean depth between 1 m 3 m.
- The dry pond will be designed with an emergency overflow weir to direct flows towards the Bronte Creek tributary.

#### 7.6 Stormwater Management Facility Operating Characteristics

A preliminary stormwater management dry pond design has been completed, demonstrating that the stormwater management block is adequately sized to meet the requirements set by the various regulatory bodies. A summary of the preliminary stormwater management pond's characteristics is shown below in **Table 10**.

Component	<b>Elevation</b> (m)	Storage Required (m³)	Storage Provided (m³)
Bottom of Pond	312.35	-	-
Extended Detention	313.52	603	603
Regional High-Water Level	314.05	1,149	1,143
Top of Berm	314.35	-	1,536

#### Table 10: Stormwater Management Pond Operating Characteristics

As shown above in **Table 10**, the stormwater management facility presented within this report is sufficiently sized to meet all design criteria. Refer to **Appendix D** for detailed stormwater management facility calculations.

#### 7.7 Water Balance

The water balance parameters were established based on the climate data from various Kitchener-Waterloo Weather Stations near the Region of Waterloo International between 1990 – 2020, as well as site topography, soil type, and land cover infiltration factors. The results of the water balance indicate that there is an infiltration deficit of approximately 3,148 m<sup>3</sup>/year (3.2 mm storm event) due to an increase in impervious surfaces.

Based on communications with the Hydrogeological Consultant (Englobe, formerly Terraprobe), when applying a safety factor of 2.5, the existing soils at the location of the end-of-pipe LID can facilitate a preliminary infiltration rate of 30 mm/hr. The infiltration rate is to be confirmed with site testing (i.e., test pits and Guelph permeameter or double ring infiltrometer testing) at the detailed design stage.

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An infiltration system has been proposed downstream of the pond to meet pre-development infiltration volumes. This will consist of a 350 m<sup>2</sup> Cupolex H.45 system (or equivalent) with a tank depth of 0.45 m, over top of a 0.15 m thick layer of clear stone, providing a total storage depth of 0.6m and a storage volume of 150 m<sup>3</sup>. This system is designed to infiltrate 5,292 m<sup>3</sup>/year (5 mm storm event), which accounts for 34% of the average cumulative precipitation between the months of April and October. It has been assumed that the months of October to March are not conducive for infiltration due to frozen conditions.

Refer to **Table 11** which outlines the storage volume requirements to meet the water balance requirements.

Storage Requirements	Infiltration System Area (m²)	Void Ratio	Required Storage (m <sup>3</sup> )	Provided Storage (m <sup>3</sup> )
Water Balance	350	0.4	147	150

Table 11: Water Balance Volume Requirements

As outlined above in **Table 11**, if the Conservation Authority would like the water balance objectives to be met under post-development conditions, this will require an infiltration trench to store and infiltrate a volume of at least 147 m<sup>3</sup>, which will be provided through a proposed infiltration trench. The detailed water balance calculations are presented in **Appendix D**.

## 7.8 Floodplain Assessment

The Conservation Halton HEC-RAS floodplain modelling for the Bronte Creek Tributary (March 14, 2012) was obtained and reviewed by Crozier. Review of the modeling and the staked wetland and woodlot environmental constraints on the property ultimately determined the wetland and woodlot setbacks that govern the overall development limits for the site.

The Regional floodplain from the Conservation Halton HEC-RAS floodplain model has been delineated on the civil engineering drawings and a 15 m floodplain setback was established based on the Conservation Halton Policies and Guidelines for the Administration of Ontario Regulation 162/06 and Land Use Planning Policy Document April 27, 2006 (last amended, November 6, 2020). The wetland and woodlot were determined to be the governing development setbacks for the proposed development and, therefore, a detailed floodplain assessment has not been completed at this time. Furthermore, a meeting was held with Conservation Halton staff on July 2023 to discuss if the Conservation Halton HEC-RAS floodplain model delineation was sufficient for the floodplain delineation for the proposed development. Following the meeting, it was noted the Conservation Halton HEC-RAS floodplain model delineation was sufficient for the proposed development. Email excerpts with Conservation Halton staff have been included in **Appendix F**.

# 8.0 Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction

The design of the erosion and sediment controls will be completed during the detailed design of the proposed development. The erosion and sediment controls will be required to be installed prior to the beginning of any construction activities. They will be maintained until the site is stabilized or as directed by the Site Engineer and/or Township of Puslinch. Controls will be inspected after each significant rainfall event and maintained in proper working conditions.

Further details on the erosion and control measures that may be implemented have been summarized below:

#### Sediment Control Silt Fence

Sediment Control Silt Fence will be installed on the perimeter of the site to intercept sheet flow. Additional Sediment Control Silt Fence may be added based on field decisions by the Site Engineer and Owner prior to, during, and following construction.

#### Rock Mud Mat

A rock mud mat will be installed at the entrance to the construction zone to prevent mud tracking from the site onto surrounding lands and the perimeter roadway network. All construction traffic will be restricted to this access only.

#### Rock Check Dams

Rock check dams installed according to OPSD 219.210 should be installed in the proposed swale to protect from erosion conveyance during construction.

The Removals, Erosion and Sediment Control Plan will be refined throughout the planning application process with consultation with the Township and Conservation Authority to ensure potential environmental hazards during construction are minimized.

## 9.0 Conclusions & Recommendations

This report was prepared in support of the Zoning By-Law Amendment Application for the property located at 11 Main Street in the Township of Puslinch. The proposed development can be serviced for sanitary, water, and stormwater management in accordance with the Township of Puslinch, County of Wellington, and Conservation Halton requirements and standards.

Our conclusions and recommendations include:

#### Proposed Water and Sanitary Servicing

- 1. Municipal servicing infrastructure is not available for the Site, therefore, the proposed development will be serviced by individual onsite sewage systems and drilled wells.
- 2. On-site soils are primarily classified as silty sand to sand and silt deposits. The anticipated T-time for the soil is 30 min/cm. This T-time is an assumed average for the entire site based on the findings outlined in the Hydrogeological Assessment (Englobe, August 28, 2024). At detailed design, it is recommended that detailed groundwater studies are conducted to provide location specific T-Time estimates to support the detailed design of the sewage systems throughout the development. Groundwater was observed to be 5.21 mbgs to 6.76 mbgs. Additional groundwater information is provided in the Hydrogeological Assessment (Englobe, August 28, 2024).

- 3. The preliminary sewage system design flows are expected to be approximately 3,600 L/d for each lot. Given the preliminary sewage system design flow is less than 10,000 L/day per individual lot, an ECA issued by the MECP will not be required. Each onsite sewage system will consist of an advanced treatment unit discharging to a leaching bed constructed as a Type A dispersal bed with a footprint of approximately at least 270 m<sup>2</sup>. The advanced treatment system will consist of a Level IV treatment unit meeting the CAN/BNQ 3680-600 standard and must achieve the denitrification requirement of at least 62.5% nitrate-nitrogen reduction to meet MECP Guideline D-5-4.
- 4. Individual lots will be serviced with private drilled wells in accordance with O. Reg. 903 for potable water supply.

#### Stormwater Management

- 1. The site's stormwater runoff from the developable area (Catchment 201) will be collected and conveyed towards the proposed stormwater management facility by the proposed storm sewer network and internal road network. The proposed dry pond will control the post-development peak flows to the pre-development peak flows prior to outletting towards the Bronte Creek Tributary. Stormwater runoff the Catchment 202 will flow uncontrolled towards to the Bronte Creek Tributary.
- 2. Stormwater runoff from Catchment EXT1 will continue to be directed around the proposed development towards the Bronte Creek Tributary and stormwater runoff from Catchment EXT2 and EXT3 will be conveyed through the proposed development by the proposed storm sewer system and internal road network to the dry pond.
- 3. Stormwater quality controls for Catchment 201 will be provided by an oil-grit separator in series with the proposed dry pond to achieve 80% TSS removal.
- 4. The stormwater management facility will be designed to meet the erosion control requirements and provide a minimum of 24-hour detention for the 25 mm storm event.
- 5. The preliminary infiltration rate for soils onsite is 30 mm/yr. Therefore, an underground gravel infiltration trench has been proposed with a storage of 150 m<sup>3</sup> per storm event, which meets the infiltration target of 5,292 m<sup>3</sup>/year.

#### Erosion and Sediment Controls

1. Erosion and sediment controls will be implemented prior to construction and maintained to the satisfaction of the Township and Site Engineer until the site is stabilized.

Based on the above conclusions, we recommend the approval of the Zoning By-Law Amendment Application from the perspective of functional servicing and preliminary stormwater management.

Respectfully submitted,

## C.F. CROZIER & ASSOCIATES INC.



Engineering Intern, Land Development

TF/tc:cj

J:\2300\2366 - WDD Main Street\6537 - 11 Main Street\Reports\2024.12.20\_ (2366-6537)\_FSRSWM \_Final.docx



# APPENDIX A

Fire Flow Calculations

	DZIER Ing Engineers		Project: Project NO.: Date: Designed By: Checked By:	11 Main Street 2366-6537 2023-01-09 BP BW
	Adequate Part 3 Fire Protection, Occu	Water Supply Calculation	s (OFM Version) ility of the Ontario Building Code	
Building:	Type C (Residential)		360 m <sup>2</sup>	6 m
References 1. Part 3 of the Onto 2. Fire Protection W 3. Draft Plan of Sub	ario Building Code (2012) /ater Supply Guideline For Part 3 O division, Weston Consulting (Febru	f The Ontario Building Cod ary 6, 2023)	e, TG-03-1999 (October 1999)	
<u>Equation</u>		· ·		
		$Q = KVS_{Total}$		
Q K V S <sub>TOT</sub>	Minimum supply of water in Water supply coefficient bo Total building volume in cu Total of spatial coefficient	n litres. ased upon building occup Ibic metres. values from property line e	ancy. exposures on all sides	
Minimum Supply of W	<u>ater</u>			
K = V = S <sub>TOT</sub> =	23.0 2160 m³ 1.8	C Classification	(reference 1.)	
	Exposure	Distance (m)	S <sub>side</sub>	
	North	40.0	0.0	
	East	6.0	0.4	
	South	6.0	0.4	
Q =	West 89,424 L	30.0	0.0	
Minimum Water Flow	Supply Flow Pate			
Required minimum w	ater supply flow rate (L/min) (refe	rence 2.)		
Floor area ≤ 600 m²:		Yes 2700 L/min 0,5 hr	Required flow rate Required duration	
Q =	81,000 L			
<u>Conclusion</u>				
Therefore, the minimu	um water supply for proposed Build	ling Type C (Residential) is		89,424 L



**CROZIER** CONSULTING ENGINEERS **Project:** 11 Main Street, Puslinch **Project No.:** 2366-6537

Created By: AL Checked By: BW

Date: 2023.02.07 Updated: 2024-07-31

Domestic W	ater Demo	and - O	ntario B	uilding Code
Peak Sewage Flow	3,600	L/day		Notes & References Ontario Building Code - Table 8.2.1.3.B
Avg. Daily Demand =	450	L/day		
	0.31	L/min		24-hr day
Peaking Factors				Based on MECP suggested factor from
Max Day =	8.0			Table 3-3 MOE Design Guidelines for
Peak Hour =	12.1			Drinking Water Systems fewer than 500 people (2008)
Average Day =	0.31	L/min		Max Day = (Average Day
Max Day =	2.50	L/min		Demand) * (Max Day Factor)
Peak Hour =	3.77	L/min		Peak Hour = (Average Day Demand) * (Peak Hour Factor)
Criteria	Average Daily Water Demand (L/min)	Max Day Demand (L/min)	Peak Hourly Demand (L/min)	
OBC and MECP Design Guidelines	0.31	2.50	3.77	



Project: 11 Main Street, Puslinch Project No.: 2124-6029 Prepared By: BP Checked By: BW Date: 2022.05.11

	Update	<b>d:</b> 2024.07.31
WA	TER DEMAND CALCULATIONS	<u> </u>
11 Mc	ain Street, Township of Pusling	ch
Note: Based on Development Concept prep February 6, 2023	pared by Weston Consulting dated	d References
Population Density Number of Units	4 persons/unit 23	Per jobs of similar scope.
Total Population	92 persons	
Average Daily Demand	450 L/cap/day 41,400 L/day	MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems (2008), Section 3.4.2.
	0.40 L/S	
Maximum Daily Demand Peaking Factor Maximum Hourly Demand Peaking Factor	3.6 5.4	MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems (2008), Section 3.4.5.1, Table 3-3.
Maximum Daily Flow	149,040 L/day	
	1.73 L/s	
Peak Hour Flow	223,560 L/day <b>2.59 L/s</b>	
Maximum Daily per Unit	6,480 L/day	
Peak Hour Flow per Unit	9,720 L/day	
	U.II L/S	

# APPENDIX B

Sanitary Servicing Calculations



#### **ONSITE SEWAGE SYSTEM RESIDENTIAL CALCULATION SHEET**

Project Name: 11 Main Street Project Number: 2366-6537 ######### Designed By: AL Checked By: KR

#### # input required

Fixtures	Number of Fixtures	Fixture Units per Fixture	Total Fixture Units	_
Bathroom Group (flush tank)	3	6	18.0	_
2 Piece Bathroom	2	5.5	11.0	1
Basement Rough-in	0	6	0.0	1
Sinks (Domestic Lavatory w. 1/2" trap, kitchen sink, single compartment laundry tray)	5	1.5	7.5	
Clothes Washer	1	1.5	1.5	1
Dishwasher (if not connected to kitchen sink)	1	1	1.0	1
Shower (from 1 head)	1	1.5	2	1
Floor drain	1	3	3	
Laundry Tub	1	1.5	2	
		<b>Total Fixture Units</b>	45.0	

Assumed fixture units based on similar house sizes

		ONSI	TE SEWAGE SI	STEM RESIDE	NTIAL CALCULA	TION SHEET
	Project Name Project Numbe	e: 11 Main Stree r: 2366-6537	et	Date: Designed By: Checked By:	2024-11-07 AL KR	
				####	input required	
House Details:	360.0	4 bedroom 00 m2				References
Description			Number of Units	Additional Flow per Unit (L)	Total Flow (L/day)	
Base Flow					2000	
Additional Flow						
i) Each bedroom over 5			0	500	0	
ii) Area over 200m <sup>2,</sup>						
A) Each 10m <sup>2</sup> over 200m <sup>2</sup> to 400m <sup>2</sup>			16	100	1600	
B) Each 10m <sup>2</sup> over 400m <sup>2</sup> to 600m <sup>2</sup>			0	75	0	
C) Each 10m <sup>2</sup> over 600m <sup>2</sup>			0	50	0	
		Total /	Additional Sewag	e Flow from Area	1600	
iii) Fixture Units over 20			25	50	1250	
			Addition flow (g	greatest of i,ii,iii)	1600	
	То	tal Daily Desigi	n Sanitary Sewa	ge Flow (L/day):	3600	
Required septic tank size =	7200	L minimum				Treatment: WBP Model AD40, 4000 L/d Treatment: ADIPC-11250 Basket Biofilter Tank: BT-11250
Propose Level IV Treatment (Y/N):	Y					orangevine rrecast concrete Etd.
Native Percolation time, T =	30	min/cm				T-time estimated by Crozier
Imported Sand Percolation time =	30	min/cm				
Option #1 - Type A Dispersal Bed						
Stone area =	Required	2 m <sup>2</sup>	(Q/50)	Provided 72	m <sup>2</sup>	12m x 6m
Sand area =	27	70 m <sup>2</sup>	(QT/400)	368	m²	16m x 23m

# APPENDIX C

Waterloo Biofilter Third-party Verification Studies



# WaterNOx-LS Third Party Testing Summary

In the fall of 2016, Waterloo Biofilter Systems Inc. installed their WaterNOx-LS<sup>™</sup> denitrification unit at the Bureau de Normalisation du Quebec (BNQ) test site located in Quebec City. The system underwent BNQ 3680-600 test protocol which includes two parts - Period A and Period B. Period A is based on the methodology of NSF/ANSI Standards 40 and 245, containing the same flow patterns and stress tests. Period B provides for a further 6 months of seasonal reliability testing to ensure that the test includes cold weather results.

The WaterNOx-LS is a passive autotrophic denitrification process using sulphur-limestone minerals in a submerged, up-flow configuration. The WaterNOx-LS, which was sized for 1,600 L/day (350 gpd) followed a Waterloo Biofilter nitrifying treatment unit.

## **Period A Test Results**

During Period A wastewater is dosed according to the hydraulic loading specified in NSF-40. Period A includes the wash-day, working-parent, power failure, and vacation period stress tests. All sample results taken during stress tests are included in the analysis. Influent wastewater temperature values ranged from 10.0 °C (50 °F) to 16.5 °C (62 °F) with an average value of 13.3 °C (56 °F). Influent pH averaged 7.9 and effluent pH averaged 7.2.

Parameters	Influent	Effluent	Removal
(c)BOD₅	260	6	97.6%
TSS	312	3	99.2%
Fecal Coliforms	2,403,000	4,900	99.8%
NO <sub>2,3</sub>	-	0.20	-
TKN	57.1	4.6	92.0%
TN (NO <sub>2,3</sub> + TKN)	57.1	4.8	91.6%

# Table 1 – Period A Results for the WaterNOx-LS

n = 123; n = 357 for fecals

All parameters in mg/L except Fecal Coliforms in cfu/100mL

All values arithmetic averages except Fecal Coliforms in geometric average

Weekly influent total nitrogen concentrations ranged from 43.0 mg/L to 68.8 mg/L with a six-month average concentration of 57.1 mg/L.

Weekly effluent NO<sub>2,3</sub> concentrations ranged from < 0.02 mg/L to 3.33 mg/L with a six-month average of 0.20 mg/L. Weekly effluent TKN concentrations ranged from 1.5 mg/L to 16.9 mg/L with a six-month average of 4.6 mg/L. Weekly effluent total nitrogen concentrations ranged from 1.7 mg/L to 17.1 mg/L with a six-month average of 4.8 mg/L. The total nitrogen reduction over the six-month period was 91.6%.



# Period B Test Results

Weekday hydraulic loading is modified during Period B to a strenuous 'working parent' schedule where 40% of the flow is delivered over three hours in the morning, and 60% is delivered over three hours in the evening. All samples taken during Period B are included in the analysis. Influent wastewater temperature values ranged from 10.1 °C (50 °F) to 15.8 °C (60 °F) with an average value of 12.3 °C (54 °F). Influent pH averaged 8.0 and effluent pH averaged 7.1.

Parameters	Influent	Effluent	Removal
(c)BOD₅	248	4	98.2%
TSS	304	3	99.1%
Fecal Coliforms	2,142,000	2,800	99.9%
NO <sub>2,3</sub>	-	3.38	-
TKN	60.3	8.5	85.9%
TN (NO <sub>2,3</sub> + TKN)	60.4	11.9	80.3%

|--|

n = 59; n = 118 for fecals

All parameters in mg/L except Fecal Coliforms in cfu/100mL

All values arithmetic averages except Fecal Coliforms in geometric average

Weekly influent total nitrogen concentrations ranged from 21.2 mg/L to 85.6 mg/L with a six-month average concentration of 60.4 mg/L.

Weekly effluent NO<sub>2,3</sub> concentrations ranged from < 0.04 mg/L to 15.2 mg/L with a six-month average of 3.38 mg/L. Weekly effluent TKN concentrations ranged from 1.2 mg/L to 21.2 mg/L with a weekly average of 8.5 mg/L. Weekly effluent total nitrogen concentrations ranged from 3.7 mg/L to 22.2 mg/L with a six-month average of 11.9 mg/L. The total nitrogen reduction over the six-month period was 80.3%.

## Conclusion

In summary, the WaterNOx-LS system can successfully remove very high levels of total nitrogen passively, while buffering pH to neutral and keeping  $cBOD_5$  and TSS levels below 10 mg/L.

# APPENDIX D

Hydrologic Parameter Sheets & SWM Design



Project: 11 Main Street Project No: 2366-6357 Modelled By: DK Checked By: Date: 2024.06.19

## Water Budget Summary Project Name: 11 Main Street Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

	Site				
Characteristic	Pre- Development	Post- Development	Post-Development with Mitigation	Change (Pre to Post)	Change (Pre to Post) with Mitigation
Inputs (Volumes)					
Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	50872	50872	50872	0%	0%
Run-On (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0	0%	0%
Other inputs (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0	0%	0%
Total Inputs (m³/yr)	50872	50872	50872	0	0
Outputs (Volumes)					
Runoff (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)*	9603	24891	19599	15288	9996
Evapotranspiration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	34867	22726	22726	-12140	-12140
Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	6402	3254	3254	-3148	-3148
Soakaway Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	5292	0	5292
Total Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	6402	3254	8547	-3148	2145
Runoff Pervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	9603	4882	4882	-4722	-4722
Runoff Impervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	20010	14717	20010	14717
Total Runoff (m³/yr)	9603	24891	19599	15288	9996
Total Outputs (m³/yr)	50872	50872	50872	0%	0%


Project Name: 11 Main Street Project No: 2366-6357 Modelled By: DK Checked By: Date: 2024.06.19

#### **Climatic Water Budget - Thornthwaite Method** Project Name: 11 Main Street \*WATERLOO WELLINGTON A - Climate Normals 1971-2000 Station Data **Degrees** Minutes Seconds Insert Latitude: 43 27 0 \*Only Applicable Between Latitudes 40° - 50° Mean **PET - Potential** Dailv **Adjusted PET - Potential Total Precipitation** Surplus " a " Temperature Heat index Evapotranspiration Deficit (mm) Month Correction Evapotranspiration (mm) (mm) (mm) (∘C) (mm) Value -6.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.49 0.77 66.3 66.3 January -5.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.49 0.0 0.87 46.1 February 46.1 March -0.8 0.0 0.49 0.0 0.99 0.0 57.0 57.0 0.0 April 5.9 1.3 0.52 27.0 1.11 30.1 81.2 51.1 0.0 12.6 4.1 0.56 60.9 1.23 74.8 80.2 5.4 0.0 May June 17.8 6.8 0.61 88.3 1.29 113.7 80.5 0.0 33.2 20.2 8.3 101.1 1.26 127.8 96.2 0.0 31.6 July 0.64 19.1 95.2 1.17 111.4 67.2 00 August 7.6 0.62 44.2 15.2 74.5 75.2 2.8 September 5.4 0.59 1.05 78.0 0.0 October 8.8 2.4 0.53 41.5 0.92 38.2 71.0 32.8 0.0 November 2.6 0.4 0.50 11.2 0.81 9.1 74.9 65.8 0.0 December -2.8 0.0 0.49 0.0 0.75 0.0 54.9 54.9 0.0 Totals 36.2 1.07 583.1 850.7 379.5 111.8 TOTAL WATER DEFICIT = 111.8 mm

TOTAL WATER SURPLUS (SURPLUS - DEFICIT) = Precipitation Adjustment Factor : 267.6 mm

none

#### NOTES:

1. Water budget adjusted for latitude and daylight.

2. (°C) - Represents calculated mean of daily temperatures for the month.

3. Precipitation and Temperature data from the \*WATERLOO WELLINGTON A (Station No.6149387) Environment Canada Station Data

4. Total Water Surplus (Thornthwaite, 1948) is calculated as total precipitation minus adjusted potential evapostranspiration.



 Project:
 11 Main Street

 Project No:
 2366-6357

 Modelled By:
 DK

 Date:
 2024.06.19

# Design Storm Determination Project Name: 11 Main Street Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Days with F	Precipitatio	on (From (	Climate Data)					
	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Total
>= 0.2 mm	13.0	12.3	12.0	11.8	11.0	11.5	14.1	86
>= 5 mm	5.0	4.8	5.1	4.5	4.0	4.8	4.5	33
>= 10 mm	2.4	2.8	2.6	3.0	2.4	2.7	2.6	19
>= 25 mm	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.3	3.45

Available Precipitation

	Storm Event (mm)	Total Days Per Year	Incremental Precipitation (mm/yr)	Cumulative Precipitation (mm/yr)	
	0.2	86	17.1	17.1	]
	5	33	163.2	180.4	
	10	19	186.1	366.5	
	25	3.45	86.3	452.8	
	Total	140	452.8		
	Infiltratic Contribut Infiltratic	on Target: ing Area: on Target:	5292 29402 107	m <sup>3</sup> /year m <sup>2</sup> mm/year	Impervious Area
	Runoff Co	efficient:	0.90		Impervious runoff coefficient
[	Design Prec	ipitation:	119	mm/year	(Design Infiltration / Contributing RC)
herefore	e Min. Desig	gn Storm:	3.2	mm	
С	hosen Desig	gn Storm:	5	mm	
	Required	Storage:	147	m <sup>3</sup>	Volume per Storm Event



Project Name: 11 Main Street Project No: 2366-6357 Modelled By: DK Checked By: Date: 2024.06.19

# Water Budget - Post-Development <u>with Mitigation</u> Project Name: 11 Main Street Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Post-development pervious a Post-development impervious	rea. ; area.			
				_
	S	ite - Post-Developme	nt	
Catchment Designation	Pervious Area	Impervious Area	Totals	
Area (m²)	30398	29402	59800	1
Pervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	30398	0	30398	
mpervious Area $(m^2)$	0	29402	29402	
Inf	iltration Factors	27402	27402	1
opography Infiltration Eactor	0.10	0		1
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.20	õ		
and Cover Infiltration Factor	0.10	0		
AOE Infiltration Factor	0.40	0.00		
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.40	0.00		
Run-off Coefficient	0.25	0.90		
unoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0.00	1.00		
Inpu	its (per Unit Area)			1
recipitation (mm/yr)	851	851	851	1
lun-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0	
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0	
otal Inputs (mm/yr)	851	851	851	
Outp	uts (per Unit Area	)		1
ecipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	268	851	554	1
et Surplus (mm/yr)	268	851	554	
apotranspiration (mm/yr) *	583	170	380	
filtration (mm/yr)	107	0	54	5292 Proposed Infiltration via Mitigation
bakaway Infiltration (mm/yr)	0	180	88	Pre-Development Total Infiltration:
otal Infiltration (mm/yr)	107	180	143	107 mm/yr
unoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	161	0	82	
unoff Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0	501	246	
otal Runoff (mm/yr)	161	501	328	Note:
otal Outputs (mm/yr)	851	851	851	0 mm
fference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	Precipitation available between Apr-
In	puts (Volumes)		1	Oct (non-winter months). Ineretore
recipitation (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	25860	25012	50872	frozen soil
2un-On (m³/yr)	0	0	0	102011301
Other Inputs (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0	
otal Inputs (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	25860	25012	50872	1
Ou	tputs (Volumes)			1
recipitation Surplus (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	8136	25012	33148	1
let Surplus (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	8134	25012	33148	
vapotranspiration $(m^3/m) *$	17704	500.2	22724	
vaporiarispilation (m / yr)	2054	0002	22/20	
minution (m /yi)	- 3234	U 5000	3234	Dre Development Tetel In Clinic Provi
naerground storage infiltration (m°/yr)		5292	5292	
otal Infiltration (m°/yr)	3254	5292	854/	6402 m3/yr
unoff Pervious Areas (m³/yr)	4882	0	4882	
	0	14717	14717	
unoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr)	_			
Runoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr) otal Runoff (m³/yr)	4882	14717	19599	
tunoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr) otal Runoff (m³/yr) otal Outputs (m³/yr)	4882 25860	14717 25012	19599 50872	

NOTES: \* Evaporation from impervious areas was assumed to be 20% of precipitation.

Project Name: 11 Main Street Project No: 2366-6357 Modelled By: DK Checked By: Date: 2024.07.02

## Water Budget - Post-Development <u>without Mitigation</u> Project Name: 11 Main Street Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Post-development pervious area. Post-development impervious area.

**CROZIER** 

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Note: Site land use areas consistent with Post-Development SWM hydrologic modeling & calculations

Catchment Designation		Site - Post-Development		
Calchment Designation	Pervious Area	Impervious Area	Totals	
Area (m²)	30398	29402	59800	
Pervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	30398	0	30398	
Impervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0	29402	29402	
	Infiltration Facto	rs	<u>n</u>	-
Topography Infiltration Factor	0.10	0		
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.20	0		
Land Cover Infiltration Factor	0.10	0		
MOE Infiltration Factor	0.40	0.00	]	
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.40	0.00	1	
Run-off Coefficient	0.25	0.90		
Runoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0.00	1.00		
	Inputs (per Unit Ar	ea)		
Precipitation (mm/yr)	851	851	851	
Run-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0	
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0	
Total Inputs (mm/yr)	851	851	851	
	Outputs (per Unit A	rea)		
Precipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	268	851	554	
Net Surplus (mm/yr)	268	851	554	
Evapotranspiration (mm/yr) *	583	170	380	
Infiltration (mm/yr)	107	0	54	
Soakaway Infiltration (mm/yr)	0	0	0	
Total Infiltration (mm/yr)	107	0	54	
RUnoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	161	0	82	
RUNOTT Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0	681	335	
	951	001	410	-
Difference (Inputs, Outputs)	001	001	0	-1
Difference (inpuis- Ouipuis)	Inputs (Volumes			
Procipitation (m <sup>3</sup> /ur)	25940	25012	50972	-
	23060	23012	50672	
RUN-ON (M /yr)	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	_
Total Inputs (m³/yr)	25860	25012	50872	_
	Outputs (Volume	es)		-
Precipitation Surplus (m³/yr)	8136	25012	33148	
Net Surplus (m³/yr)	8136	25012	33148	
Evapotranspiration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr) *	17724	5002	22726	
Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	3254	0	3254	
Soakaway Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0	Pre-Development Total Infiltration:
Total Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	3254	0	3254	6402 m3/yr
Runoff Pervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	4882	0	4882	
Runoff Impervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	0	20010	20010	
Total Runoff (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	4882	20010	24891	
Total Outputs (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	25860	25012	50872	=
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	4
	· · · ·	-		•

NOTES:

\* Evaporation from impervious areas was assumed to be 0% to be conservative, as there will be some evaporation.



Project Name: 11 Main Street Project No: 2366-6357 Modelled By: DK Checked By: Date: 2024.07.02

## Water Budget - Pre-Development Project Name: 11 Main Street Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Pre-development pervious area. Pre-development impervious area.

Note: Site land use areas consistent with Pre-Development SWM hydrologic modeling & calculations

Catalana ant Dasimu atian	Site - Pre-Development							
Catchment Designation	Pervious Area	Impervious	Totals					
Area (m²)	59800	0	59800					
Pervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	59800	0	59800					
Impervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0	0	0					
	Infiltration Factors	· · · ·						
Topography Infiltration Factor	0.10	0						
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.20	0						
Land Cover Infiltration Factor	0.10	0						
MOE Infiltration Factor	0.40							
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.40	0						
Run-off Coefficient	0.25	0.90						
Runoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0	0.90						
	nputs (per Unit Area)		<u>II</u>					
Precipitation (mm/yr)	851	851	851					
Run-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0					
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0					
Total Inputs (mm/yr)	851	851	851					
0	utputs (per Unit Area)	•	"					
Precipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	268	766	268					
Net Surplus (mm/yr)	268	766	268					
Evapotranspiration (mm/yr) *	583	170	583					
Infiltration (mm/yr)	107	0	107					
Soakaway Infiltration (mm/yr)	0	0	0					
Total Infiltration (mm/yr)	107	0	107					
Runoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	161	0	161					
Runoff Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0	681	0					
Total Runoff (mm/yr)	161	681	161					
Total Outputs (mm/yr)	851	851	851					
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0					
	Inputs (Volumes)	-						
Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	50872	0	50872					
Run-On (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0					
Other Inputs (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0					
Total Inputs (m³/yr)	50872	0	50872					
	Outputs (Volumes)							
Precipitation Surplus (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	16005	0	16005					
Net Surplus (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	16005	0	16005					
Evapotranspiration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr) *	34867	0	34867					
Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	6402	0	6402					
Soakaway Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	0	0	0					
Total Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	6402	0	6402					
Runoff Pervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	9603	0	9603					
Runoff Impervious Areas (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)		0 0	0					
Total Runoff (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	9403	0	9403					
Total Outputs (m <sup>3</sup> /yr)	50972	0	50972					
Difference (Inputs Outputs)	00072		0					
Difference (inputs- Outputs)	0	l 0	U U					



Project: 11 Main Street Project No.: 2366-6537 Created By: CM Checked By: TF Date: 2024.11.08

Erosion Control Volume Calculations (MECP)									
Area Name Area to Pond = Extended detention (MECP) =	Drainage Area 4.02 603	ha m³		Percent I Perce	Impervious nt Pervious	55.2% 44.8%			
<u>Extended Detention Volume:</u> Greater of :	Dry Pond Detention:	v V	' = ' =	150 m <sup>3</sup> / ha 603 m <sup>3</sup>	(MECP requ	virement)			
Dete (Runoff volume basec	ntion of 25mm Runoff: I on 25mm VO Model)	Depth V	n = 1 ' =	1.56 465 m <sup>3</sup>	(from VO m	nodel)			
Requ	vired Extended Detent	ion Volume	e =	603 m <sup>3</sup>					



Project No:2366-6537Project:11 Main StreetFile:Extended DetentionDesign by:CMChecked by:TFDate:2024.11.08

		(Per MECP)					
Extended Deter	ntion Volume (	Area x runoff from 25mm event)			603		
t (drawdown tin		86400					
Ao (cross section		0.0044					
h (maximum wa		1.17					
C (discharge coefficient)							
Ap (average sur	rface area for	extended detention - sqm)			857		
t	= 2*Ap*(h^0.5	5)/(C*Ao*(g*2)^0.5)					
F	4o =	0.008 sqm	d =	98	mm		
			_				
Extended Deter	ntion Orifice D	ameter (as designed)	d =	75	mm		
		ACTUAL DRAWDOWN	TIME				
		* Neglecting tailwater co	nditions*				
Extended Deter	ntion Volume l	Jsed			603		
d (orifice diame	eter, mm)				75		
l l	ad acting on	orifice for extended detention r	m)		1.17		
h (maximum he			1.17				
h (maximum he Ao (cross section	n area of orific	ce, m <sup>2</sup> )	,		0.0044		
h (maximum he Ao (cross section C (discharge co	n area of orific pefficient)	ce, m <sup>2</sup> )	,		0.0044 0.64		
h (maximum he Ao (cross section C (discharge co Ap (average sur	n area of orific pefficient) face area for	extended detention, m <sup>2</sup> )	,		0.0044 0.64 850		
h (maximum he Ao (cross section C (discharge co Ap (average sur	n area of orific pefficient) face area for	extended detention, $m^2$ )	,		0.0044 0.64 850		
h (maximum he Ao (cross section C (discharge co Ap (average sur	n area of orific pefficient) face area for t = 2*Ap*	extended detention, $m^2$ ) (h^0.5)/(C*Ao*(g*2)^0.5)		1	0.0044 0.64 850		



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#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB NASHYD Command Pre Development Drainage Area: Catchment 101A

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	ington Co	unty Soils Map (1962):			Note: RC and CN values obtained fro
Туре	ID	Hydrologic Group	% Area	Area	Drainage Management Manual Part
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	A	100	2.02	*On-site soils silty sand with poor hy
				0	conductivity per Terraprobe Hydroge
				0	Assessment (February 2023)
				0	
Total Area				2.02	

Impervious	<u>Lanauses Preser</u>	<u>1</u> 1:											
	Grave	el	Sidewa	k	Drivewo	y	Buildin	g	SWMF		Subt	otals	
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN	
DUF	0		0		0		0		0		0	0	
Subtotal	0		0		0		0		0				
Pervious Lar	nduses Present:												
	Woodland		Meadow		Wetland	Wetland		Lawn		Cultivated		Subtotals	
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN	
DUF	0.16	36	0.00	30	0		0		1.86	70	2.02	136.01	
Subtotal	0.16		0.00		0		0		1.86				
							Total Pervious	Area			2.02		
				Comp	ocito Aroa Calo	ulations	Total Impervio	us Area			0.00		
				Comp	iosile Alea Caic		% Impervious				0.00%		
							Composite Cu	rve Numb	ber		67.3		
							Total Area Che	eck			2.02		

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

	Initial Abs	traction			Composite Runoff Coefficient							
	14 (100 100)	Area	A * I A	Dumfries	s Sandy Loam	*						
Landuse	iA (mm)	(ha)	ATIA	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	A*RC
Woodland	10	0.16	1.59	0.30	0.16		0		0		0	0.05
Meadow	8	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0
Wetland	16	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0
Lawn	5	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0
Cultivated	7	1.86	13.03	0.45	1.86		0		0		0	0.84
Impervious	2	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0
Composite		2.02	7.24	Composi	ite Runoff Coe	efficient						0.44

		Time to	Peak Inputs				Uplands		Bransby W	/illiams	Airp	ort
Flow Path	length (m)	Drop	Slope (%)	V/s <sup>0.5</sup>	Velocity (m/s)	Tc (br)	Tp/br)	total tp	Te (br)	Tn/hr)	Tc (br)	Tn/hr)
Description	Lengin (m)	(m)	310be (10)	V/3			10(11)	(hr)		ip(iii)		ip(iii)
Sheet Flow	111	6.70	6.04%	2.7	0.66	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.05	0.21	0.14

Appropriate calculated time to peak:	0.14 Appropriate Method:	Airport



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#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB NASHYD Command Pre Development Drainage Area: Catchment 101B

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	ington Co	unty Soils Map (1962):			Note: RC and CN values obtained from th
Туре	ID	Hydrologic Group	% Area	Area	Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (19
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	AB	100	0.76	*On-site soils silty sand with poor hydrau
				0	conductivity per Terraprobe Hydrogeolog
				0	Assessment (February 2023)
				0	
Total Area				0.76	

Impervious	<u>anduses Preser</u>	11:										
	Grave	el	Sidewal	k	Drivewa	iy	Buildin	g	SWMF		Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0		0		0		0		0		0	0
Subtotal	0		0		0		0		0			
Pervious Lar	nduses Present:											
	Woodland Meadow		v Wetland			Lawn		Cultivat	ed	Subt	otals	
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.07	36	0		0		0		0.69	70	0.76	50.82
Subtotal	0.07		0		0		0		0.69			
							Total Pervious	Area			0.76	
							Total Impervio	us Area			0.00	
				Comp		olunions	% Impervious				0.00%	
							Composite Cu	rve Numb	ber		66.9	
							Total Area Che	eck			0.76	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

	Initial Abs	traction		Composite Runoff Coefficient										
Landura	(mm)	Area	A * I A	Dumfries Sandy Loam*										
Lanause	ia (mm)	(ha)	AIA	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	A*RC		
Woodland	10	0.07	0.70	0.30	0.07		0		0		0	0.02		
Meadow	8	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0		
Wetland	16	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0		
Lawn	5	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0		
Cultivated	7	0.69	4.83	0.45	0.69		0		0		0	0.31		
Impervious	2	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0		
Composite		0.76	7.28	Compos	ite Runoff Coe	efficient						0.44		

Time to Peak Inputs						Uplands			Bransby Williams		Airport	
Flow Path	Longth (m)	Drop	Slope (7)	V/c <sup>0.5</sup>	Valacity (m/s)	To (br)	Tp(br)	total tp	Te (br)	Tn/hr)	To (br)	Tn (br)
Description	Lengin (m)	(m)	310pe (%)	۷/۵			ip(iii)	(hr)	ic (ni)	ip(iii)		ip(iii)
Sheet Flow	103	4.40	4.27%	2.7	0.56	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.05	0.23	0.15

Appropriate ealer lated time to peak	0.05 Appropriate Method	Dronaby ( Williamaa
Appropriate calculated time to peak.		



#### D.A. NAME 102 D.A. AREA (ha) 3.96

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB NASHYD Command Pre Development Drainage Area: Catchment 102

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Welli	ngton Co	unty Soils Map (1962):		
Туре	ID	Hydrologic Group	% Area	Area
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	100	3.96
				0
				0
				0
Total Area				3.96

Impervious I	<u>_anduses Preser</u>	nt:										
	Grave	el 🛛	Sidewal	k	Drivewa	iy	Buildin	g	SWMF		Sub	totals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0		0		0		0		0		0	0
Subtotal	0.00		0		0		0.00		0			
Pervious Lar	nduses Present:											
	Woodland Meadow		N	v Wetland		Lawn		Cultivated		Sub	totals	
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.25	36	0		0		0		3.71	70	3.96	268.79
Subtotal	0.25		0		0		0		3.71			
							Total Pervious	Area			3.96	
				Comr	osite Area Calc	ulations	Total Impervio	us Area			0.00	
				Com		oranons	% Impervious				0.00%	
							Composite Cu	rve Numb	ber		67.9	
							Total Area Che	eck			3.96	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

	Initial Abs	traction		Composite Runoff Coefficient								
Landuro	A(mm)	Area	A * I A	Dumfri	es Sandy Loam*	¢						
Lanause	IA (mm)	(ha)	AIA	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	RC	Area	A*RC
Woodland	10	0.25	2.48	0.30	0.25		0		0		0	0.07
Meadow	8	0	0		0.00		0		0		0	0.00
Wetland	16	0	0		0		0		0		0	0.00
Lawn	5	0	0		0		0		0		0	0.00
Cultivated	7	3.71	25.99	0.45	3.71		0		0		0	1.67
Impervious	1.5	0	0		0		0		0		0	0.00
Composite		3.96	7.19	Compo	osite Runoff Coe	fficient						0.44

		Time to I	Peak Inputs				Uplands		Bransby W	/illiams	Airp	oort
Flow Path	Length (m)	Drop	Slope (%)	V//s <sup>0.5</sup>	Velocity (m/s)	Tc (br)	Tp(br)	total Tp	Te (br)	Tn/hr)	Tc (br)	Tn (br)
Description	Lengin (m)	(m)	310be (1/8)	v/3			ip(iii)	(hr)		ip(iii)		ip(iii)
Sheet Flow	165	13.00	7.88%	2.7	0.76	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.06	0.23	0.16

Appropriate calculated time to peak:	0.06 Appropriate Method:	Bransby Williams



### D.A. NAME EX1 D.A. AREA (ha) 5.22

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command External Drainage Area: Catchment EX1

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Wellington County Soils Map (1962):											
Туре	ID	Hydrologic	% Area	Area							
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	100	5.22							
				0							
				0							
				0							
Total Area Check				5.22							

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*External soils assumed to be silty sand with poor hydraulic conductivity.

Impervious Lar	nduses Preser	nt:										
	Road	way	Grav	el	Drivew	/ay	Buildir	ng	SWM P	ond	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.21	98	0.35	91	0.52	98	0.49	98	0.00	98	1.57	150.9
Subtotal Area	0.21		0.35		0.52		0.49		0.00		1.57	
Pervious Landu	ises Present:											
	Woodland Me				Wetla	nd	Lawi	n	Cultivo	ited	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		3.66	50	0.00		3.66	182.8
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		3.66		0.00			
				F	ervious Are	a	Total Pervi	ous Ar	ea		3.66	
				(	Calculation	S	Composite	e Pervi	ous Curve N	lumber	50	
							Total Direc	tly Co	nnected Are	ea	1.08	
				Im	nenvious Ar	<u></u>	Total Indire	ectly C	Connected A	vrea	0.49	
					Total Impervious Area			1.57				
				,	% X imp				20.7			
							% T imp				30.0	
							Total Area	Chec	k		5.22	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	3.66	18.28
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	10.00%	30	0.25
Impervious	1.5	10.00%	187	0.013
$A = 1.5 LGI^2$	2 Note OTTH	: LGI forr YMO Re	nula retrieved from \ ference Manual (pg	Visual . 7)



D.A. NAME EX2 (Pre-Dev) D.A. AREA (ha) 1.41

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command External Drainage Area: Catchment EX2 (Pre-Dev)

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	ington Cou	unty Soils Map (19	762):		
Туре	ID	Hydrologic	% Area	Area	,
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	100	1.41	ł
				0	,
				0	
				0	
Total Area Check				1.41	

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*External soils assumed to be silty sand with poor hydraulic conductivity. \*\*Roadway includes driveways.

Impervious Lan	nduses Presen	ıt:										
	Road	way	Grav	el	Drivew	/ay	Buildir	ng	SWM P	ond	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.41	98	0.00	91	0.00	98	0.11	98	0.00	98	0.52	51.0
Subtotal Area	0.41		0.00		0.00		0.11		0.00		0.52	
Pervious Landu	ises Present:											
	Woodl	and	Mead	ow	Wetla	nd	Lawı	٦	Cultivo	ited	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.89	50	0.00		0.89	44.5
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.89		0.00			
				F	ervious Are	a	Total Pervi	ous Ar	ea		0.89	
				(	Calculation	s	Composite	e Pervi	ous Curve N	lumber	50	
							Total Direc	tly Co	nnected Are	ea	0.41	
				Im	nenvious Ar	20	Total Indire	ectly C	Connected A	Area	0.11	
					Calculation	eu	Total Impe	rvious	Area		0.52	
				,	Calculation	5	% X imp				29.1	
							% T imp				36.9	
							Total Area	Chec	k		1.41	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	0.89	4.45
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	6.00%	20	0.25
Impervious	1.5	6.00%	42	0.013
$A = 1.5LGI^2$	2 Note: OTTH	: LGI forr YMO Re	nula retrieved from \ ference Manual (pg	/isual . 7)



D.A. NAME	201
D.A. AREA (ha)	3.50

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command Post Development Drainage Area: Catchment 201

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Wellington County Soils Map (1962):								
Type	ID	Hydrologic	% Area	Area				
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	A	100	3.50				
				0				
				0				
				0				
Total Area Check				3.50				

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*On-site soils silty sand with poor hydraulic conductivity per Terraprobe Hydrogeological Assessment (February 2023)

Impervious Lar	nduses Presen	ıt:										
	Road	way	Drivew	/ay	Sidew	alk	Buildir	ng	SWM P	ond	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.48	98	0.25	98	0.07	98	0.83	98	0.15	50	1.78	167.2
Subtotal Area	0.48		0.25		0.07		0.83		0.15			
Pervious Landu	uses Present:											
	Woodl	and	Mead	ow	Wetla	nd	Lawr	۱	Cultivo	ated	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.72	50	0.00		1.72	86.1
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.72		0.00			
				F	ervious Are	a	Total Pervi	ous Ar	ea		1.72	
				(	Calculation	S	Composite	e Perv	ious Curve I	Number	50	
							Total Direc	tly Co	onnected Ar	ea	0.70	
				Im	nonvious Ar	00	Total Indire	ectly (	Connected	Area	1.08	
						eu	Total Impe	rvious	Area		1.78	
				(	Juculation	5	% X imp				19.9	
							% T imp				50.8	
							Total Area	Chec	k		3.50	

#### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	1.72	8.61
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	4.00%	20	0.25
Impervious	1.5	4.00%	153	0.013
A = 1.5LGI	2 Note OTTH	: LGI for YMO Re	mula retrieved from ference Manual (po	Visual g. 7)



#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command Post Development Drainage Area: Catchment 202

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Wellington County Soils Map (1962):									
Type ID Hydrologic Group % Area Area									
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	86%	2.12					
Parkhill Loam	PLL	С	14%	0.36					
				0					
				0					
Total Area Check				2.48					

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*On-site soils silty sand with poor hydraulic conductivity per Terraprobe Hydrogeological Assessment (February 2023)

Impervious Lar	nduses Presei	nt:											
	Road	lway	Grave	Gravel		Driveway		Building		SWM Pond		Subtotals	
Soils	Area (ha)	ĊN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN	
DUF	0.00	98	0.00	98	0.00	98	0.83	98		39	0.83	81.2	
PLL							0.08	98			0.08	7.9	
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.91		0.00		0.91		
Pervious Landu	uses Present:												
	Wood	lland	Meado	w	Wetlar	nd	Lawi	า	Cultivo	ited	Subt	otals	
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN	
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.29	50	0.00		1.29	64.6	
PLL	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.28	74	0.00		0.28	20.5	
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.57		0.00				
				F	Pervious Arec	x	Total Pervic	ous Are	a		1.57		
					Calculations	;	Composite	Pervio	us Curve Nu	mber	54.2		
							Total Direct	ly Con	nected Area	a	0.00		
				Im	nonvious Arc		Total Indire	ctly Co	onnected Ar	ea	0.91		
					Celeviertiere	-u	Total Imper	vious A	vrea		0.91		
					Calculations		% X imp				0.0		
							% T imp				36.7		
							Total Area	Check			2.48		

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	1.57	7.85
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	4.00%	30	0.25
Impervious	1.0	2.00%	129	0.013
$A = 1.5LGI^2$	Note: OTTHY	LGI form MO Refe	ula retrieved from Vis erence Manual (pg. 7	sual 7)



### D.A. NAME EX2 D.A. AREA (ha) 0.26

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command External Drainage Area: Catchment EX2

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	inaton Cou	unty Soils Map (19	762):	
Туре	ID	Hydrologic	% Area	Area
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	100	0.26
				0
				0
				0
Total Area Check				0.26

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*External soils assumed to be silty sand with poor hydraulic conductivity. \*\*Roadway includes driveways.

Impervious Lan	nduses Presen	ıt:										
	Road	way	Grav	el	Drivew	/ay	Buildir	ng	SWM P	ond	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.08	98	0.00	91	0.00	98	0.03	98	0.00	98	0.11	10.7
Subtotal Area	0.08		0.00		0.00		0.03		0.00		0.11	
Pervious Landu	ises Present:											
	Woodl	and	Mead	ow	Wetla	nd	Lawr	٦	Cultivo	ited	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.15	50	0.00		0.15	7.5
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.15		0.00			
				F	ervious Are	a	Total Pervi	ous Ar	ea		0.15	
				(	Calculation	s	Composite	e Pervi	ous Curve N	lumber	50	
							Total Direc	tly Co	nnected Are	ea	0.08	
				Im		P.A.	Total Indire	ectly C	Connected A	vrea	0.03	
					Calculation		Total Impe	rvious	Area		0.11	
				(	calculation	5	% X imp				30.5	
							% T imp				42.0	
							Total Area	Chec	k		0.26	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	0.15	0.75
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	nd Use IA (mm)		Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious 5.0		6.00%	20	0.25
Impervious 1.5		6.00%	42	0.013
$A = 1.5LGI^2$	2 Note:	LGI forr	nula retrieved from V	/isual
	OTTH	YMO Re	ference Manual (pg.	. 7)



#### D.A. NAME EX3 D.A. AREA (ha) 0.26

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command External Drainage Area: Catchment EX3

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	lington Cou	inty Soils Man (19	2621.	
Type	ID	Hydrologic	% Area	Area
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	A	100	0.26
				0
				0
				0
Total Area Check				0.26

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*External soils assumed to be silty sand with poor nydraulic conductivity.

\*\*Roadway includes driveways.

Impervious Lan	iduses Presen	lt:										
	Roady	vay	Grav	el	Drivew	/ay	Buildir	ng	SWM Po	ond	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.04	98	0.00	91	0.00	98	0.04	98	0.00	98	0.08	7.8
Subtotal Area	0.04		0.00		0.00		0.04		0.00		0.08	
Pervious Landu	ses Present:											
	Woodl	and	Mead	ow	Wetla	nd	Lawı	n	Cultiva	ted	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.18	50	0.00		0.18	9.0
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.18		0.00			
				P	ervious Area	a	Total Pervi	ous Ar	ea		0.18	
				(	Calculation	S	Composite	e Pervi	ous Curve N	umber	50	
			Γ				Total Direc	tly Co	nnected Are	ea	0.04	
				Im	nervious Ar	20	Total Indire	ectly C	onnected A	rea	0.04	
						50	Total Impe	rvious	Area		0.08	
				C		5	% X imp				15.4	
							% T imp				30.8	
							Total Area	Chec	k		0.26	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	0.18	0.90
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	10.00%	30	0.25
Impervious	1.5	4.00%	42	0.013
$A = 1.5LGI^2$	2 Note	: LGI forr	nula retrieved from \	/isual
	OTTH	YMO Re <sup>-</sup>	ference Manual (pg	. 7)



#### D.A. NAME EX4 D.A. AREA (ha) 0.46

#### Hydrologic Parameters: CALIB STANDHYD Command External Drainage Area: Catchment EX4

#### **Curve Number Calculation**

Soil Types Present per Well	inaton Cou	unty Soils Map (19	762):					
Type ID Hydrologic % Area Area								
Dumfries Sandy Loam*	DUF	А	100	0.46				
				0				
				0				
				0				
Total Area Check				0.46				

Note: RC and CN values obtained from the MTO Drainage Management Manual Part 4 (1995) \*External soils assumed to be silty sand with poor nydraulic conductivity.

\*\*Roadway includes driveways.

Impervious Lan	iduses Presen	1:										
	Roadv	vay	Grav	el	Drivew	Driveway		ng	SWM Pond		Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.10	98	0.00	91	0.00	98	0.04	98	0.00	98	0.14	13.7
Subtotal Area	0.10		0.00		0.00		0.04		0.00		0.14	
Pervious Landu	ses Present:											
	Woodl	and	Mead	ow	Wetla	nd	Lawı	n	Cultiva	ited	Subt	otals
Soils	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area (ha)	CN	Area	A*CN
DUF	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.32	50	0.00		0.32	16.0
Subtotal Area	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.32		0.00			
				P	ervious Area	a	Total Pervious Area			0.32		
				(	Calculation	S	Composite Pervious Curve Number			umber	50	
			Γ				Total Directly Connected Area				0.10	
				Im	nervious Ar	20	Total Indire	ectly C	onnected A	rea	0.04	
						50	Total Impe	rvious	Area		0.14	
				Calculations		% X imp	% X imp			21.7		
							% T imp				30.4	
							Total Area	Chec	k		0.46	

### Initial Abstraction and Tp Calculations

Landuse	IA (mm)	Area (ha)	A*IA
Woodland	10	0	0
Meadow	8	0	0
Wetland	16	0	0
Lawn	5	0.32	1.60
Cultivated	7	0	0

Land Use	IA (mm)	Slope (%)	Travel Length (m)	Manning's n
Pervious	5.0	4.00%	20	0.25
Impervious	1.5	2.00%	55	0.013
$A = 1.5LGI^2$	2 Note: OTTH	: LGI forr YMO Re	nula retrieved from \ ference Manual (pg	/isual . 7)



Project No: 11 Main Street Project: File: Design by: СМ Checked by: TF

Date:

2366-6537 Stage-Storage-Discharge

2024-12-19

## Storage - Outflow Calculations

Outlet Structure		Main Cell Spillway	
E.D. Orifice Diameter:	0.075 m	Emergency Spill Elev.	314.25 m
E.D. Orifice Invert Elevation:	312.35 m	Emerg Spill Bot. Width	5 m
V-notch angle	N/A degrees	Trap. Side Slopes	10 :1
V-notch constant	N/A const		
V-notch invert	N/A m		
Rect weir length	0.900 m		
Rect weir invert	313.50 m		
Extended Detention Depth:	1.17 m		

	Pond Dime	nsions		Total	Outlet Structure			Cell Sp	pillway		
Floy	Dopth	Aroa	Storago	Storage	ED Orifico	Vinotch	Post Wair	Emora Woir	Emora Woir	Total	Storago
LIEV.		Aleu	Volumo	Volumo	Discharge	V-HOICH	Neci. Weil	Ave Width	Discharge	Discharge	Sloluge
	ADOVE PP		volume	volume	Discharge	Discharge	Discharge	Ave. widin	Discharge	Discharge	
(m)	(m)	(sqm)	(cu.m)	(cu.m)	(cu.m/s)	(cu.m/s)	(cu.m/s)	(m)	(cu.m/s)	(cu.m/s)	(ha-m)
312.35	0.00	243	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
312.45	0.10	256	16	16	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.002
312.55	0.20	306	44	44	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.004
312.65	0.30	357	77	77	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.008
312.75	0.40	410	116	116	0.008	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.008	0.012
312.85	0.50	463	159	159	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.016
312.95	0.60	518	208	208	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.021
313.05	0.70	575	263	263	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.010	0.026
313.15	0.80	633	323	323	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.032
313.25	0.90	692	390	390	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.039
313.35	1.00	752	462	462	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.046
313.45	1.10	814	540	540	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.054
313.52	1.17	857	603	603	0.013	0.000	0.006	1.000	0.000	0.020	0.060
313.55	1.20	876	625	625	0.014	0.000	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.032	0.062
313.65	1.30	939	715	715	0.014	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.110	0.072
313.75	1.40	1002	812	812	0.015	0.000	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.081
313.85	1.50	1067	916	916	0.015	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.000	0.358	0.092
313.90	1.55	1100	973	973	0.015	0.000	0.419	5.000	0.000	0.434	0.097
313.95	1.60	1134	1026	1026	0.016	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.190	0.706	0.103
314.05	1.70	1202	1143	1143	0.016	0.000	0.675	0.000	1.300	1.992	0.114
314.15	1.80	1271	1266	1266	0.017	0.000	0.868	0.000	0.000	0.884	0.127
314.25	1.90	1341	1397	1397	0.017	0.000	1.076	0.000	0.000	1.093	0.140
314.35	2.00	1478	1536	1536	0.018	0.000	1.298	1.000	0.058	1.373	0.154

## 11 Main Street 2366-6537 STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

				FREQUENC	CY - 5 YEAR - CITY O	OF GUELPH DEVELOPA	AENT ENGINEE	RING MANU	JAL (OCTO	BER 2023)						MATERIA
	CRN71	FR		Coef. A=	632.75		Coef. B=	-0.741								PVC
		FREQUENCY - 100 YEAR - CITY OF GUELPH DEVELOPMENT EN			MENT ENGINE	ERING MAN	IUAL (OCTO	OBER 2023)						CONCRET		
		LENG		Coef. A=	953.29		Coef. B=	-0.711								
				INITIAL TIME	OF CONCENTRATI	ON (minutes) =	10.00									
		то	FROM		5 YEAR RUN-OFF	100 YEAR RUN-OFF	DESIGN		5 YEAR	100 YEAR	TIME	5 YEAR	100 YEAR			
L.D.	STREET	мн	мн	AREA (A)	COEFF	COEFF	STORM	AxC	CUMUL.	CUMUL.	OF CONC.	I.	I	Q (RUNOFF)	DESIGN FLOW	SLOPE
				(Ha)	(C₅)	(C <sub>100</sub> )			A x C	AxC	(min.)	(mm/hr)	(mm/hr)	(l/sec)	(l/sec)	(%)
1	STREET A	STM DCB 15	STM MH 14	0.28	0.72	0.90	5 year	0.20	0.20	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	63.26	63.26	1.00%
2	STREET A	STM MH 14	STM CBMH 13	0.04	0.67	0.83	5 year	0.03	0.22	0.00	10.31	112.27	181.41	69.67	69.67	1.00%
3		STM CB 20	STM CBMH 19	0.07	0.74	0.93	5 year	0.05	0.05	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	16.13	16.13	1.00%
4		STM CBMH 19	STM CBMH 13	0.04	0.90	1.00	5 year	0.04	0.09	0.00	10.04	114.58	184.98	28.44	28.44	2.00%
5				0.19	0.40	0.84	Ever	0.10	0.42	0.00	10.04	107.40	174.00	100.7/	100 7/	1.0097
5	SIKEELA	SIM CBMH 13	SIM CBMH 12	0.10	0.68	0.64	5 year	0.12	0.43	0.00	10.94	107.49	174.00	120.70	120.70	1.00%
6		STM CB 18	STM CBMH 12	0.77	0.59	0.74	5 year	0.46	0.46	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	145.34	145.34	3.00%
7		STAA CRAALL 10		0.25	0.49	0.95	5 yogr	0.17	1.05	0.00	11 27	104.42	140.04	205 52	205 52	1 7097
8	STREET A	STM CBMH 12	STM CBMH 11	0.23	0.68	0.85	5 year 5 vear	0.17	1.05	0.00	11.57	104.43	166.44	305.52	305.52	0.40%
							- /									
9		STM DCB 17	STM DCBMH 2	0.22	0.61	0.77	5 year	0.13	0.13	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	42.90	42.90	0.50%
10		STM CB 26	STM DCBMH 10	0.03	0.55	0.69	5 year	0.02	0.02	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	5.88	5.88	3.40%
11		STM DCB 25	STM DCBMH 10	0.10	0.63	0.79	5 vear	0.06	0.06	0.00	10.00	114 88	185 45	20,16	20,16	2 00%
12		STM DCBMH 10	STM MH 9	0.05	0.67	0.84	5 year	0.03	0.11	0.00	10.04	114.50	184.87	36.04	36.04	2.10%
13		9 HAA AAT2	STM СВМН 8	0.02	0.83	1.00	5 vear	0.01	0.13	0.00	10.15	113.65	183 56	40 40	40 40	2.80%
		3114117		0.02	0.00	1.00	-	0.01	0.10	0.00	10.10	110.00	100.00			2.0070
14		STM CB 24	STM CBMH 8	0.01	0.90	1.00	5 year	0.01	0.01	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	3.33	3.33	2.00%
15		STM CBMH 8	STM CBMH 7	0.02	0.79	0.99	5 year	0.01	0.15	0.00	10.04	114.50	184.87	48.47	48.47	3.00%
16		STM CB 23	STM CBMH 7	0.05	0.84	1.00	5 year	0.05	0.05	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	14.65	14.65	2.00%
17		STM CBMH 7	STM CBMH 6	0.09	0.78	0.97	5 year	0.07	0.26	0.00	10.32	112.25	181.38	82.47	82.47	2.00%
18		STM CBMH 27	STM CBMH 22	0.06	0.71	0.89	5 vear	0.05	0.05	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	14.69	14.69	0.50%
19		STM CBMH 22	STM CBMH 6	0.03	0.90	1.00	5 year	0.02	0.07	0.00	10.17	113.42	183.19	21.89	21.89	2.00%
20		STM CBMH 6	STM MH 5	0.10	0.75	0.94	5 year	0.08	0.41	0.00	10.65	109.64	177.33	124.83	124.83	3.00%
21		STM MH 5	STM MH 4	0.04	0.70	0.88	5 year	0.03	0.44	0.00	10.69	109.36	176.89	134.13	134.13	3.00%
22		STM CB 21	STM MH 4	0.16	0.61	0.76	5 year	0.10	0.10	0.00	10.00	114.88	185.45	31.85	31.85	2.00%
23		STM CB 4	STM MH 3	0.05	0.90	1.00	5 year	0.05	0.59	0.00	10.83	108.26	175.19	177.06	177.06	3.00%
24		STM MH 3	STM DCBMH 2	0.09	0.61	0.77	5 year	0.05	0.05	0.00	10.90	107.76	174.41	15.75	15.75	0.60%
25		STM DCBMH 2	STM OGS	0.09	0.84	1.00	5 year	0.08	1.58	0.00	12.09	99.82	162.06	439.70	439.70	0.50%
26		STM OGS	STM HW 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	5 year	0.00	1.58	0.00	12.14	99.50	161.57	438.29	438.29	0.60%

VC VC NCRETE

	DESIGNED BY:	H.W
MANNINGS "n"	CHECKED BY:	T.F
0.009	DATE:	2024.11.15
0.013	REVISION NO.:	1
	REVISED BY:	T.F
	DATE:	2024.11.15

PIPE				TIME	PIPE	
DIA.	MANNING'S "n"	VEL.	LENGTH	OF FLOW	CAPACITY	CAPACITY
(mm)		(m/sec)		(min)	(l/sec)	(%)
300	0.009	2.0	37.3	0.31	139.68	45%
300	0.009	2.0	73.9	0.62	139.68	50%
300	0.009	2.0	4.2	0.04	139.68	12%
300	0.009	2.8	7.4	0.04	197.54	14%
450	0.009	3.5	90.7	0.44	552.51	23%
300	0.009	3.4	9.2	0.04	241.93	60%
525	0.013	2.6	42.0	0.27	560.73	54%
675	0.013	1.5	39.6	0.44	531.63	71%
300	0.009	1.4	7.3	0.09	98.77	43%
300	0.009	3.6	3.7	0.02	257.56	2%
300	0.009	2.8	7.4	0.04	197.54	10%
300	0.009	2.9	17.4	0.10	202.41	18%
300	0.009	33	11.1	0.06	233 73	17%
500	0.007	0.0		0.00	200.70	1770
300	0.009	2.8	7.4	0.04	197.54	2%
300	0.009	3.4	56.0	0.27	241.93	20%
300	0.009	28	74	0.04	197.54	7%
000	01007	2.0		0101		.,.
300	0.009	2.8	55.9	0.33	197.54	42%
200	0.000	1.4	147	0.17	oo 77	1 507
300	0.009	1.4	14.6 7 /	0.17	98.// 359.14	15%
575	0.007	5.2	7.4	0.04	556.10	0/0
450	0.009	4.5	9.9	0.04	713.29	18%
450	0.009	4.5	39.3	0.15	713.29	1 <b>9</b> %
200	0.000	0.0	7 5	0.04	107 54	1.07
300	0.009	2.8	7.5	0.04	197.54	16%
525	0.013	3.4	14.2	0.07	744.89	24%
600	0.013	1.7	34.6	0.34	475.61	3%
						~
750	0.013	1.8	5.6	0.05	787.21	56%
/50	0.013	∠.0	4./	0.04	002.34	51%

# APPENDIX E

**VO** Modelling

#### STREET Q Catchment EX2 52 ų AREA [ha] - 1.410 ō PKFW [m3/s] - 0.196 REGISTERED PLAN BACKUSTREE HARRED EX2 1.44(37.28 Ð EX1 517[388 MAIN PART 4 Û 0 Catchment EX1 AREA [ha] - 5.220 PKFW [m<sup>3</sup>/s] - 0.722 13 EXISTING PARK 102 1.000 ₽ Catchment 102 AREA [ha] - 3.960 102 PKFW [m<sup>3</sup>/s] - 0.402 B AS CONFIGURE 18.1 - Der Catchment 101A Catchment 101B AREA [ha] - 1.260 LÓT EDGINE STREET HE CONSERVATION HER CONSERVATION HER AND HERE AREA [ha] - 0.760 101 PKFW [m³/s] - 0.146 103 PKFW [m3/s] - 0.068 LOT " LOT 5 OR RECORDER DOT 4 STAKED MODELER BY COLVALE Show NEARER BELT PER С 0 THE OWNER **Bronte Creek Trib** 202 AREA [ha] - 7.390 11 PLOT) 2 PKFW [m<sup>3</sup>/s] - 0.811 3

# Pre-Development Visual-Otthymo Schematic

	Unit Hvd Oneak (cms)= 0.344
V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.2.2015) V V I SS U U A A L V V I SS U U AAAAA L	PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.019 (i) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.417
V V I SS U U A A L VV I SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL	RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 4.573 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 33.310 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.137
000 1111 1111 H H Y Y M M 000 1M 0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 000 T T H H Y M M 00	(i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.	   CALIB     NASHYD ( 0102)   Area (ha)= 3.96 Curve Number (CN)= 67.9
***** DETAILED OUTPUT *****	ID=1 DT= 5.0 min   Ia (mm)= 7.19 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00 
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.2\VO2\voin.dat Output filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppData\Loca\\civica\VH5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\4b7dcaeb-9c	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH
Summary filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppData\Local\civica\VH5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\4b7dcaeb-9c	TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 2.45 1.083 12.69 2.083 5.04   3.08 2.85 0.45 2.45 1.167 3.50 2.167 5.04   3.07 2.95
USER:	0.250 2.76 1.250 66.95 2.250 4.42 3.25 2.67 0.333 2.76 1.333 86.95 2.333 4.42 3.33 2.67 0.417 3.17 1.417 15.73 2.417 3.95 3.42 2.52
COMMENTS:	0.500 3.17   1.500 15.73   2.500 3.95   3.50 2.52 0.583 3.77   1.583 9.66   2.583 3.59   3.58 2.39 0.667 3.77   1.667 9.66   2.667 3.59   3.67 2.39 0.750 4.72   750 7.25   7.50 3.30 3.75 2.72
*****	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
** SIMULATION : 2yr 4hr 10min Chicago **	Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 2.521
CHICAGO STORM         IDF curve parameters: A= 475.610           Ptotal= 33.31 mm         B=         0.000           C=         0.738	TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.333 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 4.004 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 33.310
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.120 (i) peak flow does not include baseflow if any.
Time to peak ratio = 0.33 TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ID=1 DT= 1.0 min I a (mm)= 7.28 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00 U.H. Tp(hrs)= 0.05
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
	TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   ' hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 2.45   1.083 12.69   2.083 5.04   3.08 2.85
$\begin{bmatrix} CALIB \\ NASHYD \\ ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min \\ IA \\ ID= 1 DT= 0 \\ IA \\ ID= 1 DT= 0 \\ IA \\ ID= 1 DT= 0 \\ IA \\ ID= 1 \\ IA \\ $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	0.500 3.17 1.500 15.73 2.500 3.65 3.50 2.52 0.583 3.77 1.583 9.66 2.583 3.59 3.58 2.39 0.667 3.77 1.667 2.66 2.667 3.59 3.67 2.39
TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= $0.581$
	TING TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.333 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 3.408 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 33.310
0.667 3.77 1.667 9.66 2.667 3.59 3.67 2.39 0.750 4.72 1.750 7.25 2.750 3.30 3.75 2.27 0.833 4.72 1.833 7.25 2.783 3.30 3.83 2.27 0.017 6.58 1.017 5.01 2.017 3.06 3.20 2.17	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.102 (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
1.000 6.58 2.000 5.91 3.000 3.05 4.00 2.17	
	TD = 2 ( 0002); 7 20 0 264 1 22 6 26
CALIB   STANDHYD ( 0015)  Area (ha)= 1.41  D= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Total Imp(%)= 36.90 Dir. Conn.(%)= 29.10	NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
Surface Area (ha)= $0.52$ $0.89$ peo. Storage (mm)= $1.50$ $5.00$	САLIВ   STANDHYD ( 0013)   Area (ha)= 5.22  ID=   DT = 5.0 min   Total Imo(%)= 30.00 pir, Conn.(%)= 20.70
Average Slöpe (%)= 6.00 6.00 Length (m)= 42.00 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250	IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area $(ha) = 1.57$ 3.65 hon storage $(ma) = 1.50$ 5.00
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	Average Slope (%)= 10.00 10.00 Length (m)= 186.55 30.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250
TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 2.45   0.083 12.69 2.083 5.04   3.08 2.85	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN ( TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.1063 2.45 1.267 2.269 2.167 5.04 3.00 2.263 0.167 2.455 1.267 2.159 2.167 5.04 3.17 2.85 0.250 2.76 1.250 86.95 2.250 4.42 3.25 2.67 0.333 2.76 1.333 86.95 2.333 4.42 3.33 2.67
0.750 4.72 1.750 7.25 2.750 3.30 3.75 2.27 0.833 4.72 1.833 7.25 2.833 3.30 3.83 2.27 0.917 6.58 1.917 5.91 2.917 3.05 3.92 2.17 1.000 6.88 1.917 5.91 2.907 3.05 3.92 2.17	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Max.Eff.Inco. (mm/hr)= 86.95 23.68 over (min) 5.00	0.750 4.72 1.750 7.25 2.750 3.30 3.75 2.27 0.833 4.72 1.833 7.25 2.833 3.30 3.83 2.27 0.917 6.58 1.917 3.01 2.917 3.05 3.92 2.17
Storage Coeff. (min)= 0.94 (11) 5.76 (11) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.34 0.15 *TOTALS*	1.000 6.58 2.000 5.91 3.000 3.05 4.00 2.1/ Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 86.95 24.11 0.00 10.00
PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.10 0.05 0.134 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 31.81 9.76 15.17	Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.97 (ii) 8.44 (ii) unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.31 0.12
IDIAL KAIN-ALL (MM)= 33.31 33.31 33.31 RUNOF COEFFICIENT = 0.95 0.29 0.49 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!	"IOIALS" PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.26 0.17 0.380 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNDFF VOLUME (mm)= 31.81 9.83 14.38
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: $CN^{*} = 80.0$ Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) THE STEE (DT) SUMULE ON E SUMULE ON E GUINA	TOTAL RAINFALL $(mn) = 33, 31 33, 31 33, 31$ RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.95 0.30 0.43
THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: $CN^{2} = 80.0$ Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
	<ul> <li>(11) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.</li> <li>(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</li> </ul>
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\frac{102^{2}}{10} = 3 (0003): 5.22 0.112 1.33 4.14$	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.	
ADD HYD ( 0003) AREA OPEAK TPEAK R.V.	
101=3 ( $0003$ ); $3.22$ $0.112$ $1.33$ $4.14$	
$\frac{102 = 2 (0103) \cdot 0.10 (0.017 1.33 3.44)}{10 = 1 (0003) \cdot 5.98 0.130 1.33 4.05}$	
IDE = 2 ( 0105);         0.10         0.01         1.55         5.11           ID = 1 ( 0003);         5.98         0.130         1.33         4.05           NOTE:         PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.	
ADD HYD ( 0003)     AREA OPEAK TPEAK R.V.	
$\begin{array}{c} \text{ID} = 1 & ( & \text{OID} \text{J}) & \text{O}, \text{IO} & \text{O}, \text{ID} & \text{I}, \text{IS} & \text{I}, \text{II} \\ \text{ID} = 1 & ( & \text{OOO3}) & \text{I}, \text{IS} & \text{I}, \text{IS} & \text{I}, \text{II} \\ \text{ID} = 1 & ( & \text{OOO3}) & \text{I}, \text{IS} & \text{I}, \text{IS} & \text{I}, \text{IS} \\ \text{NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.} \\ \hline \\ $	

<pre>V V I SSSSS U U V AA L (v 6.2.2015) V V I SSSS U U V AAA L VV I SSS U U AAAA L VV I SSSS U UUUU A A LLLLL 00 TTTTT TH H Y Y M M 0000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc 0 0 0 T T T H H Y Y M M 00 0 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City Water Inc 11 rights reserved. ***** D E T A I L E D O U T P U T ***** Input filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppData\Local\Civica\W5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-&amp;e9d-a57b449df036\8b0f4963-d5; Summary filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppData\Local\Civica\W5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-&amp;e9d-a57b449df036\8b0f4963-d5; DATE: 11-08-2024 TIME: 08:45:48 USER: COMMENTS:</pre>	Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 0.344 PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.038 (1) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.417 RUNOFF VOLUME (cms)= 8.303 TOTAL RAINFALL (cms)= 43.592 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.191 (1) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
CALIB NASHYD       (0101) ID=1 DT=5.0 min       Area (ha)= 1.26 Ia (mm)= 7.21 # of linear Res.(N)= 3.00         UD=1 DT=5.0 min       U.H. Tp(hrs)= 0.14         NOTE:       RAINALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN Provide Transformed TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN Provide Transformed TO 5.0 MIN. TIME RAIN Provide Transformed TO 5.0 MIN. TIME RAIN NOTE:         TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN Provide Transformed TO 5.0 MIN. TIME RAIN Pr	<pre>     Lines movine Lines movine Lines movine Lines movine     0.083 33.17 1.083 16.54 2.083 6.54 3.08 3.69     0.167 3.17 1.167 16.54 2.018 6.54 3.17 3.69     0.250 3.57 1.250 114.88 2.250 5.73 3.32 3.46     0.333 3.57 1.250 114.88 2.250 5.73 3.32 3.46     0.417 4.11 1.500 2.55 2.510 5.13 3.43 3.26     0.583 4.18 1.583 212.57 2.583 4.65 3.368 3.09     0.667 4.88 1.1687 21.57 2.667 4.65 3.567 3.09     0.750 6.13 1.250 114.277 2.68 3.200 3.95 4.00 2.80     0.033 6.13 1.250 9.43 2.2750 4.27 3.75 2.94     0.031 6.13 1.250 9.43 2.2157 2.583 4.40 2.80     0.041 4.11 1.830 9.43 2.257 2.583 4.05 3.28 3.09     0.667 4.88 1.1687 21.57 2.667 4.65 3.28     0.010 0.851 1.250 9.43 2.2750 4.27 3.75 2.94     0.033 6.13 1.250 9.43 2.2157 2.583 4.00 2.80     100 8.551 1.217 7.68 2.917 3.95 3.92 2.80     100 8.551 1.217 7.68 1.2000 7.68 3.000     3.95 4.00 2.80     unit Hyd Opeak (cms)= 0.581     PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.034 (i)     TIME TOVENNE (mm)= 43.592     RNOPF COFFICIENT = 0.142     (i) PEAK FLOW DDES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY</pre>
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<pre>ID = 3 ( 0003): 7.39 0.457 1.33 10.45 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. TOTALTS CALLS ID= 1 DT = 5.0 min Total Imp(S) = 30.00 Dir. Conn.(X) = 20.70 Surface Area (Ma) = MPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (1) Surface Area (Ma) = 125 3 3.00 Area estimation of the second of the se</pre>

$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}$	
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline \begin{array}{c} \hline \label{eq:alpha} \hline \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<pre>Main and main an</pre>

$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}$	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	H = 1 ( 003):       7.39 0.86       1.33 19.30         TT:       FEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUEE BASEFLOWS IF AW:         TT:       TOTAL STORE       TOTAL STORE         Suprare Area       (ha) = 5.27         Suprare Area       (ha) = 1.57       3.63         Suprare Area       (ha) = 1.57       1.53         Suprare Area       (ha) = 1.57       1.53       1.53         Suprare Area       (ha) = 1.50       1.53       1.53       1.53         Option (ha) = 1.50       1.53       1.53       1.53

V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.2.2015) V V I SS U U AAAL V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U A AAAA V V I SSSSS UUUA A LLLLL VV I SSSSS UUUUA A LLLLL 000 TTTTTTTTTTT H H Y Y M M 000 TM 0 T T H H Y Y M M 000	Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 0.344 PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.098 (i) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.417 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 20.907 TOTAL RAINFALT (mm)= 69.467 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.301 (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
0 0 T T H H Y M M O O 000 T T H H Y M M 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.	CALIB AREA (ha)= 3.96 Curve Number (CN)= 67.9 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Area (ha)= 7.19 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00 U.H. Tp(hrs)= 0.06
	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
Input filename: C:\Vrogram FileS(x86)\ViSualUIHYMU b.2\VOIN.dat Output filename: C:\Vsers\cmartin\AppBata\Local\Civica\VHS\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\1720d434-bei Summary filename: C:\Vsers\cmartin\AppBata\Local\Civica\VHS\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\1720d434-bei DATE: 11-08-2024 TIME: 08:45:48 VSER:	TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN <th< td=""></th<>
	0.417 7.02 1.417 33.42 2.417 8.71 3.42 5.62 0.500 7.02 1.500 33.42 2.500 8.71 3.50 5.62 0.583 8.31 1.583 20.79 2.583 7.93 3.58 5.33
COMMENTS:	0.667 8.31 1.667 20.79 2.667 7.293 3.67 3.33 0.750 10.36 1.750 15.73 2.757 7.29 3.75 5.08 0.833 10.36 1.833 15.73 2.833 7.29 3.83 0.917 14.30 1.917 12.89 2.917 6.77 3.92 4.85
** SIMULATION : 50yr Ahr 10min chicago **	1.000 14.30   2.000 12.89   3.000 6.77   4.00 4.85 Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 2.521
CHICAGO STORM       IDF curve parameters: A= 893,800         Ptotal= 69.47 mm       B= 0.000         c= 0,719       used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C         Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs       Storm time step = 10.00 min	PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.476 (i) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.333 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 18.249 TOTAL RAIFFALL (mm)= 69.467 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.263 (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
Time to peak ratio =         0.33           TIME         RAIN         TIME <td>CALIB        </td>	CALIB
0.67 10.36 1.67 15.73 2.67 7.29 3.67 5.08 0.83 14.30 1.83 12.89 2.83 6.77 3.83 4.85	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH
CALIB   NASHYD ( 0101)  Area (ha)= 1.26 Curve Number (CN)= 67.6   ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Ia (mm)= 7.21 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00 	TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN <th< td=""></th<>
TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN	0.6b7 8.31 1.6b7 20.79 2.6b7 7.93 3.67 3.33 0.750 10.36 1.750 15.73 2.750 7.29 3.75 5.08 0.833 10.36 1.833 15.73 2.833 7.29 3.83 0.917 14.30 1.917 7.78 9 2.917 6.77 3.92 4.85
hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr  ' hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 5.47   1.083 27.09 2.083 11.03 3.08 6.33 0.167 5.47   1.167 27.09 2.167 11.03 3.17 6.33 0.250 6.13   1.250 170.70 2.250 9.71 3.25 5.95	1.000 14.30   2.000 12.89   3.000 6.77   4.00 4.85 Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 0.581
0.333 6.13 1.333 170.70 2.333 9.71 3.33 5.95 0.417 7.02 1.417 33.42 2.417 8.71 3.42 5.62 0.500 7.02 1.500 33.42 2.500 8.71 3.50 5.62 0.588 8.31 1.588 20.79 2.588 7.93 3.58 5.33	PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.083 (i) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.333 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 15.706 TOTAL RAIFALL (mm)= 69.467
0.667 8.31 1.667 20.79 2.667 7.93 3.67 5.33 0.750 10.36 1.750 15.73 2.750 7.29 3.75 5.08 0.833 10.36 1.833 15.73 2.833 7.29 3.83 5.08	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.226 (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
1.000 14.30 2.000 12.89 3.000 6.77 4.00 4.85	
$\begin{bmatrix} CALIS \\ STANDNYO ( 0015) \\ ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min \\ \hline Total Imp(%) = 36.90 pir. conn.(%) = 29.10 \\ \hline Total Imp(%) = 36.90 pir. conn.(%) = 29.10 \\ \hline Dep. storage (mm) = 10.02 0.83 \\ Dep. storage (mm) = 10.02 0.83 \\ Dep. storage (mm) = 10.02 0.00 \\ Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 \\ \hline NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN the step. \\ \hline TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN he step. \\ \hline TIME ROUTE (TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN he step. \\ \hline TIME ROUTE (TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN he step. \\ \hline TIME TO Step (TI ) 1.200 12.200 12.233 3.217 13 3.24 3.25 6.23 0.0567 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.0567 1.33 0.256 1.33 0.257 1.33 0.35 0.33 0.358 0.33 0.358 0.33 0.257 1.33 0.358 0.33 0.257 1.33 0.25 0.35 0.33 0.358 0.33 0.358 0.33 0.358 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.33 0.359 0.350 0.351 0.35 0.33 0.359 0.350 0.351 0.351 0.358 0.359 0.350 0.351 $	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{ID = 3 ( 0003): } 7.39 1.064 1.33 23.44 \\ \hline \text{NOTE: FEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. } \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline$
IDI=1 (0101):         1.26 (0.098)         (hrs)         (mm)           + ID2=2 (0102):         3.96 0.476 1.33 18.25         1.32 18.25           ID = 3 (0003):         5.22 0.563 1.33 18.89           NOTE:         PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	

	<pre>unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= 0.344 PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.118 (1) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.417 RUNOFF VOLUME (cmm)= 77.410 RUNOFF VOLUME (cmm)= 77.19 (1) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. </pre>
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{CALIB} \\ \text{IGS} & \text{Lets} + 1.05 & \text{Lets} + 2.05 & \text{List} + 3.05 & \text{S.30} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{CALIB} \\ \text{IGS} & \text{IDT} $	TIME RAIN   TARAN   TIME RAIN   TARAN   TA
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<pre>D = 3 ( 0003): 7.39 1.248 1.33 28.01 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. TALL BUT DE S.O min Include BASEFLOWS IF ANY.</pre>

<pre></pre>	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
COMMENTS:	CALIB NASHYD (0102) Area (ha)= 3.96 Curve Number (CN)= 67.9 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Ia (mm)= 7.19 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00 U.H. Tp(hrs)= 0.06 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
READ STORM       Filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppD         Ptotal=212.00 mm       Comments: Hazel         TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         1.00       6.00       3.00       13.00       6.00       33.00       13.00         1.00       4.00       4.00       13.00       13.00       13.00       13.00         1.00       4.00       5.00       13.00       13.00       13.00       13.00         1.00       4.00       5.00       13.00       13.00       13.00       13.00         1.00       1.01       Area       (ha)=       1.26       Curve number       (CN)= 67.6         1.01       1.01       TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         NOTE:       RAINALLWAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         THE       RAIN       TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         NOTE:       RAINALLWAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME       RAIN       TIME       RAIN         0.626       6.00       3.333       13.00 <t< td=""><td>TIME RAIN   TIME   TA   TIME   TO   TA   TA</td></t<>	TIME RAIN   TIME   TA   TIME   TO   TA   TA
<pre>pink pink pink pink pink pink pink pink</pre>	Max. Eff. Inter. (mu/hr) = 5:4 = 0.5:1 = 0.0 + 0.48:1 = 0.00 = 0.48:5 = 0.00 = 0.22:0 = 0.2

ADD HYD ( 0003)    1 + 2 = 3   AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.	
$\begin{array}{cccc} (ha) & (cms) & (hrs) & (mm) \\ ID1=1 & (0003): & 5.98 & 0.615 & 10.00 & 112.52 \\ + & ID2=2 & (0015): & 1.41 & 0.196 & 10.00 & 176.91 \end{array}$	FINISH
ID = 3 (0003); 7.39 0.811 10.00 124.81	
STANDHYD ( 0013)   Area (ha)= 5.22  ID- I DT- 5.0 min   Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 20.70	
$ \begin{array}{rcl} IMPERVIOUS & PERVIOUS & (i) \\ Surface Area & (ha)= & 1.57 & 3.65 \\ Dep. Storage & (mm)= & 1.50 & 5.00 \\ Average Slope & (%)= & 10.00 & 10.00 \\ Length & (m)= & 186.55 & 30.00 \\ Mannings n & = & 0.013 & 0.250 \\ \end{array} $	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	
<pre> TRANSFORMED HVETOGRAPH TIME RAIN TIME RAIN   TIME</pre>	





# Post-Development Uncontrolled Visual-Otthymo Schematic



	0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	0 4.72 3 4.72 7 6.58 0 6.58	1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	7.25   2.750 7.25   2.833 5.91   2.917 5.91   3.000	3.30   3.75 3.30   3.83 3.05   3.92 3.05   4.00	2.27 2.27 2.17 2.17
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	86.95 5.00 1.97 (i 5.00 0.31	24.11 10.00 i) 8.44 (i 10.00 0.12	i)	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.26 1.33 31.81 33.31 0.95	0.17 1.42 9.83 33.31 0.30	0.380 (iii) 1.33 14.38 33.31 0.43	
****	WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. 1	S SMALLER	THAN TIME STE	P!	
	<pre>(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW</pre>	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PERV = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	IOUS LOSSES: rage (Above) ER OR EQUAL EFLOW IF ANY.		
CAI   ST/  ID=	IB NDHYD ( 0018) 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total In	(ha)= 0. np(%)= 30.	46 40 Dir.Con	n.(%)= 21.70	
	Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOUS 0.14 1.50 2.00 55.38 0.013	PERVIOUS ( 0.32 5.00 4.00 20.00 0.250	i)	
	NOTE: RAIN	FALL WAS TH	ANSFORMED	TO 5.0 MIN.	TIME STEP.	
			TRANC	FORMED HYETOC	RADU	
	TIM hr 0.08 0.25 0.33 0.41 0.50 0.58 0.66 0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	RAIN           s         mm/hr           3         2.45           0         2.76           7         3.17           0         3.17           3         3.77           7         3.45           0         4.72           7         6.58	TIME hrs m 1.083 1 1.167 1 1.250 8 1.333 8 1.417 1 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	FORMED HYETOG MAIN ' TIME m/hr ' hrs 2.69 2.083 2.69 2.167 6.95 2.250 6.95 2.333 5.73 2.417 5.73 2.417 7.25 2.833 9.66 2.583 9.66 2.583 9.66 2.667 7.25 2.833 9.61 2.750 7.25 2.833 5.91 3.000	RAPH            RAIN         TIME           mm/hr         hrs           5.04         3.08           5.04         3.17           4.42         3.33           3.95         3.42           3.95         3.58           3.59         3.58           3.59         3.67           3.30         3.83           3.05         3.92           3.05         4.00	RAIN mm/hr 2.85 2.85 2.67 2.67 2.52 2.52 2.39 2.39 2.39 2.27 2.17 2.17
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	86.95 5.00 1.54 (i 5.00 0.33	23.75 10.00 i) 8.26 (i 10.00 0.13	i)	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.02 1.33 31.81 33.31 0.95	0.01 1.42 9.77 33.31 0.29	0.035 (iii) 1.33 14.54 33.31 0.44	
****	WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. 1	S SMALLER	THAN TIME STE	P!	
	<pre>(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW</pre>	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PERV = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	IOUS LOSSES: rage (Above) ER OR EQUAL EFLOW IF ANY.		

<pre></pre>	0.583 4.88 1.583 12.57 2.583 4.65 3.58 3.09 0.667 4.88 1.667 12.57 2.667 4.65 3.67 3.09 0.755 6.13 1.750 3.43 2.750 4.27 3.75 2.34 0.833 6.35 1.839 7.68 2.837 3.75 2.34 0.833 7.85 2.000 7.68 3.000 3.95 4.00 2.80 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 114.88 109.65 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.06 116 6.88 (iii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.06 110.00 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.01 10.00 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 42.09 22.60 26.48 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 42.09 22.60 26.48 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF COLFFICIENT = 0.97 0.52 0.61 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAFE OFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAFE OFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAFE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING STORAFE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING STOR
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	CALIB       STANDHYD ( 0002)         ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Total Imp(%) = 42.00 Dir. Conn. (%) = 31.00         Surface Area (ha) = 0.26 (m) = 1.50 5.00 Average (m) = 1.50 5.00 Average Slope (%) = 6.00 6.00 Length (m) = 41.63 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME RAIN (TIME RAIN (TIME RAIN) TIME RAIN (TIME RAIN) hrs mm/hr (hrs mm/hr) (r) frs mm/hr (hrs mm/hr) 0.033 3.17 (1.033 16.54 2.035 6.54 3.05 3.69 0.250 3.57 (1.250 114.88 (2.353 6.54 3.35 3.3 3.46 0.417 4.11 (1.417 20.52 (2.417 5.13 (3.42 3.26 0.533 3.57 (1.250 114.88 (2.333 5.77 (3.53 3.3 4.6 0.417 4.11 (1.417 20.52 (2.217 5.13 (3.42 3.26 0.583 4.48 (1.583 12.57 (2.583 4.455 (3.58 3.09 0.667 4.68 (1.583 12.57 (2.667 4.455 (3.56 3.3 2.94 0.433 6.13 (1.567 3.27 (2.563 4.455 (3.56 3.3 2.94 0.433 6.13 (1.563 5.7 (2.57 4.55 (3.56 3.2 2.94 0.533 6.13 (1.563 5.7 (2.57 2.667 3.2 2.94 0.533 6.13 (1.563 5.7 (2.57 2.667 3.2 2.94 0.533 6.13 (1.58 3.10 7.7 (2.68 3.47 3.57 3.2 0.94 0.633 6.13 (1.58 3.10 7.7 (2.68 3.47 3.57 3.2 0.94 0.633 6.13 (1.58 3.10 7.7 (2.68 2.417 5.13 (3.42 3.26 0.560 4.11 (3.10 0.0 8.55 (2.000 7.68 (3.000 3.95 (4.00 2.80)         Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 114.88 46.95 500 0.667 (6.83 0.02 (0.045 (111)) 1000 8.55 (2.000 7.68 (3.000 3.95 (4.00 2.80)         Max.eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 14.88 46.95 500 0.167 (0.58) (0.34 0.02 (0.045 (111)) 1000 0.101 Hyd. peak (mn) = 0.33 (0.02 0.045 (111)) 1000 0.34 (0.22 (1.50 0.3 0.02 0.045 (111)) 1000 0.34 (1.5 0.3 0.02 0.045 (111)) 1000 0.34 (1.5 0.3 0.02 0.045 (111)) 1000 0.34 (1.5 0.56         ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (1) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN = 80.0 SIA DEP STOTAGE (0.045 (111)) THAN HE STORAGE COEFF. CIMER OR EQUAL (11) THAN HE S
STANDHYD ( 0202)       Area (ha)= 2.48       Dir. Conn.(%)= 0.50         IMPERATIONS PERVICUS (1)         Surface Area (ha)= 1.00       5.00         Average Slope (%)= 2.00       4.00         Length (m)= 1.26.5.8       30.00         Mannings n (m)= 0.013       0.250         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.       TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   0.083         THE RAIN   1.033       105.36       5.64   3.063       3.669         0.157       0.171       1.083       5.73   3.33       3.66         0.033       3.571       1.333       14.48       2.333       5.73   3.33       3.66         0.150       0.517       1.520       12.433       1.65       3.69       3.69         0.151       1.163       16.54       2.035       6.54   3.106       3.69         0.161       3.171       1.083       16.54       2.035       3.25       3.46         0.164       4.11       1.410       2.052       2.410       5.13       3.420       3.56         0.333       6.131       1.55       1.250       1.433       4.27       3.83       2.94         0.453       6.131       1.657       1.250       <	$\frac{\text{over}(\text{min})}{\text{Unit Hyd. Tpeak}(\text{min})} = 0.94 (\text{ii}) 10.00 (\text{ii})}{10.00} (\text{unit Hyd. Tpeak}(\text{min})} = 0.30 (\text{ii}) 10.00 (\text{unit Hyd. Tpeak}(\text{min})} = 0.34 (0.15) \frac{\text{*TOTALS}*}{1.33} (0.028 (\text{iii})) \text{TIME TO PEAK}(\text{hrS})} = 1.33 (1.42 (1.33) (0.028 (\text{iii})) \text{TIME TO PEAK}(\text{hrS})} = 1.33 (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.33) (1.42 (1.42 (1.43) (1.43$
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

	0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	0 6.13   3 6.13   7 8.55   0 8.55	1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	9.43 9.43 7.68 7.68	2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	4.27   3.75 4.27   3.83 3.95   3.92 3.95   4.00	2.94 2.94 2.80 2.80
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	114.88 5.00 1.76 (* 5.00 0.32	ii)	42.67 10.00 6.91 (ii) 10.00 0.14	*TOTAL S*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.34 1.33 42.09 43.59 0.97		0.32 1.42 16.12 43.59 0.37	0.589 (iii) 1.33 21.49 43.59 0.49	
****	* WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. I	S SMALLER	THAN	TIME STEP!		
	(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PERV = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	/IOUS Drage LER OR SEFLOW	LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL IF ANY.		
CA   ST  ID=	IB   ANDHYD ( 0018)  1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total In	(ha)= 0 p(%)= 30	.46 .40	Dir. Conn.	(%)= 21.70	
	Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOUS 0.14 1.50 2.00 55.38 0.013	PE	RVIOUS (i) 0.32 5.00 4.00 20.00 0.250		
	NOTE: RAIN	FALL WAS TR	ANSFORMED	то	5.0 MIN. T	IME STEP.	
	TIM hr 0.08 0.25 0.33 0.41 0.50 0.41 0.55 0.63 0.65 0.55 0.35 0.91 1.00	E         RAIN           s         mm/hr           3         3.17           0         3.57           3         3.57           3         3.57           10         4.11           10         4.11           13         4.88           7         4.88           0         6.13           7         8.55           0         8.55	TIME TIME hrs r 1.083 1.250 1.250 1.417 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	5FORME RAIN nm/hr L6.54 L6.54 L4.88 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.52 20.53 7.68	D HYETOGRAU ' TIME ' hrs 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	H         TIME           RAIN         T IME           mm/hr         hrs           6.54         3.08           6.54         3.17           5.73         3.25           5.13         3.42           5.13         3.50           4.65         3.67           4.65         3.68           4.27         3.75           4.27         3.83           3.95         3.92	RAIN mm/hr 3.69 3.46 3.46 3.26 3.26 3.09 3.09 2.94 2.94 2.80 2.80
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	114.88 5.00 1.38 (1 5.00 0.33	ii)	42.09 10.00 6.72 (ii) 10.00 0.14	*TOTAL C*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.03 1.33 42.09 43.59 0.97		0.03 1.42 16.03 43.59 0.37	0.053 (iii) 1.33 21.68 43.59 0.50	
***	* WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. I	S SMALLER	THAN	TIME STEP!		
	(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PER = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	/IOUS prage LER OR SEFLOW	LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL IF ANY.		

<pre></pre>	0.583 5.82   1.583 14.88   2.583 5.54   3.58 3.69 0.667 5.82   1.667 14.88   2.667 5.54   3.67 3.69 0.750 7.29   1.750 11.18   2.750 5.09   3.83 3.51 0.833 7.29   1.833 11.18   2.750 5.09   3.83 3.51 0.830 10.14   2.000 9.12   2.607 4.72   3.20 3.35 0.900   10.14   2.000 9.12   3.000 4.72   4.00 3.35 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 1.94 (ii) 6.50 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 5.00   10.00 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 5.00   10.00 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 1.33   4.2   1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 49.62   28.75   32.90 TTME TO PEAK (hrs) = 1.33   4.2   1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 49.62   28.75   32.90 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 5.01   5.12   5.112   5.12   1.2   1.2   1.2   5.12   1.2
$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}$	IDE 1 DT = 5.0 min/ Dep. Storage       Total Imp(%) = 42.00 pir. Conn.(%) = 31.00
$\frac{\left \sum_{n=1}^{3} \text{TADMYD} \left( \begin{array}{c} 0.202 \\ 100^{-1} \text{C} \text{Total} \text{Imp}(3) = 36.70 \\ 100^{-1} \text{C} \text{D} \text{Imp} \left( \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100^{-1} \text{D} \text{Imp} \left( \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100^{-1} \text{Imp} \left( \begin{array}{c} 100^{-1} \text{Imp} \left( \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100^{-1} \text{Imp} \left( 100^{-1} \text{Imp} $	$ \frac{\text{over}}{   } \frac{(\text{m})}{   } = \frac{5.00}{0.89} (\text{ii}) \frac{10.00}{10.00} (\text{ii}) \frac{\text{more}}{   } \\ \text{unit Hyd. Preak (ein)} = \frac{5.00}{0.34} 0.13 \frac{\text{more}}{10.00} \frac{\text{more}}{0.036} (\text{iii}) \frac{\text{more}}{1.33} \frac{12.42}{0.132} \frac{12.33}{0.036} \frac{\text{more}}{1.33} \frac{12.42}{0.133} \frac{12.33}{0.132} \frac{12.33}{0.122} \frac{12.33}{0.0033} \frac{12.33}{0.122} \frac{12.33}{0.032} \frac{12.33}{0.133} \frac{12.34}{0.133} \frac{12.34}{0.133} \frac{12.34}{0.132} \frac{12.33}{0.122} \frac{12.33}{0.033} \frac{12.33}{0.133} \frac{12.34}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.132} \frac{12.33}{0.122} \frac{12.33}{0.0033} \frac{12.33}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.33}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.32}{0.133} \frac{12.33}{0.133} \frac{12.33}{0.$
U.41/         4.70         1.41/         24.13         2.41/         0.10         3.42         3.90           0.500         4.90         1.500         24.19         2.500         5.10         3.50         3.90           0.567         5.20         1.580         24.18         2.503         5.14         3.50         3.90           0.567         5.22         1.587         14.88         2.503         5.94         3.50           0.757         7.29         1.750         11.18         2.750         5.09         3.75         3.51           0.833         7.29         1.833         11.18         2.833         5.09         3.51         3.51           0.917         10.14         1.917         9.12         2.917         4.72         3.92         3.35           1.000         10.14         2.000         9.12         3.000         4.72         4.00         3.35	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
---	
PEAK FLOW         (cms)=         0.40         0.43         0.747         (iii)           TIME TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME         (mm)=         49.62         21.23         27.10           TOTAL RAINFALL         (mm)=         51.12         51.12         51.12           RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.97         0.42         0.53           ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:         C/K*         80.0         Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STP ODULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL           (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (CN* = 8.0.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (i1) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (i1i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. 	
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PFERVIOUS LOSSES: (CN* = 80.0 I a = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. 	
CALTB   CALTB	
$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{IMPERVIOUS} & \text{PERVIOUS} (i) \\ \text{Surface Area} & (ha) = & 0.14 & 0.32 \\ \text{Dep. Storage} & (mm) = & 1.50 & 5.00 \\ \text{Average Slope} & (\%) = & 2.00 & 4.00 \\ \text{Length} & (m) = & 55.38 & 20.00 \\ \text{Mannings n} & = & 0.013 & 0.250 \\ \end{array}$	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	
TRANCEODMED UVETOCRADU	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=         132.58         56.17           over (min)         5.00         10.00           Storage Coeff. (min)=         1.30 (ii)         6.06 (ii)           Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=         5.00         10.00           Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=         0.33         0.15	
PEAK         FLOW         (cms)=         0.04         0.04         0.067           TIME TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME         (mm)=         49.62         21.12         27.30           TOTAL RAINFALL         (mm)=         51.12         51.12         51.12           RUNOFF COLFFICENT         =         0.97         0.41         0.53	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!	
<ul> <li>(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:</li> <li>(CN* = 80.0 I a Dep. Storage (Above)</li> <li>(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.</li> <li>(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</li> </ul>	

<pre></pre>	0.583 7.28   1.583 18.34   2.583 6.94   3.58 4.65 0.667 7.28   1.667 18.34   2.583 6.94   3.58 4.65 0.739 9.09   759 13.55 2.753 6.38 3.67 4.45 0.937 11.58   2.753 6.38 3.73 4.43 0.937 12.58   2.000 11.32 2.817 5.38   2.423 1.000 12.58   2.000 11.32   3.00 5.92   4.00 4.23 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 154.98 181.44 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 1.82 (ii) 6.10 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 0.32 0.15 * PEAK FLOW (cms) = 0.30 0.54 0.779 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs) = 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (cms) = 0.38 37.94 42.40 TOTAL RAIVRAL (cms) = 61.88 61.88 61.88 61.88 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.98 0.61 0.69 ****** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITING THE AREA. (i) CN PROCEDUE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (i) CN
COMMENTS:	CALIB       STANDHO ( 0002)       Area (ha) = 0.26         ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Total Imp(%) = 42.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 31.00         Surface Area (ha) = 0.11 0.15       0.15         Surface Area (ha) = 0.12 0.15       0.00         Average Slope (m) = 0.01 0.15       0.15         Average Slope (m) = 0.01 0.15       0.00         Average Slope (m) = 0.013       0.230         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         THE RAIN ( TIME RAIN ( TI
Image: Standardy C 0202)       Area: (ha)= 2.48       Dir. Conn. (%)= 0.50         Image: Standardy C 0202)       Total Imp(%)= 36.70       Dir. Conn. (%)= 0.50         Image: Standardy C 0202)       ImpERVIOUS       PERVIOUS (1)         Dep. Storage       (m)=       1.00       5.00         Average Slope       (%)=       2.00       4.00         Length n       (m)=       1.01       0.230         Mannings n       (m)=       0.013       0.230         NOTE:       RAINELL WAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         Image: Transformer Processing Number of the step of the st	$\frac{1}{  1+2  2} = \frac{1}{  10  2} = \frac{1}{  0003\rangle } = \frac{5.00}{  10  3} =$
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline $	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \label{eq:constraint} & \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$

	0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	0 9.09   3 9.09   7 12.58   0 12.58	1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	13.85 13.85 11.32 11.32	2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	6.38   3.75 6.38   3.83 5.92   3.92 5.92   4.00	4.43 4.43 4.23 4.23
	Max.Eff.Inten.(I over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	154.98 5.00 1.56 5.00 0.33	(ii)	77.44 10.00 5.62 (ii) 10.00 0.15	*TOTAI S*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.46 1.33 60.38 61.88 0.98		0.60 1.42 29.09 61.88 0.47	0.976 (iii) 1.33 35.56 61.88 0.57	
****	* WARNING: STORAU (i) CN PROCEDI CN* = 2 (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE 3 (iii) PEAK FLOW	GE COEFF. I URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	S SMALLE D FOR PEI = Dep. S D BE SMAI FFICIENT NCLUDE B	R THAN RVIOUS torage LLER OR ASEFLOW	TIME STEP! LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL IF ANY.		
CA   ST.  ID=	LIB ANDHYD ( 0018) 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total In	(ha)= 0 p(%)= 30	0.46 0.40	Dir. Conn.	(%)= 21.70	
	Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	1 (ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOU 0.14 1.50 2.00 55.38 0.013	S PE	RVIOUS (i) 0.32 5.00 4.00 20.00 0.250		
	NOTE: RAIN	FALL WAS TR	ANSFORME	о то	5.0 MIN. T	IME STEP.	
	TIM hr 0.08 0.25 0.33 0.41 0.50 0.58 0.66 0.75 0.83 0.91 1.000	E RAIN   s mm/hr   3 4.77   7 4.77   0 5.36   3 5.36   3 5.36   3 6.14   0 6.14   3 7.28   0 9.09   7 12.58   0 12.58	TIME hrs 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	NSFORME RAIN mm/hr 23.97 23.97 154.98 154.98 29.61 29.61 18.34 13.85 13.85 11.32 11.32	D HYETOGRAI ' TIME ' hrs 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.750 2.750 3.000	PH         TIME           RAIN         TIME           mm/hr         hrs           9.68         3.08           9.68         3.17           8.51         3.33           7.63         3.50           6.94         3.67           6.38         3.75           6.38         3.83           5.92         3.92	RAIN mm/hr 5.53 5.19 5.19 5.19 4.90 4.90 4.90 4.65 4.43 4.65 4.43 4.23 4.23
	Max.Eff.Inten.(i over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	154.98 5.00 1.22 5.00 0.33	(ii)	76.50 10.00 5.43 (ii) 10.00 0.16	*T0TAI S*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.04 1.33 60.38 61.88 0.98		0.05 1.42 28.96 61.88 0.47	0.088 (iii) 1.33 35.77 61.88 0.58	
****	* WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. I	S SMALLE	R THAN	TIME STEP!		
	(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE	D FOR PE = Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIENT	RVIOUS torage LLER OR	LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL		



	0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	0 10.36 3 10.36 7 14.30 0 14.30	1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	15.73 15.73 12.89 12.89	2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	7.29   7.29   6.77   6.77	3.75 3.83 3.92 4.00	5.08 5.08 4.85 4.85
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	[mm/hr)= (min)= (min)= (cms)=	170.70 5.00 1.50 5.00 0.33	(ii)	92.71 10.00 6.32 (ii) 10.00 0.15	*101	AI C*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.51 1.33 67.97 69.47 0.98		0.69 1.42 34.94 69.47 0.50	1. 1 41 69 0	097 (iii) 33 78 47 60	
****	* WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. 1	S SMALLE	R THAN	TIME STEP!			
	(i) CN PROCEE CN* = (ii) TIME STEF THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW	OURE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PE = Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIENT NCLUDE B	RVIOUS torage LLER OR ASEFLOW	LOSSES: (Above) E EQUAL I IF ANY.			
CA   ST.  ID=	IB ANDHYD ( 0018) 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total In	(ha)= np(%)= 3	0.46 0.40	Dir. Conn.	(%)= 2	1.70	
	Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOU 0.14 1.50 2.00 55.38 0.013	S PE	RVIOUS (i) 0.32 5.00 4.00 20.00 0.250			
	NOTE: RAIN	IFALL WAS TH	ANSFORME	р то	5.0 MIN. T	IME STE	Р.	
	TIM hr 0.08 0.22 0.33 0.41 0.55 0.65 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55	RAIN           rs         mm/hr           r3         5.47           r0         6.13           r3         6.13           r3         6.13           r3         8.31           r6         13           r7         7.02           r0         10.36           r7         10.36           r7         14.30	TRA TIME hrs 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000	NSFORME RAIN mm/hr 27.09 27.09 170.70 33.42 33.42 20.79 15.73 15.73 15.73 12.89 12.89	D HYETOGRA ' TIME ' hrs 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	PH RAIN mm/hr 11.03   11.03   9.71   8.71   8.71   8.71   8.71   7.93   7.93   7.29   7.29   6.77   6.77	TIME hrs 3.08 3.17 3.25 3.33 3.42 3.50 3.58 3.67 3.75 3.83 3.92 4.00	RAIN mm/hr 6.33 5.95 5.62 5.62 5.33 5.08 4.85 4.85
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	[mm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	170.70 5.00 1.18 5.00 0.33	(ii)	91.61 10.00 6.04 (ii) 10.00 0.15	*101	AI 6 \$	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.05 1.33 67.97 69.47 0.98		0.06 1.42 34.81 69.47 0.50	0. 1 42 69 0	099 (iii) .33 .00 .47 .60	
***	* WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. 1	S SMALLE	R THAN	TIME STEP!			
	(i) CN PROCEE CN* = (ii) TIME STEF THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW	OURE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE / DOES NOT I	D FOR PE = Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIENT NCLUDE B	RVIOUS torage LLER OR ASEFLOW	LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL			



	0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	0 11.77   3 11.77   7 16.19   0 16.19	1.750 1 1.833 1 1.917 1 2.000 1	7.80   2.750 7.80   2.833 4.61   2.917 4.61   3.000	8.32   3.75 8.32   3.83 7.73   3.92 7.73   4.00	5.82 5.82 5.56 5.56
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	nm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	185.45 5.00 1.45 (i 5.00 0.33	108.19 10.00 i) 6.11 (ii 10.00 0.15	) *total s*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.56 1.33 75.91 77.41 0.98	0.81 1.42 41.29 77.41 0.53	1.258 (iii) 1.33 48.46 77.41 0.63	
****	WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. I	S SMALLER	THAN TIME STEP	1	
	<pre>(i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE (iii) PEAK FLOW</pre>	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT I	D FOR PERV = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	IOUS LOSSES: rage (Above) ER OR EQUAL EFLOW IF ANY.		
CAI   ST/  ID=	IB ANDHYD ( 0018) 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total Im	(ha)= 0. p(%)= 30.	46 40 Dir. Conn	.(%)= 21.70	
	Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOUS 0.14 1.50 2.00 55.38 0.013	PERVIOUS (i 0.32 5.00 4.00 20.00 0.250	)	
	NOTE: RAIN	FALL WAS TR	ANSFORMED	TO 5.0 MIN.	TIME STEP.	
			TRANC	FORMER INVETOCO	4.011	
	TIM hr 0.08 0.16 0.25 0.33 0.41 0.50 0.58 0.66 0.58 0.66 0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00	E RAIN   s mm/hr   3 6.26   0 7.01   7 8.02   0 8.02   3 9.47   0 11.77   3 11.77   16.19	TIME hrs m 1.083 3 1.250 18 1.333 18 1.417 3 1.583 2 1.667 2 1.750 1 1.917 1 2.000 1	Hormetty         Time           m/hr         '         hrs           0.45         2.083         0.45           0.45         2.167         1.06           5.45         2.333         7.49         2.417           7.49         2.417         7.49         2.500           3.45         2.667         7.80         2.750           7.80         2.750         7.80         2.750           7.49         2.417         7.80         2.917           4.61         2.917         4.61         3.000	APH            RAIN         TIME           mm/hr         hrs           12.53         3.08           12.53         3.17           11.04         3.25           9.92         3.50           9.04         3.68           9.04         3.67           8.32         3.75           8.32         3.83           7.73         3.92           7.73         4.00	RAIN mm/hr 7.23 6.80 6.43 6.43 6.43 6.43 6.43 6.10 6.10 5.82 5.82 5.56 5.56
	Max.Eff.Inten.( over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	nm/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	185.45 5.00 1.14 (i 5.00 0.34	106.95 10.00 i) 5.85 (ii 10.00 0.15	) *TOTAL S*	
	PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= ENT =	0.05 1.33 75.91 77.41 0.98	0.07 1.42 41.14 77.41 0.53	0.113 (iii) 1.33 48.68 77.41 0.63	
****	WARNING: STORA	GE COEFF. I	S SMALLER	THAN TIME STEP	1	
	<ul> <li>(i) CN PROCED CN* =         (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE         (iii) PEAK ELOW</li> </ul>	URE SELECTE 80.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE DOES NOT T	D FOR PERV = Dep. Sto D BE SMALL FFICIENT. NCLUDE BAS	IOUS LOSSES: rage (Above) ER OR EQUAL		

<pre>v v I SSSSS U U A L (v 6.2.2015) v v I SSS U U AAAA L v v I SSSS U U AAAA L v I SSSSS UUUU A A LLLLL 000 TTTTTTTTTTTT H H Y Y M M 000 TM 0 0 T T H H H Y M M 000 Developed and distributed by Smart City water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City water Inc All rights reserved. ***** DETAILED OUTPUT ***** Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\visual OTHMM0 6.2\V02\voin.dat Output filename: C:\Vsers\cmartin\AppData\Loca\Civica\VHS\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-&amp;e9d-a57b449df036\S2e33252-a2 Summary H lename: C:\Vsers\cmartin\AppData\Loca\Civica\VHS\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-&amp;e9d-a57b449df036\S2e33252-a2 DATE: 11-08-2024 TIME: 09:01:03 USER: COMMENTS:</pre>	1.083 4.00 4.083 17.00 7.083 13.00 10.08 38.00 1.167 4.00 4.150 77.00 7.167 13.00 10.17 38.00 1.251 4.00 4.250 77.00 7.263 13.00 10.25 38.00 1.417 4.00 4.451 77.00 7.531 13.00 10.42 38.00 1.50 4.00 4.500 17.00 7.533 13.00 10.42 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.45 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.657 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.55 38.00 1.67 4.00 4.667 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.57 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.453 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.67 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.455 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.57 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.67 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.535 17.00 7.583 13.00 11.05 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.535 17.00 7.583 13.00 11.05 38.00 1.635 4.00 4.535 17.00 7.583 13.00 11.05 38.00 2.063 6.00 5.083 13.00 8.005 13.00 11.08 13.00 2.167 6.00 5.167 13.00 8.007 13.00 11.08 13.00 2.167 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.257 13.00 11.158 13.00 2.167 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.257 13.00 11.158 13.00 2.535 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.533 13.00 11.55 13.00 2.533 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.533 13.00 11.55 13.00 2.533 6.00 5.550 13.00 8.573 13.00 11.55 13.00 2.533 6.00 5.537 13.00 8.573 13.00 11.55 13.00 2.533 6.00 5.537 13.00 8.573 13.00 11.55 13.00 2.533 6.00 5.537 13.00 8.573 13.00 11.53 13.00 3.000 6.00 6.00 13.00 9.000 13.00 11.20 13.00 3.001 MILLY DEPAK (mm)= 2.00 10.00 (11) MILLY DEPAK (CMS)= 0.28 0.14 *TOTALS* PEAK FLOW (CMS)= 0.28 0.14 *TOTALS* PEAK FLOW (CMS)= 0.21 50 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.99 0.55 0.212.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.99 0.85 0.88 ***** WARDING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLEE THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARDING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLEE THAN TIME STEP!
irss       mm/hr       irss       mm/hr       irss       mm/hr         0.00       6.00       3.00       13.00       6.00       53.00       53.00         1.00       4.00       17.00       7.00       13.00       10.00       38.00         2.00       6.00       5.00       13.00       13.00       10.00       38.00         2.00       6.00       5.00       13.00       10.00       38.00         100       11.00       11.00       13.00       10.00       38.00         100       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00       10.00         100       11.00       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00         100       110       11.00       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00         100       110       11.00       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00         100       110       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00       10.00         100       110       11.00       13.00       10.00       13.00       10.00         100       110       110       110       11.00       13.00       11.00         100	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
<pre>1.582 4.00   4.583 17.00   7.583 13.00   10.53 38.00 1.687 4.00   4.687 17.00   7.583 13.00   10.57 38.00 1.757 4.00   4.873 17.00   7.750 13.00   10.75 38.00 1.917 4.00   4.833 17.00   7.917 13.00   10.83 38.00 2.000 4.00   5.000 17.00 8.000 13.00   11.00 38.00 2.083 6.00   5.083 13.00   8.083 13.00   11.00 38.00 2.157 6.00   5.165 13.00   8.165 13.00   11.07 13.00 2.156 6.00   5.165 13.00   8.165 13.00   11.17 13.00 2.157 6.00   5.165 13.00   8.167 13.00   11.17 13.00 2.533 6.00   5.500 13.00   8.163 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.533 6.00   5.500 13.00   8.417 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.533 6.00   5.500 13.00   8.647 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.533 6.00   5.500 13.00   8.657 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.543 6.00   5.583 13.00   8.533 13.00   11.35 13.00 2.543 6.00   5.583 13.00   8.647 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.5457 6.00   5.667 13.00   8.675 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.5457 6.00   5.671 13.00   8.647 13.00   11.42 13.00 2.5457 6.00   5.671 13.00   8.675 13.00   11.75 13.00 2.5457 6.00   5.671 13.00   8.647 13.00   11.22 13.00 3.000 6.00   5.00   3.00   9.000   3.00   12.00   3.00 2.517 6.00   5.751 13.00   8.517 13.00   12.20   3.00 3.000 6.00   5.00   3.00   9.000   3.00   12.00   3.00 3.000 6.00   5.00   3.00   9.000   3.00   12.00   3.00 3.000 f 0.00   5.034   0.10 **TOTALS* **TOTALS* **TOTALS* **TOTALS* **TOTALS* **TOTALS* **TOTALS* ***** WARNING: STORAGE COFF. IS SMALLET THAN TIME STEP! (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: () CM = 8.00 SLATE DEP. SECTAGE (ADAVE) (ii) PEAK FLOW GOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</pre>	2.250       6.00       5.250       13.00       8.250       13.00       11.25       13.00         2.137       6.00       5.417       13.00       8.431       13.00       11.42       13.00         2.137       6.00       5.507       13.00       8.431       13.00       11.42       13.00         2.150       6.00       5.507       13.00       8.507       13.00       11.42       13.00         2.583       6.00       5.567       13.00       8.507       13.00       11.67       13.00         2.657       6.00       5.750       13.00       8.667       13.00       11.67       13.00         2.637       6.00       5.733       13.00       8.833       13.00       11.83       13.00         2.637       6.00       5.733       13.00       8.833       13.00       11.23       13.00         2.637       6.00       5.700       10.00       13.00       12.00       13.00       12.00       13.00         3.007       6.00       6.00       13.00       13.00       13.00       12.00       13.00         unit Hyd.peak (cms)=       0.20       0.21       0.00       0.35       0.348 <t< td=""></t<>
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Surface Area         (ma)=         0.18         0.18           Dep. Storage         (ma)=         1.50         5.00           Average Slope         (m)=         4.03         10.00           Mannings n         =         0.013         0.020           NOTE:         RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO         S.0 MIN. TIME STEP.           TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN           TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN           TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN           0.083         6.00         3.083         13.00         6.083         23.00           0.185         0.013.167         13.00         6.123         23.00         9.17         53.00           0.250         6.00         3.130         13.00         6.250         23.00         9.17         53.00           0.337         6.00         3.530         13.00         6.672         23.00         9.55         53.00           0.337         6.00         3.530         13.00         6.672         23.00         9.58         53.00           0.683         6.00         3.583         13.00         6.673         23.00         9.58         53.00     <

$\frac{2.759}{2.627} + \frac{6.00}{6.00} + \frac{5.739}{5.271} + \frac{13.00}{13.00} + \frac{11.73}{13.00} + \frac{11.73}{13.00} + \frac{13.00}{13.00} + \frac{11.73}{13.00} + \frac{13.00}{10.00} + \frac{11.73}{10.00} + \frac{11.73}{10.$	$\frac{0.559}{2.630} = 6.00 + 3.259 + 33.00 + 6.259 + 23.00 + 9.25 + 33.00 + 0.259 + 23.00 + 0.25$
0.917 6.00 3.917 13.00 6.917 23.00 9.92 53.00 1.060 6.00 4.000 17.0837 13.00 10.09 38.00 1.250 4.00 4.037 17.00 7.537 13.00 10.03 38.00 1.351 4.00 4.337 17.00 7.537 13.00 10.03 38.00 1.533 4.00 4.531 17.00 7.533 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.5451 4.00 4.531 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.657 4.00 4.531 17.00 7.583 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.657 4.00 4.531 17.00 7.533 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.657 4.00 4.551 17.00 7.533 13.00 110.33 38.00 2.033 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.033 13.00 110.33 38.00 2.033 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.033 13.00 110.33 38.00 2.053 6.00 5.533 13.00 8.533 13.00 110.51 38.00 2.657 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.653 13.00 111.09 13.00 2.557 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.557 13.00 111.53 13.00 2.567 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.573 13.00 111.73 13.00 2.567 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.573 13.00 111.73 13.00 2.567 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.573 13.00 111.73 13.00 2.567 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.573 13.00 11.73 13.00 2.567 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.574 1.500 13.00 11.73 13.00 2.675 6.00 5.553 13.00 8.575 13.00 11.73 13.00 3.000 5.000 5.00 13.00 9.500 13.00 12.00 13.00 3.000 5.000 5.00 13.00 9.500 13.00 12.00 13.00 3.000 5.000 5.00 13.00 9.500 13.00 10.	

	Mannings n = 0.013 0.250
V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.2.2015) V V I SS U U A A L	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
V V I SS U U AAAU VV I SSSS UUUUU A A LLLL 000 TTTTT H H Y M M 000 TM 0 0 T T H H Y M M 00 0 0 0 T T H H Y M M 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\visual OTTHYMO 6.2\V02\voin.dat	0.537 4.54 1.937 4.44 2.917 2.29 1.63 1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63
Output filename: C:\User\$\cmartin\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\90e02d60-89 Summary filename: C:\User\$\cmartin\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\db2b9d01-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\90e02d60-89	Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 39.36 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 2.58 (ii) 8.07 (ii) Unit Wud Trage (min)= 5.00 10.00
DATE: 11-08-2024 TIME: 09:01:03	Unit Hyd. peak (ms)= 0.29 0.13 PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.12 0.11 0.207 (iii)
COMMENTS:	TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 8.99 11.88 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COFFETCTFMT = 0.94 0.36 0.48
	***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20%
** SIMULATION : 25mm 4hr 10min Chicago **	(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PREVIOUS LOSSES: $(N^* = 80.0$ Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
CHICAGO STORM         IDF curve parameters: A= 475.610           Ptotal=33.31 mm         C= 0.738	(11) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min	   CALTB   STANDHYD ( 0002)   Area (ba)= 0.26
Time to peak ratio = 0.33 TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN	ID=1DT= \$.0 min   Total Imp(%)= 42.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 31.00 IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)
hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr 0.00 2.45   1.00 12.66   2.00 5.04   3.00 2.85 0.17 2.76   1.17 86.95   2.17 4.42   3.17 2.67 0.33 3.17   1.33 15.73   2.33 3.95   3.33 2.52	Surface Area $(ha)=0.11$ 0.15 Dep. Storage $(mm)=1.50$ 5.00 Average Slope $(\%)=6.00$ 6.00 Lendth $(m)=41.63$ 20.00
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Manñings n = 0.013 0.250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN  , TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN
MUDLFY SIORM   MUDLFYING PARAMETERS 	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
hrs mm/hr  hrs mm/hr  hrs mm/hr  hrs mm/hr 0.167 1.84   1.167 9.52   2.167 3.78   3.17 2.14 0.333 2.07   1.333 65.25   2.333 3.32   3.33 2.01 0.500 2.38   1.500 11.81 2.500 2.97 3.50 1.89	$ \begin{smallmatrix} 0.333 \\ 0.47 \\ 2.38 \\ 1.447 \\ 0.181 \\ 2.500 \\ 1.81 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.38 \\ 1.500 \\ 1.81 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.75 \\ 2.83 \\ 1.58 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.75 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.75 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.77 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.79 \\ 3.50 \\ 1.79 \\ 1.81 \\ 2.500 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 1.79 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.79 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.5$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.667 2.83 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.750 3.55 1.750 5.44 2.750 2.47 3.75 1.70 0.833 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.70
CALIB	0.91/ 4.94 1.91/ 4.44 2.91/ 2.29 3.92 1.63 1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 13.84
STANDHYD ( 0201)         Area (na)= 5.50           IDD=1 DT= 5.00 min           Total Imp(%)= 58.00           DIP         DT           DIP         F5.00 min             TOTAL         TMP(%)= 58.00           DIP         DIP	over (min) 5.00 11.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.05 (ii) 8.43 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.34 0.12
Surface Area (ha)= 2.03 1.47 Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.50 5.00 Average Slope (%)= 4.00 4.00 Length (m)= 152.75 20.00	**TOTALS* PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.01 0.00 0.017 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 5.83 11.28
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNDFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.23 0.45 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SMOLLER ESMALLER OR EQUAL TIME STEDIES COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNOFF COEFFICTENT =       0.94       0.23       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: $CA*$ =       8.0.       Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	0.083 1.84 1.083 9.52 2.083 3.78 3.08 2.14 0.167 1.84 1.167 9.52 2.167 3.78 3.17 2.14 0.250 2.07 1.250 65.25 2.250 3.32 3.25 2.01 0.333 2.07 1.333 65.25 2.233 3.32 3.33 2.01 0.410 2.38 1.400 1.81 2.417 2.97 3.40 1.89 0.583 2.88 1.503 1.181 2.417 2.97 3.58 1.99 0.583 2.88 1.503 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.567 1.79 0.750 3.55 1.750 5.44 2.750 2.47 3.75 1.70 0.813 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.83 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.917 4.94 1.917 4.44 2.917 2.29 3.92 1.63 1.000 4.94 1.917 4.44 2.917 2.29 3.92 1.63 1.000 4.94 1.917 4.44 8.90
TOTAL RAINFALL $(mm) =$ 25.0025.0025.0025.00RUNOFF COEFFICIENT $=$ $0.94$ $0.23$ $0.45$ ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEPICIENT.(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.CALTER STADDAYD ((CALTER ISTADDAYD (CALTER ISTADDAYD (COLT ID ID T S.00 minTOTAL TIME (ha) =CALTER ISTADDAYD (COLT ID ID T S.00 minCOLT ID ID T S.00 min </td <td><math display="block">\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc</math></td>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{TOTAL RAINFALL } (mm) = & 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RUNOFF COEFFICIENT } = & 0.94 & 0.23 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: \\ CM* = & 80.0 & Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) \\ (ii) TIME STEP(0') SMOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL \\ TTAL THE STORAGE COEFICIENT: \\ (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. \\ \mbox{TOTAL RAINFO } (2022) \\ \mbox{IDP LA TIME TOTAL Tam}(\%) = & 2.48 \\ \mbox{IDP L DT = 5.0 min} \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 2.67 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 0.50 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 0.50 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 2.00 & 4.00 \\ \mbox{Length} & (\%) = & 2.00 & 4.00 \\ \mbox{Length} & (\%) = & 12.05 & 80.00 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 2.06 & 4.00 \\ \mbox{Length} & (\%) = & 12.05 & 80.00 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 12.05 & 80.00 \\ \mbox{Total Tam}(\%) = & 12.05 & 80.00 \\ \mbox{Length} & (\%) = & 12.05 & 80.00 \\ \mbox{Length} &$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.23       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!       (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:       (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:       (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         CALTE         STADDAYD (0202)         Area (ha)=       2.48         IID=1 DT= 5.0 min       Total Imp(%)= 36.70 Dir. conn.(%)= 0.50         IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)         Surface Area (ha)=       0.91         Average Slope (%)=       2.08       4.00         Lengtin (m)=       128.33       3.00         Mannings n       = 0.013       0.250         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	0.083 1.84 1.083 9.52 2.083 3.78 3.08 2.14 0.250 2.84 1.250 65.25 2.250 3.32 3.52 2.01 0.250 2.14 1.250 65.25 2.250 3.32 3.52 2.01 0.417 2.38 1.417 11.81 2.417 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.500 2.38 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.567 2.63 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.63 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.63 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.63 1.667 2.75 1.2667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.633 3.55 1.633 5.44 2.033 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.633 3.55 1.63 5.44 2.033 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.631 3.55 1.63 1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 5.25 14.80 5.07age cover (min) 5.00 (i) 10.00 Storage cover (min)= 5.00 10.00 (ii) Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.33 0.12 PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.31 0.00 0.0111 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (frs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 25.00 2.90 8.67 TOTALS* ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ****** WARNING: STORAGE SOEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAGE SOEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.083 1.84 1.083 9.52 2.083 3.78 3.08 2.14 0.167 1.84 1.167 3.52 2.167 3.78 3.17 2.14 0.33 2.07 1.233 6.52 2.233 3.23 2.33 2.01 0.417 2.38 1.417 55.25 2.233 3.22 3.23 2.01 0.417 2.38 1.417 55.2 2.58 2.69 3.52 1.239 0.500 2.38 1.500 1.81 2.500 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.583 2.83 1.583 7.25 2.583 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.83 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.750 3.55 1.750 5.44 2.750 2.47 3.75 1.70 0.333 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.79 0.517 4.94 1.917 4.44 2.917 2.27 3.83 1.63 1.000 /9.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 1.18 (1) 9.05 (1) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 1.18 (1) 9.05 (1) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 6.00 8.67 TOTALS* PEAK FLOW (Cms)= 0.01 0.00 'OIL((11)) UNIT Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 6.00 8.67 TOTAL ATMFALL (mm)= 25.00 2.24 0.35 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAM TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER OR FQUAL (1) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (N = 80.0 I a DED. STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER OR FQUAL (1) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR FQUAL (11) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR FQUAL (11) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR FQUAL
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	0.083 1.84 1.083 9.52 2.083 3.78 3.08 2.14 0.187 1.84 1.165 9.52 2.167 3.78 3.07 2.14 0.250 2.07 1.250 65.25 2.250 3.32 3.27 2.01 0.33 2.07 1.233 65.25 2.230 3.32 3.25 2.01 0.417 2.38 1.417 11.81 2.417 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.500 2.38 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.507 2.85 1.500 1.81 2.500 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.570 2.85 1.550 5.44 2.567 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.757 2.85 1.453 5.44 2.657 2.49 3.57 1.77 0.833 3.35 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.433 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.431 1.917 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63 Max.Eff.Inter.(mm/hr) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 23.50 6.00 2.29 4.00 1.63 MAX.Eff.Inter. (mm/hr) = 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFILIENT = 0.94 0.24 0.35 ***** WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% VOU SMOULD CONSIDER SPLITING THE AREA. (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (c) M = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFF. INCLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	0.083 1.84 1.083 9.52 2.083 3.78 3.08 2.14 0.150 1.81 1.50 65.25 2.157 3.78 3.17 2.114 0.130 2.07 1.150 65.25 2.150 3.72 3.157 2.114 0.130 2.07 1.150 65.25 2.150 3.72 3.157 2.114 0.130 2.141 2.133 65.25 2.230 3.32 3.157 2.114 0.500 2.18 1.417 11.81 2.417 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.500 2.38 1.500 1.81 2.500 2.97 3.50 1.89 0.583 2.83 1.583 7.25 2.583 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.83 1.667 7.75 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.753 3.51 1.759 5.44 2.753 2.47 3.73 1.70 0.917 3.42 1.917 4.44 2.817 2.79 3.62 1.63 1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 14.80 0.000 cver (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.18 (ii) 3.05 (ii) Unit Hyd. peak (min)= 0.33 0.12 "TOTALS" PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.31 0.10 "TOTALS" TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 6.00 8.67 TOTAL RATWALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 COVER THOPEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 25.00 25.00 8.67 TOTAL RATWALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 7.00 (i) ON PROCEDIFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total RAINFALL (mm)=}{1} 25.00 25.00 25.00 25.00 0.45} \\ \mbox{First WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!} \\ (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: COMPARING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (111) PEAK TOWS PERVIOUS (1) DED, STORAGE (MT) = 1.00 1.05 (1) DED, STORAGE (MT) = 1.00 5.07 DER. STORAGE (MT) = 0.00 ST$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total RAINFALL (mm)=}{} 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RUMOFF COEFFICIENT}{} = 0.94 & 0.23 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{structure} \\ \mbox{figure} \\ figur$	$\frac{0.083}{0.250} \frac{1.84}{1.081}   \frac{1.083}{9.52}   \frac{9.52}{2.083}   \frac{2.083}{3.78}   \frac{3.08}{3.08}   \frac{2.14}{2.14} \\ 0.250   \frac{2.07}{1.250}   \frac{65.25}{9.525}   \frac{2.250}{2.250}   \frac{3.78}{3.28}   \frac{3.08}{3.17}   \frac{2.14}{2.11} \\ 0.33   \frac{2.07}{2.01}   \frac{1.333}{1.25}   \frac{65.25}{2.250}   \frac{2.250}{3.32}   \frac{3.25}{3.23}   \frac{2.01}{2.201} \\ 0.417   \frac{2.38}{2.18}   \frac{1.417}{1.11}   \frac{11.81}{2.417}   \frac{2.417}{2.97}   \frac{2.97}{3.42}   \frac{1.89}{2.65} \\ 0.500   \frac{2.38}{2.18}   \frac{1.667}{2.65}   \frac{7.25}{2.66}   \frac{2.66}{2.667}   \frac{3.65}{2.65}   \frac{1.79}{2.65} \\ 0.657   \frac{2.68}{2.65}   \frac{1.657}{2.58}   \frac{7.25}{2.66}   \frac{2.66}{2.65}   \frac{3.65}{2.65}   \frac{1.79}{2.65} \\ 0.667   \frac{2.68}{2.65}   \frac{1.67}{2.58}   \frac{2.47}{2.29}   \frac{3.92}{3.65}   \frac{1.63}{1.65} \\ 0.633   \frac{1.97}{2.29}   \frac{4.00}{4.94}   \frac{1.917}{2.00}   \frac{4.44}{2.200}   \frac{2.29}{2.29}   \frac{4.00}{4.00}   \frac{1.63}{1.63} \\ \frac{1.000}{1.01}   \frac{4.94}{2.000}   \frac{4.44}{2.000}   \frac{3.00}{2.29}   \frac{4.00}{4.00}   \frac{1.63}{1.63} \\ \frac{1.000}{1.011}   \frac{4.94}{1.917}   \frac{4.91}{2.50}   \frac{1.63}{2.50}   \frac{1.27}{2.29}   \frac{1.63}{2.92}   \frac{1.63}{1.63} \\ \frac{1.000}{1.011}   \frac{1.000}{1.000}   \frac{1.000}{0.011}   \frac{1.000}{0.00}   \frac{1.011}{0.00}   \frac{1.011}{0.011}   \frac{1.11}{0.11}   \frac{1.11}{0.10}   \frac{1.11}{0.01}   \frac{1.11}{0.01} $
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 25.00 0.45 FTT RUMOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.23 0.45 FTT RUMOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 FTT RUMOFF RUMOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.95 FTT RUMOFF RUMOF	$\frac{0.083}{0.160} 1.84   1.083   9.52   2.083   3.78   3.08   2.14 \\ 0.150   1.87   1.150   65.25   2.150   3.72   3.75   3.17   2.11 \\ 0.130   2.07   1.150   65.25   2.150   3.12   3.15   2.11 \\ 0.130   2.07   1.150   65.25   2.150   3.12   3.15   2.11 \\ 0.417   2.18   1.417   11.81   2.417   2.97   3.42   1.89 \\ 0.500   2.18   1.667   7.25   2.667   2.69   3.58   1.79 \\ 0.667   2.83   1.683   7.25   2.583   2.69   3.58   1.79 \\ 0.667   2.83   1.67   7.25   2.667   2.69   3.67   1.79 \\ 0.731   3.55   1.750   5.44   2.750   2.47   3.73   1.70 \\ 0.917   3.44   2.100   4.44   3.000   2.29   4.00   1.63 \\ 1.000   4.94   2.000   4.44   3.000   2.29   4.00   1.63 \\ Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=   5.18   (11)   3.05 (11) \\ 0.011   4yd. Tpak.(min)=   1.18   (11)   3.05 (11) \\ 0.011   4yd. Tpak.(min)=   3.03   0.12   *TOTALS* \\ FRAFELOW   (cms)=   0.31   0.00   0.011   (111) \\ TIME TO PEAK   (fm)=   23.50   6.00   8.67 \\ TOTAL RATWALL   (mm)=   23.50   6.00   8.67 \\ TOTAL RATWALL   (mm)=   25.00   2.20   22.00   23.00   0.35 \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. I$
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (1) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (1) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER OR EQUAL TIME THE STORAGE COEFF.CIENT.         (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (11) DAT 5.0 min         Surface Area (ha) = 0.11 1.50 Dep. Sporage (mm) = 1.001 1.50 Dep. Sporage (mm) = 1.001 0.200 (f) Mendings n = 0.0.13 0.250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TTME RAIN   TIME RA	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) =       25.00       25.00       0.45         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.23       0.45         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       0.90       0.23       0.45         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       DR PENTODUS LOSSES:       0.00       0.45         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       DR PENTODUS LOSSES:       0.00       0.01         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       DR PENTODUS COEFFICIENT       DR PENTODUS COEFFICIENT       DR PENTODUS COEFFICIENT         SWINGFF COEFFICIENT =       DR PENTODUS PERTODUS       DR PENTODUS PERTODUS       0.00       DR PENTODUS         SWIFACE AFGE (ha) =       D.91       FERTODUS (1)       DR PENTODUS (1)       DR PENTODUS (1)       DR PENTODUS (1)         SUFACE AFGE (ha) =       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01         SUFACE AFGE (ha) =       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01         SUFACE AFGE (ha) =       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01       D.01         SUFACE AFGE (ha) =       D.01       D.01 <td><math display="block">\frac{0.083}{1.284} = 1.083}{1.250} = 9.52 + 2.083}{2.78} = 3.08}{3.17} = 2.14</math> 0.250 = 1.07 + 1.250 = 65.25 + 2.250 = 3.78 + 3.08 = 2.14 0.417 = 2.18 + 1.417 + 11.81 + 2.417 = 2.97 + 3.42 + 1.89 0.500 = 2.38 + 1.500 + 1.81 + 2.500 = 2.97 + 3.42 + 1.89 0.500 = 2.38 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.65 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.65 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.657 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.697 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.657 + 1.79 0.633 + 3.55 + 1.63 + 5.44 + 2.633 + 2.47 + 3.63 + 1.79 0.631 + 1.917 + 4.94 + 1.917 + 4.4 + 2.617 + 2.29 + 3.92 + 1.63 1.000 + 4.94 + 2.000 + 4.44 + 3.000 + 2.29 + 4.00 + 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= - 5.25 + 14.80 5.07 arg e Cover (min) 5.00 + 1.94 + 2.000 + 4.44 + 3.000 + 2.29 + 4.00 + 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= - 1.33 + 1.42 + 1.33 1.000 + 0.011 (111) unit Hyd. peak (cms)= - 0.31 - 0.00 + 0.011 (111) Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= - 1.33 + 1.42 + 1.33 RNAPF VOLUMEL (mm)= 25.00 + 2.600 + 2.60 TOWOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 - 0.24 - 0.35 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT = 0.94 - 0.24 - 0.35 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFFICIENT (0.1073) + 1.128</td>	$\frac{0.083}{1.284} = 1.083}{1.250} = 9.52 + 2.083}{2.78} = 3.08}{3.17} = 2.14$ 0.250 = 1.07 + 1.250 = 65.25 + 2.250 = 3.78 + 3.08 = 2.14 0.417 = 2.18 + 1.417 + 11.81 + 2.417 = 2.97 + 3.42 + 1.89 0.500 = 2.38 + 1.500 + 1.81 + 2.500 = 2.97 + 3.42 + 1.89 0.500 = 2.38 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.65 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.65 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.657 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.657 + 1.79 0.667 + 2.63 + 1.697 + 7.25 + 2.667 + 2.69 + 3.657 + 1.79 0.633 + 3.55 + 1.63 + 5.44 + 2.633 + 2.47 + 3.63 + 1.79 0.631 + 1.917 + 4.94 + 1.917 + 4.4 + 2.617 + 2.29 + 3.92 + 1.63 1.000 + 4.94 + 2.000 + 4.44 + 3.000 + 2.29 + 4.00 + 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= - 5.25 + 14.80 5.07 arg e Cover (min) 5.00 + 1.94 + 2.000 + 4.44 + 3.000 + 2.29 + 4.00 + 1.63 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= - 1.33 + 1.42 + 1.33 1.000 + 0.011 (111) unit Hyd. peak (cms)= - 0.31 - 0.00 + 0.011 (111) Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= - 1.33 + 1.42 + 1.33 RNAPF VOLUMEL (mm)= 25.00 + 2.600 + 2.60 TOWOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 - 0.24 - 0.35 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS MALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT = 0.94 - 0.24 - 0.35 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFFICIENT (0.1073) + 1.128
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) =       25.00       25.00       25.00         TRUNCFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.23       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (1) CM * 80.00 I da = Dep Storage CADAVA         (1) THAN THE STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (2) CM * 80.00 I da = Dep Storage CADAVA         (1) THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (1) THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (1) THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (2) TOTAL TIME (M) = 2.48         (1) D= 1 DT = 5.0 min         TOTAL RAINFALL (M) = 0.50         STAROMUS ( 2020)         Area (ha) = 2.48         (1) D= 1 DT = 5.0 min         Straface Area (ha) = 0.91         Straface Area (ha) = 0.91         (1) D= 1 DT = 5.0 min         Straface Area (ha) = 0.91         (1) DE Storage (mm) 1.00         (2) OT 1.130         (2) OT 1.130         (2) OT 1.130         (2) OT 1.130         (3) OT 1.131         (4) DE Storage (ha) 1.161         (5) OT 1.131         (5) OT 1.131	$\frac{0.083}{0.167} \frac{1.84}{1.267} \frac{1.167}{0.527} \frac{9.52}{2.2687} \frac{2.082}{3.78} \frac{3.78}{3.127} \frac{3.00}{2.14}$ $\frac{0.137}{0.230} \frac{2.07}{2.07} \frac{1.1250}{1.133} \frac{65.25}{6.525} \frac{2.233}{2.250} \frac{3.22}{3.32} \frac{3.25}{3.32} \frac{2.11}{3.33} \frac{2.01}{2.01}$ $\frac{0.417}{0.417} \frac{2.38}{2.38} \frac{1.417}{11.81} \frac{1.2417}{2.417} \frac{2.97}{2.97} \frac{3.42}{3.50} \frac{1.89}{1.29}$ $\frac{0.533}{0.537} \frac{2.38}{2.33} \frac{1.530}{1.530} \frac{1.741}{1.181} \frac{1.2500}{2.417} \frac{2.75}{2.75} \frac{1.29}{1.29}$ $\frac{0.533}{0.537} \frac{2.38}{2.33} \frac{1.530}{1.575} \frac{7.54}{2.533} \frac{2.69}{2.47} \frac{1.375}{3.75} \frac{1.79}{1.29}$ $\frac{0.533}{0.537} \frac{2.38}{1.530} \frac{1.750}{1.575} \frac{5.44}{2.570} \frac{2.74}{2.79} \frac{1.375}{3.22} \frac{1.63}{1.63}$ $\frac{0.633}{0.127} \frac{4.94}{4.94} \frac{1.917}{2.914} \frac{4.44}{2.917} \frac{2.29}{2.29} \frac{1.36}{3.32} \frac{1.70}{1.42}$ $\frac{0.833}{0.127} \frac{4.94}{4.94} \frac{1.917}{2.000} \frac{4.44}{4.4} \frac{2.917}{2.29} \frac{2.29}{2.163} \frac{1.32}{2.29} \frac{1.63}{1.63}$ $\frac{1.000}{1.917} \frac{4.94}{2.94} \frac{1.000}{1.0.00} \frac{1.0.00}{1.0.00}$ $\frac{1.011}{1.001} \frac{1.18}{1.917} \frac{1.9}{1.917} \frac{1.44}{4.44} \frac{2.917}{2.29} \frac{2.29}{1.63} \frac{1.32}{2.29} \frac{1.63}{1.63}$ $\frac{1.000}{1.0.00} \frac{4.94}{4.94} \frac{2.000}{2.000} \frac{4.00}{1.65}$ $\frac{1.26}{1.000} \frac{1.26}{1.000} \frac{1.16}{1.000}$ $\frac{1.011}{1.001} \frac{1.18}{1.011} \frac{1.9}{9.00} \frac{1.000}{0.011} \frac{1.000}{0.011}$ $\frac{1.011}{1.001} \frac{1.18}{1.917} \frac{1.18}{1.917} \frac{1.18}{1.917} \frac{1.18}{1.917} \frac{1.18}{1.92} \frac{1.11}{1.000} \frac{1.16}{1.000}$ $\frac{1.161}{1.160} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.10}{1.000} \frac{1.10}{1.010}$ $\frac{1.161}{1.160} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.18}{1.000} \frac{1.11}{1.000} \frac{1.11}{1.153} \frac{1.12}{1.000} \frac{1.11}{1.153} \frac{1.12}{1.163}$ $\frac{1.161}{1.160} \frac{1.18}{1.160} \frac{1.18}{1.163} \frac{1.11}{1.163} \frac{1.163}{1.163}$ $\frac{1.14}{1.22} \frac{1.000}{1.1000} \frac{1.25}{1.022} \frac{0.226}{1.033} \frac{1.33}{1.9.39} \frac{1.163}{1.163}$ $\frac{1.14}{1.22} \frac{1.000}{1.1000} \frac{1.402}{1.022} \frac{0.225}{1.33} \frac{1.33}{1.9.39} \frac{1.163}{1.163}$ $\frac{1.14}{1.22} \frac{1.000}{1.1000} \frac{1.402}{1.022} \frac{1.25}{0.022} \frac{1.33}{1.33} \frac{1.9.95}{1.33}}$ $\frac{1.14}{1.2} \frac{1.2}{1.21} \frac{1.25}{1.33} \frac{1.26}{1.33}$
TOTAL BAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 25.00 0.45         TRNNEF COFFFICIENT = 0.94 0.23 0.45         TRNNEF COFFFICIENT = 0.94 0.23 0.45         TOTAL STORAGE COFFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (1) ON PROCEENES SUBJECT FOR PERVIOUS COSES: 0.10         TOTAL STORAGE COFFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (2) THE STEP (0.19) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN TIME STEP.         THAN THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         (3) THE STEP (0.10) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN TIME STEP.         THAN THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         (3) THE STEP (0.10) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN TIME STEP.         THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         STADUTO (1000) STATE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         THE STORAGE COFF. CIENT.         THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         THE STORAGE COFFF. CIENT.         THE STORAGE COFF. CIENT.         THE S	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c}$	$\frac{0.083}{0.167}  1.84  1.083  9.52  2.083  3.78  3.08  2.14 \\ 0.167  1.84  1.167  9.52  2.167  3.78  3.17  2.14 \\ 0.250  2.07  1.250  65.25  2.250  3.22  3.25  2.03 \\ 0.332  2.07  1.237  65.25  2.230  3.22  3.23  1.30 \\ 0.500  2.38  1.303  65.25  2.230  2.97  3.40  1.99 \\ 0.583  2.68  1.583  7.75  2.667  2.69  3.58  1.79 \\ 0.667  2.83  1.667  7.25  2.667  2.69  3.58  1.79 \\ 0.667  2.83  1.533  5.44  2.797  2.291  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  5.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  5.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  5.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  5.44  4.9.00  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  5.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  4.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  4.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  4.44  2.917  2.29  4.00  1.63 \\ 0.917  4.94  1.931  1.42  1.33  1.42  1.33 \\ 0.00  4.94  2.50  0.10  0.00  0.011  (111) \\ 0.111  Hyd. Peak (cms)=  0.33  0.12  TOTALS* \\ WARDEF VOLUME (cms)=  2.50  0.01  0.00  0.011  (111) \\ TIME TO PEAK (HTS)=  1.33  1.42  1.33 \\ RUMOFF VOLUME (cms)=  2.500  2.04  2.03 \\ 0.24  2.03 \\ 0.24  2.033 \\ 0.24  2.033 \\ 0.24  2.033 \\ 0.24  2.033 \\ 0.24  2.033 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.24  0.23  0.33 \\ 0.25  0.26  0.17  0.26  0.012  0.26  0.17 \\ 0.1086  FARVOK (CmS)= FARV \\ 0.90050000  0.9011  RULUDE BASEFLOW IF ARV \\ 0.90050000  0.9011  RULUDE BASEFLOW IF ARV \\ 0.90050001  0.9011  0.26  0.012  1.33  11.83 \\ 1.88  $
$ \begin{array}{c} \label{eq:constraints} \hline transformed by the constraints of the constraints and the constraints of th$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
TUTAL FAINFALL       (mm) =       25.00       25.00       0.53         TUTAL FAINFALL       (mm) =       0.94       0.23       0.54         TUTAL FAINFALL       (mm) =       0.94       0.23       0.54         TUTAL FAINFALL       (mm) =       0.94       0.23       0.54         TUTAL FAINFALL       (mm) =       0.94       0.93       0.54         (1) THE STEP (07) FORDUDE ESSING       0.55       0.56       0.50         TUTAL FAINFORM       (0.2022)       Area       (ha) =       2.48         Tutal Imp(08) =       36.70       Dir. Conn. (%) =       0.50         Surface Area       (ha) =       2.48       0.03       0.20         Muntings n       (ha) =       2.43       0.00       0.50         Muntings n       (ha) =       1.06       3.00       0.12         Muntings n       (ha) =       1.06       3.00       0.12       0.12         Muntings n       (ha) =       1.063       3.17       1.07       1.08       1.08         Muntings n       (ha) =       2.00       1.00       1.08       1.01       1.00       1.01         Muntings n       (ha) =       1.08       1.083 <td< td=""><td><math display="block">\frac{0.083}{0.250} \frac{1.84}{1.207} \frac{1.083}{1.347} \frac{9.52}{2.167} \frac{2.083}{3.78} \frac{3.78}{3.17} \frac{3.17}{2.14} \frac{2.14}{0.250} \frac{0.250}{2.07} \frac{1.250}{1.327} \frac{6.5.25}{2.317} \frac{2.213}{3.32} \frac{3.25}{3.32} \frac{2.14}{3.25} \frac{1.213}{3.32} \frac{1.32}{3.32} \frac{1.32}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.25} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.33}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.33} \frac{1.53}{3.44} \frac{1.33}{3.35} \frac{1.53}{3.33} \frac{1.43}{3.44} \frac{1.2917}{2.29} \frac{1.43}{3.57} \frac{1.73}{3.37} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.</math></td></td<>	$\frac{0.083}{0.250} \frac{1.84}{1.207} \frac{1.083}{1.347} \frac{9.52}{2.167} \frac{2.083}{3.78} \frac{3.78}{3.17} \frac{3.17}{2.14} \frac{2.14}{0.250} \frac{0.250}{2.07} \frac{1.250}{1.327} \frac{6.5.25}{2.317} \frac{2.213}{3.32} \frac{3.25}{3.32} \frac{2.14}{3.25} \frac{1.213}{3.32} \frac{1.32}{3.32} \frac{1.32}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.25} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.33}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.32} \frac{1.43}{3.33} \frac{1.53}{3.44} \frac{1.33}{3.35} \frac{1.53}{3.33} \frac{1.43}{3.44} \frac{1.2917}{2.29} \frac{1.43}{3.57} \frac{1.73}{3.37} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.33} \frac{1.63}{3.30} \frac{1.63}{3.$
TITLE PLANECELL [100]:       2.0.0       2.0.0         TITLE PLANECELLIE [100]:       0.9.0       20.00         TITLE PLANECELLIE [100]:       0.9.0       20.00         TITLE PLANECELLIE TO BOR PERVICUS LOSSES:       0.00         TITLE PLANECELLIE TO BOR PERVICUS LOSSES:       0.00         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE PLANE TO BORS NOT INCLUDE EASEFLOW IF ANY.       0.01         TITLE CAREE       (ha) = 0.13       1.57         TITLE CAREE       (ha) = 0.13       1.53         TITLE CAREE       (ha) = 0.13       1.53         TITLE CAREE       (ha) = 0.13       1.5	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 1.84   1.083 9.52   2.083 3.78   3.08 2.14	<ul> <li>(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN<sup>a</sup> = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.     </li> </ul>
$            0.167  1.84  1.167  9.52  2.167  3.78  3.17  2.14 \\ 0.250  2.07  1.250  65.25  2.250  3.22  3.25  2.01 \\ 0.333  2.07  1.333  65.25  2.333  3.32  3.33  2.01 \\ 0.417  2.38  1.417  11.81  2.417  2.97  3.42  1.89 \\ 0.500  2.38  1.417  11.81  2.500  2.97  3.50  1.99 \\ 0.667  2.83  1.667  7.25  2.667  2.69  3.67  1.79 \\ 0.675  3.55  1.750  5.44  2.750  2.47  3.75  1.70 \\ 0.833  3.55  1.833  5.44  2.833  1.70 \\ 0.817  4.94  1.917  4.44  2.917  2.29  4.06  1.63 \\ 1.000  4.94  1.917  4.94  3.000  2.29  4.63 \\ 1.000  1.63 \\ 1.000  1.63 \\ 1.000  1.64  1.64 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00 \\ 1.000  1.$	FINISH
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 12.23 over (min) 5.00 15.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 2.21 (ii) 10.70 (ii) Unit Hyd. rpeak (min)= 5.00 15.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.00 0.09 *TOTALS*	
PEAK         FLOW         (cms)=         0.19         0.07         10.223         (iii)           TIME         TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.50         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME         (mm)=         23.50         5.53         9.25           TOTAL RAINFALL         (mm)=         25.00         25.00           RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.94         0.22         0.37	
<pre>***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</pre>	
CALIB   STANDHYD ( 0018)   Area (ha)= 0.46   ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Total Imp(%)= 30.40 Dir. Conn.(%)= 21.70	
$ \begin{array}{cccc} IMPERVIOUS & PERVIOUS (i) \\ Surface Area & (ha) = & 0.14 & 0.32 \\ Dep. Storage & (mm) = & 1.50 & 5.00 \\ Average Slope & (%) = & 2.00 & 4.00 \\ Length & (m) = & 55.38 & 20.00 \\ Mannings n & = & 0.013 & 0.250 \\ \end{array} $	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 12.01 over (min) 5.00 15.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.73 (ii) 10.56 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 15.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.32 0.09 *TOTALS*	
PEAK         FLOW         (cms)=         0.02         0.01         10021         (iii)           TIME         TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.50         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME         (mm)=         23.50         5.49         9.38           TOTAL         RAINFALL         (mm)=         25.00         25.00           RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.94         0.22         0.38	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!	



## Post-Development Controlled Visual-Otthymo Schematic



$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
CALIB STANHUD ( 0013) ID= 1DT=5.0 min Total I up(5)= 30.40 pir. conn.(%)= 21.70 Surface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 0.32 0.32 Norface Area (ha)= 0.46 1.00 Norface Area (ha)= 0.27 0.33 1.17 Nax.eff. Inten (mm/hr)= 86.95 1.33 1.42 1.30 1	MAX.EIT.JILCED.(UND)(7)= 80-30 (11) 8.44 (11) Storage COE (11) 1.007 (11) 8.44 (11) Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.31 "TOTALS" PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.26 0.17 0.380 (111) TIME TO PALK (hrs)= 1.33 1.9.83 1.33 TTAL RAINAL (hrm)= 3.31 31 33.31 33.31 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.95 0.30 0.43 ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STOF (1) ON PROCEDURE SELECTOR FOR PROFILING LOSSES: (CM* = 80.0 IA = Dep.Storage (Above) (1) TIME STOF (DT) SMOULD BE SMALLER TO REQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. 



$ \begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & ( & 0003) \\ 1 + 2 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.  (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)  (b1=1 ( 0202); 2.48 0.238 1.42 20.32  + DD2 2 ( 00022); 4.02 0.068 2.08 25.92  ID = 3 ( 0003); 6.50 0.249 1.42 23.78  NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. $	Surface Area       (ha)=       1.57       3.65         Dep. storage       (mm)=       1.50       5.00         Average Slope       (%)=       10.00       10.00         Length       (m)=       186.55       30.00         Mannings n       =       0.013       0.250         NOTE:       RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME       RAIN   TIME       TIME       RAIN   TIME         hrs       mu/hr, hrs       hrs       mu/hr, hrs
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
CALIB	Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 114.88 42.67 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.76 (ii) 6.91 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.32 0.14
IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha)= 0.14 0.32 Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.50 5.00 Average (slope (S)= 55.38 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	PEAK FLOW         (cms)=         0.34         0.32         0.589         (iii)           TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.42         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME         (mm)=         42.09         16.12         21.49         1.51         0.49           TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=         43.57         0.43         43.53         0.49         0.49           ***** WARNING: STORAGE COFFF.         SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (i) CM PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:         (i) CM PROCEDURE DOWN DEVICES (bbs)         (iii) CM PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR DEVICES (bbs)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SWALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 114.88 42.09 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.38 (ii) 6.72 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.33 0.14 *TOTALS*	
PEAK         FLOW         (cms)=         0.03         0.03         0.053         (iii)           TIME TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.42         1.33         1.00F         0.01F         0.01G         1.01G         1.01G <td></td>	
<pre>***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL TIANA THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</pre>	
CALIB STANDHYD ( 0028)       Area (ha)= 5.22 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Area (ha)= 5.22 Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 20.70 IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)	



$ \begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & ( & 0003) \\ 1 + 2 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline TD1 = 1 & ( & 0202); & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK & R.V. \\ \hline TD1 = 1 & ( & 0202); & 2.48 & 0.316 & 1.42 & 26.13 \\ + & TD2 & 2 & ( & 0022); & 4.02 & 0.117 & 1.83 & 32.26 \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD = 3 & ( & 0003) & AREA & QPEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD = 2 & ( & 0024) & AREA & QDEAK & TPEAK R.V. \\ \hline TD1 = 3 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline TD = 1 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline TD = 1 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline TD = 1 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline \hline TD = 1 & ( & 0003); & 6.50 & 0.329 & 1.42 & 29.92 \\ \hline \hline \end{tabular}$	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.	Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 132.58 56.90 over (min) 5.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.66 (ii) 6.25 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. resk (ms)= 0.32 0.15
IDI- I DI- S.0 winit)       Total Imp(%) = 30.40       pir. Conn. (%) = 21.70         IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (1)         Dep. Storage (mm) =       1.30       5.00         Mannings n       (m) =       0.14       0.32         Mannings n       (m) =       0.013       0.250         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.       RAIN         TIME RAIN       TIME RAIN, 'TIME RAIN       TIME RAIN, 'TIME RAIN         NTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME RAIN       TIME RAIN, 'TIME RAIN       TIME RAIN         0.053       3.79       1.050       2.180       7.77       3.17       4.40         0.1567       3.79       1.050       2.180       7.77       3.17       4.40         0.437       4.201       1.417       24.19       2.437       6.10       3.32       4.31         0.433       4.26       1.500       2.180       7.533       4.30       3.39       0.533       4.51       3.33       5.54       3.53       4.54       3.53       5.61       3.59       0.51       3.50       0.51       3.50       0.51       3.53       3.51       3.53       3.51       3.51       3.51       3.51	Unit Hyd. peak (Cms)= 0.32 10.13 PEAK FLOW (Cms)= 0.40 0.43 0.747 (iii) THM FTO PEAK (Frs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 49.62 21.32 27.10 TOTALS* 0.53 ****** MARING: STORAGE (OFF.1 S MALLER THAN TIME STP! (i) CN PROCEDUME SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOOSESS: (i) CN PROCEDUME SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOOSESS: (ii) THM THE STORAGE COFF.1 ENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. 



$ \begin{vmatrix} \text{ADD HYD ( 0003)} \\ 1 + 2 = 3 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{AREA} & \text{QPEAK} & \text{TPEAK} & \text{R.V.} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{TD1= 1 ( 0202): } & (2.48 \ 0.427 \ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 34.90 \\ 1.42 \ 39.07 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{ADD HYD ( 0003)} \\ 3 + 2 \ 2 \ 1 \\ 1.42 \ 39.07 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. \\ \hline \\ $	
NULL: FEAR FLOWE DO NOT INCLODE PAREFLOWE IF ANY.         CALIE STANDHYD ( 0018) IDE 1 DT= 5.0 min         IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (1) Sup. Storage (m)= 1.40 5.20 Average STope (%)= 2.00 4.00 Length (n)= 55.38 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   0.650 5.36 1.250 184.98 2.250 8.51 3.25 5.19 0.333 5.36 1.1250 184.98 2.250 8.51 3.35 5.19 0.417 6.14 1.417 29.61 2.417 7.63 3.42 4.90 0.500 6.14 1.150 29.61 2.417 7.63 3.42 4.90 0.500 6.14 1.150 29.61 2.500 7.63 3.50 4.90 0.633 9.09 1.133 134.98 2.257 0.63 8.3.75 4.43 0.633 9.09 1.133 134.98 2.257 0.63 8.3.75 4.43 0.633 9.09 1.133 113.28 2.475 0.63 8.3.75 4.43 0.633 9.09 1.133 113.28 2.475 0.63 8.3.75 4.43 0.633 9.09 1.133 113.28 2.977 5.92 3.32 4.43 0.917 1.258 1.307 11.32 2.917 5.92 3.32 4.43 0.917 1.258 1.307 11.32 2.917 5.92 3.32 4.43 0.917 1.258 1.207 11.32 1.300 5.92 4.00 4.23         MAX.Eff. Inten. (mm/hr) = 154.98 7.650 0.050 1.638 0.175 0.33 0.16         TOTALS* (nin) = 1.22 (ii) 5.43 (ii) Unit Hyd. Peak (min) = 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. Peak (min) = 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. Peak (min) = 6.038 0.47 0.58         MAX.Eff. Inten. (mm/hr)         Storage Coeff. (min) = 1.33 1.42 1.38 RNOFF COEFFLICIENT = 0.98 0.47 0.58         (1) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVICUS SESS: CN* = 80.0 TA = DEP. STOTAGE COEFFLICIENT. (1) ON PROCEDURE SULCE TO FOR PERVICUS SESS: CN* = 80.0 TA = DEP. STOTAGE COEFFLICIENT. (1) ON PROCEDURE SULCE REFLOW IF ANY.	<pre>Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 154.98 (77.44 over (min)= 1.56 (ii) 5.62 (ii) Unit Hyd.Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd.Tpeak (ms)= 0.33 0.15 PEX FLOW (ms)= 0.46 PEX FLOW (ms)= 0.46 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 60.38 20.99 35.56 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 61.88 61.88 61.88 RUNOFF COEFFLICTENT = 0.98 0 (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PREVIOUS LOSSES: CM* = 80.0 Ia Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) THMS THE STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PREVIOUS LOSSES: CM* = 80.0 Ia Dep. Storage (Above) (iii) THMS THE STORAGE COEFF.IENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. </pre>



$ \begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & ( & 0003) \\ 1 + 2 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline ID1 = 1 & ( & 0202) : & 4.02 & (CmS) & (hrs) & (mm) \\ + & ID2 & 2 & ( & 0022) : & 4.02 & 0.327 & 1.58 & 48.45 \\ \hline ID = 3 & ( & 0003) : & 6.50 & 0.632 & 1.42 & 45.73 \\ \hline NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. \\ \hline \\ $	Surface Area (ha)= 1.57 3.65 Dep. storage (mm)= 1.50 5.00 Average Slope (%)= 10:00 10:00 Length (m)= 186.55 30:00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 NOTE: RAINALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   'TIME RAIN   'TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME 7.00 10:00
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. (ALIB STANDHYD ( $0018$ ) ID= 1DT= 5.0 min MPERVIDUS ( $10^{-1}$ Conn. (%)= 21.70 MPERVIDUS ( $10^{-1}$ Conn. (%)= 21.70 Surface Area (ha)= 0.14 0.32 pen. Storage (mm)= 1.50 5.00	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Max.Eff.Inten.}(mm/hr) = & 170.70 & 92.71 \\ \text{over}(min) = & 5.00 & 10.00 \\ \text{Storage Coeff.}(min) = & 1.50 & (i) & 6.32 & (ii) \\ \text{Unit Hyd. peak}(min) = & 5.00 & (i) & 6.32 & (ii) \\ \text{Unit Hyd. peak}(ms) = & 0.33 & 0.15 \\ \hline \text{PEAK FLOW}(ms) = & 0.51 & 0.69 & 1.097 & (iii) \\ \text{TIME TO PEAK}(mrs) = & 1.33 & 1.42 & 1.33 \\ \text{RINOFE YOLUME}(ms) = & 67.97 & 34.94 & 41.78 \\ \end{array}$
Decreated Stope (10%) = 2:00 4:00 Length (m) = 55:38 20:00 Mannings n = 0:013 0:250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5:0 MIN. TIME STEP. TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   'TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN brs mm/br   brs mm/br   brs mm/br   brs mm/br	<pre>COTOTE RAINERAL (imm) = 69:47 69:47 76:47 TOTATE RAINERAL (imm) = 69:47 69:47 76:47 RUNOFF COCFFICIENT = 0.98 0.50 0.60 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! () CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: () CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIONES LOSSES: () CN PROCEDURE SELECTED F</pre>
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
RUNOFF COEFFLICENT = 0.98 0.50 0.60 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	
CALIB       Area (ha)= 5.22         STANDHYD ( 0028)       Area (ha)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 20.70         ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Total Imp(%)= 30.00 PERVIOUS (i)	



$ \begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & ( 0003) \\ 1 + 2 = 3 \\ HYD & ( 0202) \end{vmatrix} AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.  TD1 = 1 ( 0202) : 2.48 0.591 1.42 48.21  + TD2 = 2 ( 0022) : 4.02 0.419 1.58 55.68  TD = 3 ( 0003) : 6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83  NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.   \begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & ( 0003) \\ 3 + 2 = 1 \\ HYDROGRAPH 0024 2ID = 2.15 DRY. (mm) \\ (ha) & (Cms) & (hrs) & (mm) \\ (ha) & (Cms) & (hrs) & (mm) \\ HYDROGRAPH 0024 2ID = 2.15 DRY. (mm) \\ HTDROGRAPH 0021 & (HYDROGRAPH 0021 = HYDROGRAPH 0023 \\ HTDR = 3 & ( 0003) & (6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 3 & ( 0003) & (6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 1 & ( 0003) & ( 6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 1 & ( 0003) & ( 6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 1 & ( 0003) & ( 6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 1 & ( 0003) & ( 6.50 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0004) & ( 0.60 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0004) & ( 0.60 0.833 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0004) & ( 0.60 0.838 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0.60 0.838 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0.60 0.838 1.42 52.83 \\ HTD = 2 & ( 0.60 0$	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	over (min)         5.00         10.00           storage coeff. (min)=         1.45 (ii) 6.11 (ii)           unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=         5.00         10.00           unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=         0.33         15           *TOTALS*         *TOTALS*           PEAK FLOW (cms)=         0.56         0.81         1.258 (iii)           TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33           RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=         75.91         41.29         48.46
Average Slope (%)= 2.00 4.00 Length (m)= 55.38 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 77.41 77.41 77.41 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.98 0.53 0.63 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SMOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=         185.45         106.95           over         (min) =         5.00         10.00           Storage Coeff.         (min) =         1.14 (ii)         5.85 (ii)           Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) =         5.00         10.00           Unit Hyd. peak (cms) =         0.34         0.15         *TOTALS*           PEAK FLOW (cms) =         0.05         0.07         0.113 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK       (hrs)=       1.33       1.42       1.33         RUNOF VOLUME       (mm)=       75.91       41.14       48.68         TOTAL RAINFALL       (mm)=       77.41       77.41       77.41         RUNOF COEFFICIENT =       0.98       0.53       0.63         ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!	
<ul> <li>(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:</li> <li>CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)</li> <li>(ii) TIME STEP (OT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL</li> <li>THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.</li> <li>(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.</li> </ul>	
CALIB       Area (ha)= 5.22         STANDHYD (0028)       Area (ha)= 5.22         ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 20.70         IMPERVIOUS       PERVIOUS (i)	

	1.083       4.00       4.083       17.00       7.083       13.00       10.07       38.00         1.1257       4.00       4.1257       17.00       7.1257       13.00       10.17       38.00         1.437       4.00       4.437       17.00       7.437       33.00       10.633       38.00         1.447       4.00       4.437       17.00       7.673       13.00       10.633       38.00         1.567       4.00       4.6750       17.00       7.677       13.00       10.633       88.00         1.577       4.00       4.570       17.00       7.677       13.00       10.633       88.00         2.000       4.00       5.000       17.00       7.637       13.00       11.00       88.00         2.187       6.00       5.023       13.00       8.137       13.00       11.35       13.00         2.187       6.00       5.337       13.00       8.537       13.00       11.35       13.00       2.530       0.11       11.53       13.00       2.533       6.00       5.363       13.00       11.55       13.00       2.533       6.00       5.363       13.00       11.55       13.00       11.55 <t< th=""></t<>
$\frac{1.583}{1.591} + 4.00 + 4.583}{4.00} + 7.583 + 12.00 + 7.583 + 13.00 + 10.58 + 38.00 + 1.573 + 4.00 + 4.750 + 17.00 + 7.573 + 13.00 + 10.52 + 38.00 + 1.573 + 4.00 + 4.750 + 17.00 + 7.573 + 13.00 + 10.52 + 38.00 + 1.573 + 30.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 4.00 + 2.008 + 2.00$	$\frac{2.539}{2.539} = 6.00 \begin{bmatrix} 5.239}{5.239} & \frac{13}{15.00} \begin{bmatrix} 8.230}{11.30} & \frac{13}{1.1.23} & \frac{13}{1.20} \\ 2.437} & 6.00 & \frac{5.437}{5.209} & \frac{13}{15.00} & \frac{8.339}{1.1.20} & \frac{13}{1.1.23} & \frac{13}{1.20} \\ 2.667} & 6.00 & \frac{5.69}{5.209} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{8}{5.09} & \frac{13}{1.00} & \frac{11.25}{1.23} & \frac{13}{1.20} \\ 2.667} & 6.00 & \frac{5.67}{5.209} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{8}{5.79} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{11.25}{1.23} & \frac{13}{1.20} \\ 2.537} & 6.00 & \frac{5.750}{5.20} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{6}{5.79} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{11.25}{1.23} & \frac{13}{1.00} \\ 2.537} & 6.00 & \frac{5.750}{1.30} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & \frac{11.25}{1.20} & \frac{11.25}{1.20} & \frac{11.25}{1.20} \\ 2.537} & 6.00 & \frac{5.750}{5.00} & \frac{13}{1.00} & 0 & 0.01 \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & 6.00 & 6.000 & \frac{13}{1.00} & \frac{10.00}{1.20} & \frac{11.23}{1.20} & \frac{11.23}{1.20} \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & 6.00 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & 0.01 \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & 6.00 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & 0.01 \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & 0.01 \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & 0.01 \\ 3.000 & 6.00 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & \frac{10}{1.20} & \frac{11}{1.20} & \frac{11}{1.20} & \frac{11}{1.20} \\ 3.000 & \frac{10}{1.20} & 0 & \frac{10}{1.20} & \frac{10}{1.20} & \frac{11}{1.20} &$

Junction Command(0024)   AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm) INFLOW : ID= 3( 0022) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. 
OUTFLOW: ID= 2( 0024) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
0.667 6.00 3.667 13.00 6.6750 23.00 9.67 53.00 0.750 6.00 3.837 13.00 6.750 23.00 9.83 53.00 1.000 6.00 4.00 13.00 6.750 23.00 9.83 53.00 1.083 4.00 4.083 17.00 7.083 13.00 10.08 38.00 1.187 4.00 4.081 17.00 7.637 13.00 10.738 8.00 1.250 4.00 4.250 17.00 7.251 13.00 10.25 38.00 1.331 4.00 4.453 17.00 7.337 13.00 10.25 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.583 17.00 7.337 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.353 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.553 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.553 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.550 17.00 7.553 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.667 17.00 7.657 13.00 10.73 38.00 1.583 4.00 4.667 17.00 7.553 13.00 10.53 38.00 1.667 4.00 4.667 17.00 7.653 13.00 10.73 38.00 1.253 4.00 4.667 17.00 7.553 13.00 10.83 38.00 2.083 6.00 5.083 13.00 8.633 13.00 11.08 13.80 2.083 6.00 5.083 13.00 8.633 13.00 11.08 13.00 2.167 6.00 5.567 13.00 8.675 13.00 11.73 13.00 2.253 6.00 5.255 13.00 8.657 13.00 11.125 13.00 2.583 6.00 5.550 13.00 8.533 13.00 11.25 13.00 2.583 6.00 5.667 13.00 8.533 13.00 11.25 13.00 3.000 6.00 16.00 10.00 9.500 13.00 10.00 9.35 1.000 12.00 13.00 9.550 2.000 6.00 16.00 10.00 9.550 2.000 6.00 10.00 9.550 2.000 0.00 0.35 0.348 (iii) 1.000 0.35 0.348 (iii	IMPERVIOUS         FORMUSE (i)           Surface Area (ha)=         0.14         0.13         0.013           Dep. Storage (m)=         1.50         5.53         2000           Mention of the storage (m)=         0.013         0.200           Mannings n         =         0.013         0.200           NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO         S.0 MIN. TIME STEP.           TIMER RAIN N TIME RAIN         TIME RAIN N TIME RAIN           NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED THYETOGRAPH           TIME RAIN N TIME RAIN N TIME RAIN           NTIME RAIN 'TIME RAIN         RAIN           NTIME RAIN 'TIME RAIN           NTIME TTER RAIN 'TIME RAIN           NTIME TTER RAIN 'TIME RAIN           NTIME TTERASTORMED THYETOGRAPH           TIME
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	*TOTALS*         PEAK FLOW       (cms)=       0.16       0.56       0.722 (iii)         TIME TO PEAK       (hrs)=       9.67       10.00       10.00         RUNDFF VOLUME       (cmm)=       210.50       163.45       173.19         TOTAL RAINFALL       (mm)=       212.00       212.00       212.00         RUNDFF COEFFICIENT       0.99       0.77       0.82         ******       WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!       (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:         (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:       ON = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (OT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL       THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
TIME         RAIN         TIME         RAIN         ITME         RAIN           0.083         6.00         3.083         13.00         6.167         23.00         9.08         53.00           0.250         6.00         3.250         13.00         6.267         23.00         9.25         53.00           0.417         6.00         3.500         13.00         6.667         23.00         9.58         53.00           0.580         6.00         3.501         13.00         6.667         23.00         9.53         53.00           0.7505         6.00         3.673         13.00         6.673         23.00         9.53         53.00           0.667         6.00         3.617         13.00         6.673         23.00         9.52         53.00           0.000         6.00         4.000         13.00         7.00         7.253         1	

	Mannings n = 0.013 0.250
V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.2.2015) V V I SS U U A A L	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U A A L VV I SSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN
000 TTTTT TTTTT H H Y Y M M 000 TM 0 0 T T H H Y Y MM MM 0 0	hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.083 1.84   1.083 9.52   2.083 3.78   3.08 2.14 0.167 1.84   1.167 9.52   2.167 3.78   3.17 2.14
0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 000 T T H H Y M M 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc	0.250 2.07 1.250 65.25 2.250 3.32 3.25 2.01 0.333 2.07 1.333 65.25 2.333 3.32 3.33 2.01 0.417 2.38 1.417 11.81 2.417 2.97 3.42 1.89
Copyright 2007 - 2022 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.	0.500 2.38 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.97 3.50 1.89 0.583 2.83 1.583 7.25 2.583 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.83 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79
***** DETAILED OUTPUT *****	0.750 3.55 1.750 5.44 2.750 2.47 3.75 1.70 0.833 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.70 0.917 4.94 1.917 4.44 2.917 2.29 3.92 1.63
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.2\V02\voin.dat Output filename: C:\Users\cmartin\AppData\Loca\\Civica\VH5\db2b9dD1-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\99c626c3-7e Summacy.UNS\db2b9dD1-d7f6-4e0b-8e9d-a57b449df036\99c626c3-7e	1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.53 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 39.36 over (mio) 5.00 10.00
DATE: 11-08-2024 TTME: 09:08:43	Storage Coeff. (min)= 2.58 (ii) 8.07 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. neak (cms)= 0.29 0.13
USER:	PEAK FLOW         Coms)=         0.12         0.11         *TOTALS*           TITME TO PEAK         (hrs)=         1.33         1.42         1.33
COMMENTS:	RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.30 8.99 11.84 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.93 0.36 0.47
	***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20%
** SIMULATION : 25mm 4hr 10min Chicago **	(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CHICAGO STORM IDF curve parameters: A= 475.610 Ptotal= 33.31 mm B= 0.000	(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
$C = 0.738$ used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B) \C	
Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min Time to peak ratio = 0.33	CALIB   STANDHYD ( 0027)   Area (ha)= 0.26  ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min   Total Imp(%)= 42.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.50
TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.00 2.45   1.00 12.69 2.00 5.04 3.00 2.85	$\begin{array}{rcl} & \text{IMPERVIOUS} & \text{PERVIOUS (i)} \\ & \text{Surface Area} & (ha) = & 0.11 & 0.15 \\ & \text{Den Storage} & (mn) = & 1.50 & 5.00 \end{array}$
0.17 2.76 1.17 86.95 2.17 4.42 3.17 2.67 0.33 3.17 1.33 15.73 2.33 3.95 3.33 2.52 0.50 3.77 1.50 9.66 2.50 3.59 3.50 2.39	Average Slope (%)= 6.00 6.00 Length (m)= 41.63 20.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250
0.67 4.72 1.67 7.25 2.67 3.30 3.67 2.27 0.83 6.58 1.83 5.91 2.83 3.05 3.83 2.17	NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.
	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN
MUDIF STOKEN   MUDIFIANG PARAMELEAS Time Shift (min) = 0.00 TIME PAIN   TIME PAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr 0.167 1.84   1.167 9.52   2.167 3.78   3.17 2.14 0.333 2.07   1.333 65.25   2.333 3.32   3.33 2.01	0.333 2.07   1.333 65.25   2.333 3.32   3.33 2.01 0.417 2.38   1.417 11.81 2.417 2.97 3.42 1.89 0.500 2.38   1.500 11.81   2.500 2.97   3.50 1.89
0.500 2.38 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.97 3.50 1.89 0.667 2.38 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.833 3.55 1.833 5.44 2.833 2.47 3.83 1.70	0.583 2.83 1.583 7.25 2.583 2.69 3.58 1.79 0.667 2.83 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.67 1.79 0.750 3.55 1.750 5.44 2.750 2.47 3.75 1.70
1.000 4.94 2.000 4.44 3.000 2.29 4.00 1.63	0.833 3.55   1.833 5.44   2.833 2.47   3.83 1.70 0.917 4.94   1.917 4.44   2.917 2.29   3.92 1.63 1.000 4.94   2.000 4.44   3.000 2.29   4.00 1.63
CALTB   Area (ha)= 3.50	Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 65.25 14.09 over (min) 5.00 10.00
10= 1 Di= 5.0 min   10tal 1mp(%)= 58.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 19.90 	Storage Cdert. (min)= 1.05 (11) 8.38 (11) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.34 0.12
Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.70 5.00 Average Slope (%)= 4.00 4.00 Length (m)= 152.75 20.00	PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.01 0.00 0.017 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.42 1.33 RUNDFF VOLUME (mm)= 23.50 5.88 11.23
TOTAL RATNEALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00	+ TD2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.24 0.45 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.24 0.45 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: (CN = 80.0 IA = DEP. STORAGE (Above)	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
TOTAL RAINFALL $(mm)$ = 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.24 0.45 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) ON PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PFRVIOUS LOSSES: $(N^{*} = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)$ (ii) THME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. RESERVOIR ( 0022) ITW =
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.24       0.45         ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME SEP!       (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:       (iii) TIME STEP (D) MA DOLD BE SMALLER OR POULD SESSE:         (iii) TIME STEP (D) MAD DOLD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL       (iiii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (iiii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.24       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: $CM^* = 80.0$ Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL         THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	$+ \underbrace{ID2=2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}_{ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. RESERVOTR( 0022) IN= 2> QUT=1 DT= 5.0 min OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE 0.0000 0.0000 0.0150 0.05400 0.0030 0.0260 0.4340 0.0080 0.0100 0.0260 0.5920 0.1140 0.0100 0.0260 0.5920 0.0130 0.01540 0.0100 0.0260 0.5920 0.0130 0.01540 0.0120 0.0390 1.5600 0.1540 0.0120 0.0390 0.0260 0.5920 0.0140 0.0120 0.0390 0.0540 0.0120 0.0390 0.5540 0.0120 0.0590 0.5540 0.0120 0.0590 0.0120 0.05
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} + & 1D2=2 \ ( \ 0027): & 0.26 \ 0.017 & 1.33 \ 11.23 \\ \hline 1D=1 \ ( \ 0026): & 4.02 \ 0.235 \ 1.33 \ 11.59 \\ \hline \end{array}$
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =       0.94       0.24       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!       (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:       CN* = 80.0       Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL       THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT:       (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (iii) TAME STEP (DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.       Immervious Basefunction (%) = 15.40         STANDAVD (0017)       Area (ha)= 0.26         ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min       Immervious PERVIOUS (i)         Dep. Storage (mm)=       1.50         Surface Area (ha)=       0.68         Average Slope (%)=       4.00       10.00         Length (mm= 4.63       0.250)         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO       5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	$+ \frac{102=2 (0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{10 = 1 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. RESERVOIR(0022) IN= 2> OUT=1 OUTFLOW IS ON OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTPLOW S
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00       25.00       25.00         RUNDEF COEFFICIENT = 0.94       0.24       0.45         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!       (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIDUS LOSSES:         (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED BOR PERVIDUS LOSSES:       CN* = 80.0       Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.       (iii) THME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.       TOTAL Imp(%) = 30.80       Dir. Conn. (%) = 15.40         IMPERVIOUS PERVIDUS (i)         Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.50       5.00         Average Slope (%) = 4.00       10.00         Length (m) = 41.63       30.00         Mammings n = 0.013       0.250         NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.         TIME RAIN TIME RAIN 'TIME 'TIME RAIN 'TIME 'T	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total RaINFALL (mm)} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RUNOFF COEFFICTENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{$}^{*****} & \mbox{WARNIG: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PFEVIOLS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 I a = Dep. Storage (Above) \\ (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL \\ \mbox{THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: } \\ (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY. \\ \mbox{$}^{$	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total RaINFALL (mm)} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RUNOFF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{CMPF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{CMPF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{CMPF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{CMPF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.26 &$	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total Rainfall (mm)} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RumOFF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{Strength} = 0.04 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{Strength} = 0.01 & 1a = Dep. Storage (Above) \\ \mbox{(i) The STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: \\ \mbox{(i) The STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: \\ \mbox{(ii) The STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT: \\ \mbox{(iii) The STEP (DDS NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. \\ \mbox{(iii) The STEP (DDS NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. \\ \mbox{(iii) The STEP (MM)} & Area (ha) = 0.26 \\ \mbox{(iii) Total Tamp(%)} = 30.80 & Dir. Conn. (%) = 15.40 \\ \mbox{(iii) Surface Area (ha)} & 0.08 & 0.18 & 0.18 \\ \mbox{Orage Slope (%)} = 4.00 & 10.00 \\ \mbox{Length} & (mm) = 4.63 & 30.00 \\ \mbox{Mannings} n & = 0.013 & 0.250 \\ Note: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. \\ \mbox{The RAIN The RAIN (THE $	+ 1D2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Total RaINFALL (mm)} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbox{RUNOFF COEFFICIENT} = 0.94 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbox{rescaled} \\ resca$	+ ID2= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
$\begin{array}{c} \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{mm}} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{mm}} = 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{mm}} = 25.00 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{mm}} = 25.00 & 1.2 & 0.94 & 0.24 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{mm}} = 25.00 & 1.2 & 0.94 & 0.26 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}} = 1.50 & 1.50 & 1.50 \\ \mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}{\mbod{Total Rainfall (mm)}} = 0.26 & 1.50 & 1.5$	$+ \frac{102=2 (0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{10=1 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
$\begin{array}{c} \mbode{Total Rainfall (mm)}{25.00} & 25.00 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbode{Total Rainfall (mm)}{25.00} & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \mbode{Total Rainfall (mm)}{25.00} & 25.00 & 0.45 \\ \mbode{Total Rainfall (mm)}{25.00} & 0.05 \\ To$	+ 102= 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 TD = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNDFF COEFFICIENT = 0.94 0.24 0.45 ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN THE STEP! () O. N PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: () O. N PROCEDURE SUBJECTIVE PERVIOUS FOR NUCLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY. () O. N PROCEDURE SO THICLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY. () O. N PROCEDURE METHICLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY. () D. N PREVIOUS PERVIOUS (1) DUE. SOLVARY () O. N PROCEDURE METHICLUE BASEFLOW IF ANY. () O. N PROCEDURE SOLVATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	$+ \frac{102 = 2 (0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 = 1 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) =       25.00       25.00       25.00         ****** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. 15 SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!         () ON PROCEDURE SELECTE FOR PERVIOUS (SSES: CN = 80.0       13 = Dep. Storage (Above)         (ii) TIME STEP (OUT PHOLUD BE SEMALTER TO REQUAL         (iii) TIME STEP (OUT PHOLUD BE SEMALTER TO REQUAL         (iii) TIME STEP (OUT PHOLUD BE SEMALTER TO REQUAL         (iii) TIME STEP (OUT PHOLUD BE SEMALTER TO REQUAL         (iii) TIME STEP (OUT PHOLUD BE SEMALTER TO REQUAL         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.         (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT TOTAL IMP(S) = 30.80 Dir. Conn.(%) = 15.40         Surface Area (ha) =       0.00 0.013         Aver age Slope (m) =       41.63         Aver age Slope (m) =       0.103         O.013       1.21 0.013         D.015 T. 1.84 1.167       9.52 (2.063         O.167 T. 1.84 1.167       9.52 (2.163         O.167 T. 1.84 1.167 9.52 (2.166 3.23 (2.23)       3.23 (2.51 1.23)         O.167 T. 1.84 1.167 9.52 (2.166 3.23 (2.23)       3.25 (2.10 1.33)         O.167 T. 1.84 1.167 9.52 (2.166 7.26 (2.23) (2.33)       3.22 (2.10 1.33)         O.167 T. 1.84 1.167 9.52 (2.168 1.32)       1.33 (2.01 1.33)         O.167 T. 1.81 1.167 9.52 (2.166 7.25 (2.13)       1.33 (2.01 1.33)         O.167 T. 2.81 1.168 7 7.25 (2.66 7.2.69 (3.67 T.1.25 (2.66	+ 1D2 = 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23 ID = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV.
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 25.00 0.45 ***** WARNIG: STORAGE COFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! () CN FROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVICUS LOSSES: () CN = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (ADOVe) () THAN THE TOTALE OVER THAN TIME STEP! () CN FROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVICUS LOSSES: () THAN THE TOTALE COFF. IS ON ALLER THAN TIME STEP! () CN FROM COLOR COFF. IS ON ALLER THAN TIME STEP! () CALLS STATACHYO () COIT) Area (ha) = 0.26 ITTAL TOTAL IMPORTOUS PERVICUS () () Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.50 5.00 Average STOPE (mm) = 1.50 5.00 Average STOPE (mm) = 41.63 30.00 Length (mm) = 41.63 30.00 NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN (THE RAIN) TIME RAIN () NOTE: ALLER THAN THE RAIN () THE STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAIN () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL () LASS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE	$+ \frac{102 = 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 0.0265: 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. THE PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00 25.00 0.43       25.00 0.43         TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 20.94 0.24 0.43         TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 0.94 0.24 0.43         Construction of the selectrue ran rentrose to the step 1         (1) CM PROCEDURE SELECTUE ran rentrose to the step 1         (1) THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN THE STEP 1         (11) THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL         (11) THE STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER ON EQUAL         THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.         (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF AWY.         TOTAL FAILS (MM) (DOINT)         TOTAL STORAGE (MM) TO TATE THE THE STEP 1         Surface Area (ha) = 0.26         Surface Area (ha) = 0.26         Surface Area (ha) = 0.26 (DI)         Surface Area (ha) = 0.27 (DI)         Surface Area (ha) = 0.27 (DI)         Surface Area (ha) = 0.27 (DI) <tr< td=""><td><math display="block">+ \frac{122 - 2 (027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 - 1 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}</math> NTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. THE PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. THE CONTROL OF THE PEAK FLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE (CTS) (0.130 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0560 0.0150 0.0540 0.0560 0.0150 0.01540 0.05540 0.0000 0.0000 0.0100 0.0560 0.01540 0.05540 0.05540 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.01540</td></tr<>	$+ \frac{122 - 2 (027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 - 1 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NTE: PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. THE PEAK FLOWS DD NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANV. THE CONTROL OF THE PEAK FLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE (CTS) (0.130 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0560 0.0150 0.0540 0.0560 0.0150 0.01540 0.05540 0.0000 0.0000 0.0100 0.0560 0.01540 0.05540 0.05540 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.01540
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 25.00       25.00       25.00       0.45         TIMMORF CONFERIENT = 0.54       0.54       0.45         TIMMORF CONFERIENT       0.56       0.45         (1) CH PROCENUE SELECTED FOR PERVICUS LOSSES: (0) THE STEP (07) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE CONFERIENT: (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASELOW IF ANY.         TIME       TIME STORAGE CONFERIENT: (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASELOW IF ANY.         TIME       TOTAL STORAGE CONFERIENT: (11) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASELOW IF ANY.         TIME       TOTAL STORAGE CONFERIENCES         SUFFACE AREA (Ma)       1000 (0017) Average Slope (M)       1.0.0         SUFFACE AREA (Ma)       1000 (0010) (Mantings n)       1.0.0         SUFFACE AREA (Ma)       1000 (0000 (1)) Average Slope (M)       1.0.0         SUFFACE AREA (MA)       10.013 0.00         Mantings n)       TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE STEP.         TTWE RAINFALL KAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 NIN. TIME STEP.         TTWE RAINFALL (M)       TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE STEP!         TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RAIN 'TTWE RA	+ 102 = 2 ( 0027); 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23
TOTAL PAINFAIL (mm)=       25.00       25.00       0.43         TOTAL PAINFAIL (mm)=       0.94       0.94       0.43         Termer Markins: Stokace Coeffer. IS SMALLER THAN THE STEP!       (1) ON PROCEENER SELECTED FOR PERVICUS LOSSES:       (** * 80.0)         (**) * 80.0       Tas Dep. Storage (Above)       (** * * 80.0)       (** * 80.0)         (**) * 80.0       BE SMALLER OR EQUAL:       (** * 80.0)         (**) * 80.0       Area (ha)=       0.26         (**) * 80.0       OSTAD TOTAL TABLES (** 0005)       (** 0005)         (**) * 80.0       OSTAD TOTAL TABLES (** 0005)       (** 0005)         (**) * 80.0       OSTAD TOTAL TABLES (** 0005)       (** 0005)         (**) * 70.0       Area (ha)=       0.26       0.15         (**) * 70.0       Area (ha)=       0.26       0.16         (**) * 70.0       Total TABLES (** 0005)       (** 0005)       (** 0005)         Dec. Storagene (** 0005)       ** 0.003       0.250       0.250       0.250         NOTE:       RAIN (** TTRME MORD HYTOGRAPH       TTME FRANCH TABLE RAIN (** TTRME RAIN	$+ \frac{102 - 2 (0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 - 21 (0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. THE PEAK FLOW IS ON OUTFLOW STORAGE (0022) DOUBLO DOUBLO DOU
$\begin{array}{c} \label{eq:theorematrix} & \text{UTAL PAALL } (mm) = 25.00 & 25.00 & 2.40 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 0.93 & 25.00 & 2.40 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 0.93 & 25.00 & 2.40 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 0.93 & 20.20 & 25.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.99 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.99 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.99 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.99 & 25.00 & 25.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.90 & 10.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.90 & 10.00 \\ \hline \text{UNADEF COEFFICIENT} & 10.00 & 10.00 \\ \hline UNADEF COEFFICIENT & 10$	$+ \frac{122 - 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{11 0.026 ( 1.0026 ( 1.0026 ) 1.002 0.235 1.33 11.59} \\ \hline \text{NTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF AW:} \\ \hline \text{TESEEWORE( 0027)} \\ \hline \text{OVERFLOW IS ON} \\ \hline OVERFLOW IS ON OVERFLOW ON COULD ON OUT ON OVERFLOW ON COULD ON OUT ON $
UDLL BAINFALL (mm) =       20.01       20.01       20.01         WINDER CONFERENT =       0.01       20.01       20.01         WINDER CONFERENT =       0.01       0.00       0.00         (1) ON PROCEDUE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES;       0.01       0.00       0.01         (11) THAN THE CONFERENT ENVIRONMENT OF REQUEL       0.01       0.00       0.01         (11) THAN THE CONFERENT ENVIRONMENT OF REQUEL       0.01       0.01       0.01         (11) THAN THE CONFERENT ENVIRONMENT OF SOLD       0.01       0.00       0.01         (11) THAN THE CONFERENT ENVIRONMENT OF SOLD       0.01       0.00       0.00         (11) THAN THE CONFERENT ENVIRONMENT OF SOLD       0.01       0.00       0.00         Surface Area (na)       1.50       5.00       0.01       0.01         Deel. Storage (mm)       1.50       5.00       0.01       0.01       0.01         NUTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.       THE RAIN THE RAIN THE RAIN THE RAIN THE STEP.       THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.         THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.       THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.       THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.         THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.       THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORED TO S. OHIN. THE STEP.	$+ \frac{122 - 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{13 0.25 0.335 1.33 11.59}$ NUTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUGE BASEFLOWS IF AW. NUTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUGE BASEFLOWS IF AW. NUTE: DEAK FLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE (ma.m.) OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW STORAGE (ma.m.) OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   OUTSLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTSLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTSLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTSLOW   OUTFLOW   OUTSLOW   OUTFLO
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{UDAL MARPALL (MT)} & 20.01 & 20.01 & 20.01 \\ WMARPINE: STORAGE COFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ (1) CN PROCEDUE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES; (1) THAT HE STERET OR PERVIOUS LOSSES; (1) THAT HE STORAGE COFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! \\ (1) CN PROCEDUE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES; (2) THAT HE STORAGE COFF. IS MARPINE: THAT ON PERVIONS (1) THAT HE STORAGE COFF. IS MARPINE: THAT HE STORAGE COFF. IS MARPINE: THAT HE STEP.                                    $	$+ \frac{102 = 2 ( 0027): 0.26 0.017 1.33 11.23}{D = 1 ( 0026): 4.02 0.235 1.33 11.59}$ NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.           INTE:         PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.           Image: Comparing the second of the

TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 25.00 25.00 25.00 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.96 0.31 0.31 ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITING THE AREA. (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN <sup>™</sup> = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.	(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. CALIB STANDHYD (0028) Area (ha)= 5.22 ID=1 DT= 5.0 min TAPENTONE DENVIOUS (i)
$\frac{\left \begin{array}{c} ADD \ WD & ( \ 0.003) \\ 1 + 2 & 3 \\ \hline \\$	<pre>IMPERVIOUS PERVICUS (1) Surface Area Dep: Storage (mm) = 1:57 3:65 Dep: Storage (mm) = 1:60 3:00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250 MOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. THE RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP. O.053 2.071 1.250 65.25 2.2503 3.278 3.317 3.32 0.109 0.550 2.081 1.303 0.1181 2.500 2.377 3.420 1.89 0.553 2.881 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.377 3.430 1.79 0.667 2.881 1.667 7.25 2.667 2.69 3.561 1.79 0.667 2.881 1.667 7.25 2.568 2.593 3.50 1.79 0.667 2.881 1.500 11.81 2.500 2.277 3.430 1.63 I.000 4.94 1.200 4.44 12.759 2.471 3.731 1.70 0.9317 4.441 2.9317 2.471 3.731 1.70 0.9317 4.441 2.9317 2.471 3.731 1.70 0.9317 4.441 2.9317 2.471 3.731 1.63 I.000 4.94 1.9317 4.44 2.9317 2.471 3.731 1.63 I.000 FOR FORMET THE STEP. ITTHE FORMER THAN TIME STEP. ITTHE</pre>

# APPENDIX F

Water Treatment Train Calculations



	WATER QUALITY C	ALCULATIONS	(TREATMENT TRAIN)
Catchment ID	LID	TSS removal	Combined TSS Removal
1	EF08 SYSTEM	50.0	00.0
1	Dry Pond	60.0	80.0
Note:	The TSS removal values train equation. Althoug treatment rates than the representative of the la	s were calculo gh the EF08 sy nose shown al ong term trea	ated using the New Jersey Treatment stem is designed to provide higher bove the rates shown above are tment provided by these systems.
Treatment Train	Approach:		
		R = A + B	- [(A X B) / 100] (Equation 4-1)
	Where:		
	R = Total TSS Remov	val Rate	
	A = TSS Removal Ra	te of the First	or Upstream BMP
	B = TSS Removal Ra	te of the Seco	nd or Downstream BMP
*Per 'New Jersey Equation 4-1 (Fe	r Stormwater Best Mana bruary 2004)	igement Prac	tices Manual'
	TSS Removal:		
	EF08 (Rate 1) =	50	%
	Dry Pond (Rate 2) =	60	%
	Removal at end of tree $R_3 = Rate 1 + Rate 2 - [$	atment train: (Rate 1 x Rate	2)/100]
	$R_{total} =$	80.0	%
*It should be not	ted that following treat	ment from the	OGS and Dry Pond the runoff will

\*It should be noted that following treatment from the OGS and Dry Pond the runoff will outlet through a level spreader and then travel 30 meters overland which will provide additional TSS removal.





	Ontario		Project Na	me:	11 Main Street		
City:	Puslinch		Project Nu	mber:	66114		
Nearest Rainfall Station:	WATERLOO WELLINGTON AP	)	Designer N	ame:	Cole Martin		
Climate Station Id:	6149387		Designer C	ompany:	C.F. Crozier & Asso	ciates Inc.	
Years of Rainfall Data:	34		Designer E	mail:	cmartin@cfcrozier.ca		
C'1 - N			Designer P	hone:	289-204-8239		
Site Name:	11 Main Street		EOR Name	:			
Drainage Area (ha):	4.02		EOR Comp	any:			
% Imperviousness:	55.20		EOR Email:				
Runoff Co	pefficient 'c': 0.63		L				
Particle Size Distribution:	CA ETV				Net Annua	l Sediment	
Target TSS Removal (%):	50.0				(TSS) Load	Reduction	
Required Water Quality Runo	ff Volume Capture (%):	90.00			Sizing S	ummary	
Estimated Water Quality Flow	Rate (L/s):	96.14			Stormceptor	TSS Remov	al
Oil / Euel Snill Risk Site?				Model	Provided (%)		
Unstream Flow Control?		No			EFO4	33	
Poak Convoyance (maximum)	Elow Pato (1/s):	120 70		]	EFO6	43	
Influent TSS Concentration (m	a/L):	439.70			EFO8	50	
Estimated Average Appual Sec	g/L):	1262			FFO10	55	
Littinated Average Annual Sec		1202			EFO12	58	
			Pacomr	nondod Str	rmcentor EEO	Model	
	<b>F</b> _1, <b>1</b> ,		Recomm				
	Estimated	a net A	nnual Sec	alment (15	S) Load Reduct	ion (%):	50
		V	Vater Qua	ality Runof	f Volume Capt	ure (%): <mark></mark>	<mark>&gt; 90</mark>





### THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol.

#### PERFORMANCE

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patentpending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including highintensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterwavs.

#### **PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)**

► The **Canadian ETV PSD** shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle	Percent Less	Particle Size	Deveent		
Size (µm)	Than	Fraction (µm)	Percent		
1000	100	500-1000	5		
500	95	250-500	5		
250	90	150-250	15		
150	75	100-150	15		
100	60	75-100	10		
75	50	50-75	5		
50	45	20-50	10		
20	35	8-20	15		
8	20	5-8	10		
5	10	2-5	5		
2	5	<2	5		





Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)
0.50	8.5	8.5	3.53	212.0	45.0	70	6.0	6.0
1.00	18.3	26.8	7.05	423.0	90.0	63	11.6	17.6
2.00	14.4	41.3	14.11	846.0	180.0	56	8.0	25.6
3.00	10.2	51.5	21.16	1270.0	270.0	52	5.3	30.9
4.00	8.0	59.5	28.22	1693.0	360.0	49	3.9	34.8
5.00	6.9	66.4	35.27	2116.0	450.0	47	3.2	38.1
6.00	5.9	72.3	42.32	2539.0	540.0	44	2.6	40.6
7.00	3.8	76.1	49.38	2963.0	630.0	42	1.6	42.2
8.00	2.6	78.7	56.43	3386.0	720.0	41	1.1	43.3
9.00	2.5	81.1	63.49	3809.0	810.0	41	1.0	44.3
10.00	2.2	83.3	70.54	4232.0	901.0	41	0.9	45.2
11.00	2.5	85.8	77.59	4656.0	991.0	40	1.0	46.2
12.00	2.0	87.8	84.65	5079.0	1081.0	39	0.8	47.0
13.00	1.6	89.4	91.70	5502.0	1171.0	37	0.6	47.6
14.00	0.9	90.4	98.76	5925.0	1261.0	36	0.3	47.9
15.00	1.6	91.9	105.81	6349.0	1351.0	35	0.5	48.4
16.00	1.1	93.0	112.86	6772.0	1441.0	33	0.4	48.8
17.00	1.0	94.0	119.92	7195.0	1531.0	31	0.3	49.1
18.00	0.5	94.6	126.97	7618.0	1621.0	29	0.2	49.3
19.00	0.2	94.8	134.03	8042.0	1711.0	28	0.1	49.4
20.00	0.6	95.4	141.08	8465.0	1801.0	26	0.2	49.5
21.00	0.6	96.1	148.13	8888.0	1891.0	25	0.2	49.7
22.00	0.3	96.4	155.19	9311.0	1981.0	24	0.1	49.7
23.00	0.8	97.2	162.24	9735.0	2071.0	23	0.2	49.9
24.00	0.4	97.6	169.30	10158.0	2161.0	22	0.1	50.0
25.00	0.2	97.8	176.35	10581.0	2251.0	21	0.0	50.1
30.00	0.9	98.7	211.62	12697.0	2702.0	18	0.2	50.2
35.00	0.8	99.5	246.89	14813.0	3152.0	15	0.1	50.3
40.00	0.2	99.7	282.16	16930.0	3602.0	13	0.0	50.4
45.00	0.3	100.0	317.43	19046.0	4052.0	12	0.0	50.4
Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction =								50 %

Climate Station ID: 6149387 Years of Rainfall Data: 34











	Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance								
Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes	Max Inlet Pipe Diameter		Max Outlet Pipe Diameter		Peak Conveyance Flow Rate	
	(m)	(ft)		(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	90	914	36	914	36	990	35
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	90	1219	48	1219	48	1700	60
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100
EF12 / EF012	3.6	12	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100

#### SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

#### **DESIGN FLEXIBILITY**

► Stormceptor<sup>®</sup> EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

#### **OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION**

► While Stormceptor<sup>®</sup> EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, **Stormceptor<sup>®</sup> EFO** has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid reentrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.











#### **INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP**

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

- 0° 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.
- 45° 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

#### HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Depth (Outlet Pipe Invert to Sump Floor)		Oil Volume		Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth *		Maximum Sediment Volume *		Maximum Sediment Mass **	
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(in)	(L)	(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	1.52	5.0	265	70	203	8	1190	42	1904	5250
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	1.93	6.3	610	160	305	12	3470	123	5552	15375
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	2.59	8.5	1070	280	610	24	8780	310	14048	38750
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	3.25	10.7	1670	440	610	24	17790	628	28464	78500
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	3.89	12.8	2475	655	610	24	31220	1103	49952	137875

#### **Pollutant Capacity**

\*Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity \*\* Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)

Feature	Benefit	Feature Appeals To Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, Site Owner		
Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology	Supe <mark>r</mark> ior, verified third-party performance			
Third-party verified light liquid capture and retention for EFO version	Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot locations			
Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure	Design flexibility	Specifying & Design Engineer		
Minimal drop between inlet and outlet	Site installation ease	Contractor		
Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance	Easy maintenance access from grade	Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner		

#### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

For standard details, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef

#### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef






Table of TSS Removal vs Surface Loading Rate Based on Third-Party Test Results Stormceptor <sup>®</sup> EFO								
SLR (L/min/m²)	TSS % REMOVAL	SLR (L/min/m²)	TSS % REMOVAL	SLR (L/min/m²)	TSS % REMOVAL	SLR (L/min/m²)	TSS % REMOVAL	
1	70	660	42	1320	35	1980	24	
30	70	690	42	1350	35	2010	24	
60	67	720	41	1380	34	2040	23	
90	63	750	41	1410	34	2070	23	
120	61	780	41	1440	33	2100	23	
150	58	810	41	1470	32	2130	22	
180	56	840	41	1500	32	2160	22	
210	54	870	41	1530	31	2190	22	
240	53	900	41	1560	31	2220	21	
270	52	930	40	1590	30	2250	21	
300	51	960	40	1620	29	2280	21	
330	50	990	40	1650	29	2310	21	
360	49	1020	40	1680	28	2340	20	
390	48	1050	39	1710	28	2370	20	
420	47	1080	39	1740	27	2400	20	
450	47	1110	38	1770	27	2430	20	
480	46	1140	38	1800	26	2460	19	
510	45	1170	37	1830	26	2490	19	
540	44	1200	37	1860	26	2520	19	
570	43	1230	37	1890	25	2550	19	
600	42	1260	36	1920	25	2580	18	
630	42	1290	36	1950	24	2600	26	





#### STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

#### PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** 

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.

1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.

1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

- 2.1.1 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
  - 6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
  - 8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units:

10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units:

12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units:

 $\begin{array}{l} 1.19 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 265 \ L \ oil \\ 3.48 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 609 \ L \ oil \\ 8.78 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 1,071 \ L \ oil \\ 17.78 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 1,673 \ L \ oil \\ 31.23 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 2,476 \ L \ oil \\ \end{array}$ 

#### PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN

3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall



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remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

#### 3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.

3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> and 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.

3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40  $L/min/m^2$  shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40  $L/min/m^2$ . No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40  $L/min/m^2$ .

3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

#### 3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This reentrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to





assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.

3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators.** However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.





Conservation Halton Email Excerpts

#### **Daniel Caberlin**

From: Sent: To:	Ola Panczyk <opanczyk@hrca.on.ca> August 1, 2023 2:57 PM Brendan Walton; Janet Engel</opanczyk@hrca.on.ca>
Cc:	Kayly Robbins; Brett Pond
Subject:	RE: [EXTERNAL]11 Main Street, Morriston   Floodplain Study Follow-up (CFCA 2366-6537)
Follow Up Flag:	Follow up
Flag Status:	Completed
Categories:	Filed to Sharepoint

Hi Brendan,

Thank you for your patience while we reviewed the overlay in relation to CH's hydraulic model.

For this specific site, based on the quality of the existing model and the location of the proposed development, CH has no objection to the use of CH's HEC-RAS model for the purposes of delineating the flood hazard limit. Please ensure a topographic survey is included in the future submission, which delineates the flood hazard based on the elevations from the HEC-RAS model.

Please note that any changes to the location of the proposed development may require updated flood hazard modelling.

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Thank you, Ola



#### Ola Panczyk Environmental Planner

2596 Britannia Road West, Burlington, ON L7P 0G3 905.336.1158 ext.2279 | opanczyk@hrca.on.ca conservationhalton.ca



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From: Brendan Walton <bwalton@cfcrozier.ca>
Sent: Tuesday, July 18, 2023 1:31 PM
To: Ola Panczyk <opanczyk@hrca.on.ca>; Janet Engel <jengel@hrca.on.ca>
Cc: Kayly Robbins <krobbins@westonconsulting.com>; Brett Pond <bpond@cfcrozier.ca>
Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL]11 Main Street, Morriston | Floodplain Study Follow-up (CFCA 2366-6537)

Hi Ola,

Thank you for confirming. We look forward to CH's feedback next week.

Kind regards,

Brendan

**Brendan Walton**, P.Eng. Project Manager, Land Development Office: 548.708.0022 Collingwood | Milton | Toronto | Bradford | Guelph

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From: Ola Panczyk <<u>opanczyk@hrca.on.ca</u>>
Sent: Monday, July 17, 2023 10:37 AM
To: Brendan Walton <<u>bwalton@cfcrozier.ca</u>>; Janet Engel <<u>jengel@hrca.on.ca</u>>
Cc: Kayly Robbins <<u>krobbins@westonconsulting.com</u>>; Brett Pond <<u>bpond@cfcrozier.ca</u>>
Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL]11 Main Street, Morriston | Floodplain Study Follow-up (CFCA 2366-6537)

Hi Brendan,

Confirming receipt of your email. Thanks for providing the overlay. We will take a look and discuss internally. We will aim to get back to you next week.

Kind regards, Ola



### Ola Panczyk

Environmental Planner

2596 Britannia Road West, Burlington, ON L7P 0G3 905.336.1158 ext.2279 | opanczyk@hrca.on.ca conservationhalton.ca





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From: Brendan Walton <<u>bwalton@cfcrozier.ca</u>>
Sent: Wednesday, July 12, 2023 1:13 PM
To: Ola Panczyk <<u>opanczyk@hrca.on.ca</u>>; Janet Engel <<u>jengel@hrca.on.ca</u>>
Cc: Kayly Robbins <<u>krobbins@westonconsulting.com</u>>; Brett Pond <<u>bpond@cfcrozier.ca</u>>
Subject: [EXTERNAL]11 Main Street, Morriston | Floodplain Study Follow-up (CFCA 2366-6537)

Good afternoon Ola, Janet,

Thank you again for meeting with us last week regarding this project. It was nice catching up with each of you!

As requested, please see attached overlay figure that outlines the Regional floodplain and 15.0 m set-back near Highway 6 on a satellite image. As discussed on the call, we believe a detailed hydrologic/hydraulic floodplain assessment for the proposed development is not required considering the floodplain (dark blue solid line) and associated set-back (red solid line) are sufficiently far enough away from the proposed dwellings and building envelopes (black dashed lines). There are also environmental features (i.e., wetland, woodlot) located outside of the floodplain that further increase the separation distance from the Regional floodplain.

Upon your review, please let us know if you have any questions or would like to discuss. We are happy to have a follow up discussion too if helpful.

Kind regards,

Brendan Brendan Walton, P.Eng. Project Manager, Land Development Office: 548.708.0022 Collingwood | Milton | Toronto | Bradford | Guelph

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# APPENDIX H

## Site Photos

2024/11/01 - Site Photo of Earth Berm located at southern limits of Old Morriston Baseball Diamond (EX1)

2024/11/01 - Site Photo of general slope of Old Morriston Baseball Diamond (EX1) -Photo taken looking west

# FIGURES

- Figure 1: Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (East)
- Figure 2: Preliminary Site Servicing Plan (West)
- Figure 3:Preliminary Site Grading Plan (East)
- Figure 4: Preliminary Site Grading Plan (West)
- Figure 5: External Grading Plan (Ochs Street)
- Figure 6: Pre-Development Drainage Plan
- Figure 7: Post-Development Drainage Plan
- Figure 8:Storm Design Sheet Drainage Plan



nineer		CROZI CONSULTING ENG	ER MIL	00 High Point Drive Suite 100 Lton, ON, L9T 6P4 905-875-0026 T 905-875-4915 F www.cfcrozier.ca info@cfcrozier.ca
	Drawn M.I.M	Design M.I.M.	Project No. 2	366-6537
	Check B.W.	Check B.W.	Scale 111500	<sup>Dwg.</sup> FIG. 1

ELEVATION NOTE: ELEVATIONS HEREON ARE GEODETIC (CGVD-1928:78) AND ARE DERIVED FROM GNSS OBSERVATIONS USING NATURAL RESOURCES CANADA'S GEOID MODEL HT\_2.0 ON. SURVEY NOTES:

UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSRS) (2010.0)

DRAWING No. 10779 CONCEPTS/C2\_2022-03-16

SITE PLAN NOTES:

DRAWING NOTES:

DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06

SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) DRAWING FILE No.: 22-14-718-00-TOPO

BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM RTN OBSERVATIONS

4	ISSUED FOR FIFTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	2024/DEC/20
3	ISSUED FOR FOURTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	2024/NOV/15
2	ISSUED FOR THIRD SUBMISSION (ZBA/DPA)	2024/AUG/29
1	ISSUED FOR SECOND SUBMISSION (ZBA)	2023/DEC/20
0	ISSUED ZBA AND DPS APPLICATIONS	2023/FEB/17
No.	ISSUE / REVISION	YYYY/MMM/DD

DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9996781

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THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, LEVELS, AND DATUMS ON SITE AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES OR OMISSIONS TO THIS OFFICE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ AND UNDERSTOOD IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL OTHER PLANS AND DOCUMENTS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING.

11 MAIN STREET

TOWN OF PUSLINCH

PRELIMINARY SITE SERVICING

PLAN (EAST)

ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

DESIGN ELEMENTS ARE BASED ON SITE PLAN BY WESTON CONSULTING INC.



SUBJECT **KEY PLAN** PROPERTY SCALE: N.T.S. LEGEND ----- PROPERTY LINE EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m) <sub>×</sub>215.00 EXISTING GRADE STAKED WOODLOT BY COLVILLE CONSULTING INC. (SEPT 20, 2022) CONCEPTUAL 360 m<sup>2</sup> BUILDING ENVELOPE PROPOSED TYPE A DISPERSAL BED 368 m<sup>2</sup> CONCEPTUAL PROPOSED DRILLED WELL (W)LOCATION C/W 15.0m OBC SETBACK PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE PROPOSED MANHOLE CATCHBASIN PROPOSED CATCHBASIN / DOUBLE CATCHBASIN



#### SEWAGE SYSTEM NOTES

- . PROPOSED SEWAGE SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION TO BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE, ONTARIO MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, AND THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 2. INSTALLATION OF ALL COMPONENTS OF THE SEWAGE SYSTEM TO BE COMPLETED BY A LICENSED AND REGISTERED ONSITE SEWAGE SYSTEM INSTALLER IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AND PAY FOR ALL NECESSARY INSPECTIONS WITH THE TOWN AND OTHER AUTHORITIES PERTAINING TO THE INSTALLATION OF THEIR WORK
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND EXISTING SEWAGE WORKS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. ALL COMPONENT LOCATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 6. ALL EARTHWORKS, INCLUDING PLACEMENT OF FILL ARE TO BE UNDERTAKEN WITH TRACK MOUNTED EQUIPMENT TO KEEP COMPACTION TO A MINIMUM. KEEP ALL TRAFFIC IN THE AREA OF THE PROPOSED LEACHING BED TO A MINIMUM.
- 7. ALL TOPSOIL AND ORGANICS TO BE REMOVED FROM LEACHING BED AREA.
- 8. IF HIGH GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS ARE EVIDENT AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY. ALL VERTICAL CLEARANCE DISTANCES AS REQUIRED BY THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE MUST BE MAINTAINED.
- 9. GRAVITY SEWERS TO HAVE MINIMUM 0.6 M COVER AND SHALL BE INSULATED WHERE LESS THAN 1.0M COVER IS PROVIDED. FORCEMAIN SHALL BE INSULATED WHERE LESS THAN 1.5 M COVER IS PROVIDED. BEDDING, COVER AND BACKFILL TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS.

- 10. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED PE FORCEMAIN TO BE HDPE SERIES 100 OR DR 13.5 PE AND PVC FORCEMAIN TO BE SCHEDULE 40. GRAVITY SEWERS TO BE SDR-35. FORCE MAIN TO BE PROVIDED WITH TRACER WIRE, SECURED TO THE TOP OF THE PIPE WITH WATER PROOF TAPE OR ZIP TIES.
- 11. ALL PIPES SUBJECT TO VEHICULAR TRAFFIC SHALL BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED. 12. ALL METAL IN TANKS OR PUMP CHAMBERS TO BE
- GLAVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL
- 13. ALL JOINTS BELOW THE HIGH WATER LEVEL IN PRECAST TANKS TO BE SEALED WITH MASTIC SEALANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATERTIGHT SEAL. ALL TANK INLETS AND OUTLETS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH CAST IN RUBBER BOOT FOR WATER TIGHT SEAL. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ALL TANK INLETS AND OUTLETS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH TEES.
- 14. ALL TANKS TO BE PROVIDED WITH PRECAST CONCRETE OR PVC ACCESS RISERS TO GRADE. HATCHES TO BE BOLTED AND GASKETED AND ACCESSIBLE AT GRADE. ALL CIRCULAR HATCHES TO BE 600 MM DIAMETER POLYLOK RISER WITH CAST IN ADAPTOR. ALL SQUARE ACCESS OPENINGS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH CONCRETE RISERS. VENTED HATCHES TO BE PROVIDED ON TANKS CONTAINING PUMPS.
- 15. EXISTING SOILS SHALL BE SCARIFIED AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE DIRECTION OF LATERAL SEWAGE FLOW IN THE LEACHING BED PRIOR TO IMPORTING FILL OR INSTALLING DISTRIBUTION PIPE STONE LAYER.
- 16. WHEN THE IMPORTATION OF FILL IS REQUIRED, FILL SHOULD BE END-DUMPED AND GRADED PROGRESSIVELY OVER THE PREPARED SITE AREA WITH TRACK MOUNTED EQUIPMENT.
- 17. ALL ELEVATIONS TO BE VERIFIED PRIOR TO BACKFILL 18. ALL FILL MATERIAL PLACED BENEATH TANKS TO BE



- 19. ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE TOPSOILED (100MM MINIMUM) AND SEEDED COMPLETE WITH FERTILIZER AND MULCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS
- 20. THE INSTALLING CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE SEWAGE SYSTEM USING A TRANSIT/LEVEL AND SHALL PROVIDE SAME FOR INSPECTION OF ANY COMPONENT.
- 21. MAXIMUM BURIAL DEPTH OF TANKS NOT TO EXCEED TO MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS
- 22. CLEARANCE DISTANCES FROM PROPERTY LINES, STRUCTURES, WELLS, AND SURFACE WATER WILL ADHERE TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF OBC 8.2.1.6.A
- 23. A LEACHING BED SHALL NOT BE LOCATED ON AN AREA WITH A SLOPE OF GREATER THAN 4 UNITS HORIZONTALLY TO 1 UNIT VERTICALLY.
- 24. THE HEADER LINE, DISTRIBUTION PIPES AND LEACHING BED SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH MEANS OF DETECTION AS REQUIRED BY OBC 8.7.2.2. (2). LIGHT COLOURED PLASTIC COATED 14 GAUGE TRACER WIRE OR EPOXY COATED, 10m REBAR LAID HORIZONTALLY AT EACH CORNER OF THE BED IS ACCEPTABLE.
- 25. STONE TRENCH OR LAYER TO BE COVERED WITH PERMEABLE GEOTEXTILE PRIOR TO BACKFILL. 26. STONE TO CONFORM WITH OBC 8.7.3.3.
- 27. ALL IMPORTED SAND FILL TO HAVE A T-TIME OF 6 TO 10 MIN/CM AND A SILT/CLAY CONTENT OF NO MORE THAN 5% AND SHALL BE VERIFIED IN WRITING BY A SOIL TESTING FIRM AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PLACEMENT.
- 28. ANAEROBIC DIGESTER AND BIOFILTER BASKET PUMPS AS DESIGNED AND SUPPLIED BY WATERLOO BIOFILTER. 29. PUMP CHAMBER TO BE VENTED AND EQUIPPED WITH
- AUDIBLE AND VISUAL HIGH LEVEL ALARM 30. ALL VALVES TO PROVIDE NO OBSTRUCTION TO FLOW WHEN FULLY OPENED. ALL VALVES AND COUPLINGS TO BE
- 31. ALL PUMP FLOATS TO BE SECURED TO A REMOVABLE PVC
- 32. ALL PUMP CONTROL PANELS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH
- SEPARATE CIRCUIT BREAKERS FOR PUMP CIRCUIT
- 34. ALL BURIED ELECTRICAL WIRING TO BE IN PVC CONDUIT 35. PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION THAT ALL ELECTRICAL WORK HAS BEEN INPSECTED AND APPROVED BY THE ELECTRICAL AUTHORITY













	PROPERTY LINE
	EXISTING CONTOUR (0.50m)
	EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m)
×215.00	EXISTING GRADE
×215.00	PROPOSED GRADE
×215.00	PROPOSED GRADE (TO MATCH EXISTING)
2.0%	PROPOSED MINOR FLOW DIRECTION
	PROPOSED SLOPE (3:1 MAX.)
	PROPOSED MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
	STAKED WOODLOT BY COLVILLE CONSULTING INC.
0	PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
	PROPOSED MANHOLE CATCHBASIN
	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN / DOUBLE CATCHBASIN



### ELEVATION NOTE:

ELEVATIONS HEREON ARE GEODETIC (CGVD-1928:78) AND ARE DERIVED FROM GNSS OBSERVATIONS USING NATURAL RESOURCES CANADA'S GEOID MODEL HT\_2.0 ON.

### SURVEY NOTES:

SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) DRAWING FILE No.: 22-14-718-00-TOPO

BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM RTN OBSERVATIONS

UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSRS) (2010.0)

DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9996781

### SITE PLAN NOTES:

DESIGN ELEMENTS ARE BASED ON SITE PLAN BY WESTON CONSULTING INC. DRAWING No. 10779 CONCEPTS/C2\_2022-03-16 DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06

### DRAWING NOTES:

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## 11 MAIN STREET TOWN OF PUSLINCH





2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE SUITE 100 MILTON, ON, L9T 6P4 905-875-0026 T 905-875-4915 F WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

					INFO@CFCR0	DZIER.CA	
)rawn	M.I.M	Design M.I.M	Project No.	2	366	-653	37
Check	B.W.	Check B.W	Scale	1: 500	Dwg.	FIG.	3



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4	ISSUED FOR FIFTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	2024/DEC/20
3	ISSUED FOR FOURTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	2024/NOV/15
2	ISSUED FOR THIRD SUBMISSION (ZBA/DPA)	2024/AUG/29
1	ISSUED FOR SECOND SUBMISSION (ZBA)	2023/DEC/20
0	ISSUED ZBA AND DPS APPLICATIONS	2023/FEB/17
No.	ISSUE / REVISION	YYYY/MMM/DD

Drawn	M.I.M	Design	M.I.M.	Project No.	2	36	6-653	37
Check	B.W.	Check	B.W.	Scale	1: 500	Dwg.	FIG.	4





SECTION C













	LEGEND
·	PROPERTY LINE
	EXISTING CONTOUR (0.50m)
	EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m)
×215.00	EXISTING GRADE
×215.00	PROPOSED GRADE
× <u>215.00</u>	PROPOSED GRADE (TO MATCH EXISTING)
2.0%	PROPOSED MINOR FLOW DIRECTION
	PROPOSED SLOPE (3:1 MAX.)
	PROPOSED MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION

NOTE:

EXTERNAL OF OCHS STREET IS FOR SCHEMATIC PURPOSES ONLY. DETAILED DESIGN OF OCHS STREET TO BE COMPLETED THROUGH CONSULTATION WITH THE TOWNSHIP DURING SUBSEQUENT PLANNING APPLICATION. EXTERNAL DRAINAGE FROM PRIVATE LOTS TO BE CONVEYED AS PART OF THESE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

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ELEVATION NOTE:

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SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) DRAWING FILE No.: 22-14-718-00-TOPO

BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM RTN OBSERVATIONS

UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSRS) (2010.0) DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9996781

SITE PLAN NOTES:

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DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06

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# 11 MAIN STREET TOWN OF PUSLINCH

EXTERNAL GRADING PLAN (OCHS STREET)



2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE SUITE 100 MILTON, ON, L9T 6P4 905-875-0026 T 905-875-4915 F WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

Drawn	M.I.M	Design	M.I.M.	Project No.	2	366	-653	57
Check	B.W.	Check	B.W.	Scale	1: 500	Dwg.	FIG.	5









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ľ	Drawn	M.I.M	Design	М.І.М.	Project No	°. 2	366	6-653	57
	Check	B.W.	Check	B.W.	Scale	111500	Dwg.	FIG.	1

BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM RTN OBSERVATIONS

# UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSRS) (2010.0) DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9996781

GNSS OBSERVATIONS USING NATURAL RESOURCES CANADA'S GEOID MODEL HT\_2.0 ON. SURVEY NOTES: SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) DRAWING FILE No.: 22-14-718-00-TOPO

DRAWING No. 10779 CONCEPTS/C2\_2022-03-16

DESIGN ELEMENTS ARE BASED ON SITE PLAN BY WESTON CONSULTING INC.

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11 MAIN STREET

TOWN OF PUSLINCH

PRELIMINARY SITE SERVICING

PLAN (EAST)

ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

**4** ISSUED FOR FIFTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)

#### ELEVATION NOTE: ELEVATIONS HEREON ARE GEODETIC (CGVD-1928:78) AND ARE DERIVED FROM

SITE PLAN NOTES:

DRAWING NOTES:

DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06

3	ISSUED FOR FOURTH SUBMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	2024/NOV/15
2	ISSUED FOR THIRD SUBMISSION (ZBA/DPA)	2024/AUG/29
1	ISSUED FOR SECOND SUBMISSION (ZBA)	2023/DEC/20
0	ISSUED ZBA AND DPS APPLICATIONS	2023/FEB/17
No.	ISSUE / REVISION	YYYY/MMM/DD

2024/DEC/20

ΝΟΊ	TES:						
1.	PROPOSED CONFIRMED	DRIVEWAY DURING D	LOCATIONS ESIGN PROC	AND ESS.	APRONS	то	BE

SUBJEC SCALE: N.T.S. PROPERTY LEGEND EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m) ×215.00 EXISTING GRADE STAKED WOODLOT BY COLVILLE CONSULTING INC. (SEPT 20, 2022) CONCEPTUAL 360 m<sup>2</sup> BUILDING ENVELOPE PROPOSED TYPE A DISPERSAL BED 368 m<sup>2</sup> CONCEPTUAL PROPOSED DRILLED WELL (W)LOCATION C/W 15.0m OBC SETBACK PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE PROPOSED MANHOLE CATCHBASIN □ / PROPOSED CATCHBASIN / DOUBLE CATCHBASIN



#### SEWAGE SYSTEM NOTES

- . PROPOSED SEWAGE SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION TO BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE, ONTARIO MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, AND THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 2. INSTALLATION OF ALL COMPONENTS OF THE SEWAGE SYSTEM TO BE COMPLETED BY A LICENSED AND REGISTERED ONSITE SEWAGE SYSTEM INSTALLER IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AND PAY FOR ALL NECESSARY INSPECTIONS WITH THE TOWN AND OTHER AUTHORITIES PERTAINING TO THE INSTALLATION OF THEIR WORK
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND EXISTING SEWAGE WORKS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. ALL COMPONENT LOCATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 6. ALL EARTHWORKS, INCLUDING PLACEMENT OF FILL ARE TO BE UNDERTAKEN WITH TRACK MOUNTED EQUIPMENT TO KEEP COMPACTION TO A MINIMUM. KEEP ALL TRAFFIC IN THE AREA OF THE PROPOSED LEACHING BED TO A MINIMUM.
- 7. ALL TOPSOIL AND ORGANICS TO BE REMOVED FROM LEACHING BED AREA.
- 8. IF HIGH GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS ARE EVIDENT AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY. ALL VERTICAL CLEARANCE DISTANCES AS REQUIRED BY THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE MUST BE MAINTAINED.
- 9. GRAVITY SEWERS TO HAVE MINIMUM 0.6 M COVER AND SHALL BE INSULATED WHERE LESS THAN 1.0M COVER IS PROVIDED. FORCEMAIN SHALL BE INSULATED WHERE LESS THAN 1.5 M COVER IS PROVIDED. BEDDING, COVER AND BACKFILL TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS.

- 10. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED PE FORCEMAIN TO BE HDPE SERIES 100 OR DR 13.5 PE AND PVC FORCEMAIN TO BE SCHEDULE 40. GRAVITY SEWERS TO BE SDR-35. FORCE MAIN TO BE PROVIDED WITH TRACER WIRE, SECURED TO THE TOP OF THE PIPE WITH WATER PROOF TAPE OR ZIP TIES.
- 11. ALL PIPES SUBJECT TO VEHICULAR TRAFFIC SHALL BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED. 12. ALL METAL IN TANKS OR PUMP CHAMBERS TO BE
- GLAVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL
- 13. ALL JOINTS BELOW THE HIGH WATER LEVEL IN PRECAST TANKS TO BE SEALED WITH MASTIC SEALANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATERTIGHT SEAL. ALL TANK INLETS AND OUTLETS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH CAST IN RUBBER BOOT FOR WATER TIGHT SEAL. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ALL TANK INLETS AND OUTLETS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH TEES.
- 14. ALL TANKS TO BE PROVIDED WITH PRECAST CONCRETE OR PVC ACCESS RISERS TO GRADE. HATCHES TO BE BOLTED AND GASKETED AND ACCESSIBLE AT GRADE. ALL CIRCULAR HATCHES TO BE 600 MM DIAMETER POLYLOK RISER WITH CAST IN ADAPTOR. ALL SQUARE ACCESS OPENINGS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH CONCRETE RISERS. VENTED HATCHES TO BE PROVIDED ON TANKS CONTAINING PUMPS.
- 15. EXISTING SOILS SHALL BE SCARIFIED AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE DIRECTION OF LATERAL SEWAGE FLOW IN THE LEACHING BED PRIOR TO IMPORTING FILL OR INSTALLING DISTRIBUTION PIPE STONE LAYER.
- 16. WHEN THE IMPORTATION OF FILL IS REQUIRED, FILL SHOULD BE END-DUMPED AND GRADED PROGRESSIVELY OVER THE PREPARED SITE AREA WITH TRACK MOUNTED EQUIPMENT.
- 17. ALL ELEVATIONS TO BE VERIFIED PRIOR TO BACKFILL 18. ALL FILL MATERIAL PLACED BENEATH TANKS TO BE



- 19. ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE TOPSOILED (100MM MINIMUM) AND SEEDED COMPLETE WITH FERTILIZER AND MULCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS
- 20. THE INSTALLING CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE SEWAGE SYSTEM USING A TRANSIT/LEVEL AND SHALL PROVIDE SAME FOR INSPECTION OF ANY COMPONENT.
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=MATCH EXISTING GRADE AT PROPERTY LINE (TYP)

316.0 315.5 -315.0 314.5 314.0

-313.5

11 MAIN STREET TOWN OF PUSLINCH

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# SITE GRADING PLAN (EAST)



2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE SUITE 100 MILTON, ON, L9T 6P4 905-875-0026 T 905-875-4915 F WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

2024/DEC/20

2024/NOV/15

2024/AUG/29

2023/DEC/20

2023/FEB/17

YYYY/MMM/DD

						INFO@CFCR	OZIER.CA	
ıwn	M.I.M	Design	M.I.M.	Project No.	2	366	-653	57
eck	B.W.	Check	B.W.	Scale	1:500	Dwg.	FIG.	3







SECTION C









SEE DWG. FIG. 3





	LEGEND
	PROPERTY LINE
	EXISTING CONTOUR (0.50m)
	EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m)
×215.00	EXISTING GRADE
×215.00	PROPOSED GRADE
× <u>215.00</u>	PROPOSED GRADE (TO MATCH EXISTING)
2.0%	PROPOSED MINOR FLOW DIRECTION
	PROPOSED SLOPE (3:1 MAX.)
	PROPOSED MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION

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SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) DRAWING FILE No.: 22-14-718-00-TOPO

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## 11 MAIN STREET TOWN OF PUSLINCH

EXTERNAL GRADING PLAN (OCHS STREET)



2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE SUITE 100 MILTON, ON, L9T 6P4 905-875-0026 T 905-875-4915 F WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

Draw	n M.I.N	Design	M.I.M.	Project No.	2	366	-65	37
Chec	k B.W	Check	B.W.	Scale	1: 500	Dwg.	FIG.	5



	PRO	DERTY	EY PLAN SCALE: N.T.S.
3 <sup>12</sup> 332.177		LEGEND PROPERTY LINE EXISTING CONTOUR (0.5m) EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m) EXISTING DITCH EXISTING OVERLAND FLOW DIRI PRE-DEVELOPMENT STORM DRAINAGE CATCHMENT REGIONAL FLOODPLAIN (CONSE	ECTION
		REGIONAL FLOODPLAIN 15.0m CONSERVATION HALTON REGUL STAKED WOODLOT BY COLVILLE (SEPT 20, 2022) LIMIT OF WETLAND AS CONFIR CONSERVATION HALTON STAFF 2023) 30.0m SETBACK FROM LIMIT ( CONFIRMED BY CONSERVATION AUGUST 18, 2023 MEANDER BELT 38m BUFFER	BUFFER ATION LIMIT E CONSULTING INC. MED BY F (AUGUST 18, DF WETLAND AS I HALTON STAFF (19m EACH SIDE)
0 	ID A ZIMP ID A RC 4 ISSUED FOR FIFTH SUE 3 ISSUED FOR FOURTH S	CATCHMENT I.D. AREA (ha) PERCENT IMPERV CATCHMENT I.D. AREA (ha) RUNOFF CO-EFF BMISSION (ZBA/OPA)	10US ICIENT 2024/DEC/20 2024/NOV/15
	2 ISSUED FOR THIRD SUE 1 ISSUED FOR SECOND S 0 ISSUED ZBA AND DPS No. ISSUE / REVISION ELEVATION NOTE: ELEVATIONS HEREON ARE GEO GNSS OBSERVATIONS USING N. SURVEY NOTES: SURVEY COMPLETED BY J.D. B DRAWING FILE No.: 22–14–718	BMISSION (ZBA/DPA) SUBMISSION (ZBA) APPLICATIONS DETIC (CGVD-1928: 78) AND ARE DI ATURAL RESOURCES CANADA'S GEO BARNES LTD. (2023/JAN/31) 8-00-TOPO	2024/AUG/29 2023/DEC/20 2023/FEB/17 YYYY/MMM/DD ERIVED FROM ID MODEL HT_2.0 ON.
	BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DER UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSRS) DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF SITE PLAN NOTES: DESIGN ELEMENTS ARE BASED DRAWING No. 10779 CONCEPTS DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06 DRAWING NO. 10779 CONCEPTS DATE RECEIVED 2023/FEB/06 DRAWING NOTES: THIS DRAWING IS THE EXCLUSI THE REPRODUCTION OF ANY P OFFICE IS STRICTLY PROHIBITE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERII REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES OF THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ PLANS AND DOCUMENTS APPL ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND L CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONST	RIVED FROM RTN OBSERVATIONS (2010.0) CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY M 0.9996781 ON SITE PLAN BY WESTON CONSUL S/C2_2022-03-16 VE PROPERTY OF C.F. CROZIER & / PART OF IT WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN D. FY ALL DIMENSIONS, LEVELS, AND D OR OMISSIONS TO THIS OFFICE PRIO AND UNDERSTOOD IN CONJUNCTION ICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. DO NOT JTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIE IRUCTION.	ULTIPLYING BY THE TING INC. ASSOCIATES INC. AND CONSENT OF THIS DATUMS ON SITE AND R TO CONSTRUCTION. N WITH ALL OTHER SCALE THIS DRAWING. CLD BY THE
	11 TOW <sup>Drawing</sup> PRE Df	MAIN STREET /N OF PUSLINCH 	
Engineer	Drawn M.I.M Design Check B.W.	EXAMPLE A CONTRACT OF CONTRACT	IIGH POINT DRIVE SUITE 100 N, ON, L9T 6P4 -875-0026 T -875-4915 F W.CFCROZIER.CA 66-6537 FIG. 6







Township of Puslinch Planning and Development 7404 Wellington Road 34, Puslinch, ON N0B 2J0 January 10, 2025 File: 10779

#### Attn: Lynne Banks, Development and Legislative Coordinator, Township of Puslinch

#### Re: Fifth Submission Zoning By-law Amendment 11 Main Street, Morriston Township of Puslinch

Weston Consulting is the planning consultant for WDD Main Street Inc., the registered owner of the lands located at 11 Main Street (Lot 31, Concession 8) in the Township of Puslinch (the "Subject Lands"). We are pleased to submit the following materials in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment application for a proposed residential subdivision consisting of 21 detached dwelling lots, environmental protection lands, a stormwater management pond and municipal roads. The Draft Plan of Subdivision Application for the Subject Lands was submitted and has been deemed complete by the County of Wellington on December 13, 2024, File number 23T-23002.

#### **Description of Subject Lands**

The Subject Lands are currently vacant and located southeast of the Main Street and Badenoch Street intersection in Morriston. The Subject Lands are surrounded by open spaces to the east and south, and single-detached dwellings to the north and west. The Subject Lands have an approximate area of 23.48 hectares (58.03 acres) and an approximate frontage of 12 metres at the terminus of Main Street and 20 metres at the current terminus of Ochs Street.

The County of Wellington Official Plan designates the northwesterly portion of the Subject Lands as *Residential*, and the easterly and southerly portion of the subject lands as *Greenlands*, and a small portion is designated *Core Greenlands*. The Township of Puslinch Comprehensive Zoning By-law 023-18 zones the majority of the Subject Lands as *Future Development (FD2)* and a minor portion of the north-easterly corner as *Urban Residential (UR)*, and a minor southeasterly and southerly portion of the subject lands as *Natural Environment (NE)*. The southwestern, southern and eastern part of the subject lands are overlayed by the Environmental Protection zone. A portion of the subject lands to the west and south are within the Halton Region Conservation Authority (HRCA) regulated area.

The purpose of this submission is to provide the Township and County with the updated technical materials to address the specific comments provided on December 19, 2024. As part of this submission, there were no changes to the Draft Plan of Subdivision. It is our intent to move through the statutory planning process to address any outstanding comments. We ask that a Public Meeting be scheduled at the earliest available date to engage with the Public, and provide them an opportunity to provide comments through the appropriate statutory process.

#### **Submission Materials**

The following materials are being provided electronically, and address the comments from the Township of Puslinch regarding the Zoning By-law Amendment Application.



No.	Document	Consultant	Date
1.	Draft Zoning By-law Amendment Text and Schedule	Weston	January 10, 2025
2.	Comment Response Matrix	Consulting	January, 2025
3.	Letter Response to Wellington Hydrogeology Comments	Englobe	December 20, 2024
4.	Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater	Crozier	December 2024
	Management Report		
5.	Civil Engineering Drawing Package		December 20, 2024

We trust that the above documents are sufficient for your review and circulation of the Zoning By-law Amendment applications. Should you have any questions please contact the undersigned at ext. 315 or Michael Pizzimenti at ext. 365.

Yours truly,

Weston Consulting

Per:



Kayly Robbins, MPL, MCIP, RPP Senior Planner

c. WDD Main Street Inc.