

Land Use Compatibility Study

4631 Sideroad 20 North Puslinch Township, Ontario

Puslinch Development GP Inc.

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Executive Summary

GHD Limited (GHD) was retained by Puslinch Development GP Inc. to prepare a Land Use Compatibility Study for the proposed industrial development (Development) located at 4631 Sideroad 20 North in Puslinch Township, Ontario (Site). This Study has been prepared in support of the planning approvals for the Development.

The Development consists of three industrial-use buildings with a total of 36 loading bays for shipping and receiving activities, a gym, and a daycare. The Development will also include a storm water management pond, a septic field, and a wetland.

The purpose of this Study is to assess land use compatibility of the proposed Development with the surrounding land uses in accordance with the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) D-series land use compatibility guidelines. This Study includes a summary of the existing land uses in the area surrounding the Site and assesses the potential for air quality, odour, dust, noise, and vibration compatibility issues.

The Development is not expected to produce significant air quality, odour, dust noise or vibration emissions that would impact nearby sensitive uses.

Noise is anticipated to be the primary type of emission from the Development and has been evaluated in detail based on the information available at the time of writing. Predicted cumulative noise levels from the Development are within the applicable stationary sound level limits of the MECP at all points of reception; therefore, it is expected that the future tenants of the Development will be able to comply with the MECP noise guidelines with appropriate mitigation measures similar to the preliminary noise control recommendations provided herein.

This report is subject to, and must be read in conjunction with, the limitations set out in Section 1.2 and the assumptions and qualifications contained throughout the Report.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this Report

GHD Limited (GHD) was retained by *Puslinch Development GP Inc.* to prepare a Land Use Compatibility (Study) in support of the planning applications for the proposed mixed-use commercial/industrial Development located at 4631 Sideroad 20 North in Puslinch Township, Ontario (Development). The purpose of this Study is to assess potential land use compatibility issues between the Development and surrounding sensitive land uses including mitigation measures as applicable.

1.2 Scope and Limitations

This report: has been prepared by GHD for Puslinch Development GP Inc. and may only be used and relied on by Puslinch Development GP Inc. for the purpose agreed between GHD and Puslinch Development GP Inc. as set out in section 1.1 of this report.

GHD otherwise disclaims responsibility to any person other than Puslinch Development GP Inc. arising in connection with this report. GHD also excludes implied warranties and conditions, to the extent legally permissible.

The services undertaken by GHD in connection with preparing this report were limited to those specifically detailed in the report and are subject to the scope limitations set out in the report.

The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on conditions encountered and information reviewed at the date of preparation of the report. GHD has no responsibility or obligation to update this report to account for events or changes occurring subsequent to the date that the report was prepared.

The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on assumptions made by GHD described in this report. GHD disclaims liability arising from any of the assumptions being incorrect.

2. Site and Development Description

The Site is located on the southwest side of Hanlon Parkway (Highway 6), immediately north of Concession Road 4, and immediately east of Sideroad 20 North. A key plan is included as Figure 2.1, which shows the location of the Site in relation to these transportation corridors.

The Site is currently zoned as Agricultural (A) and Natural Environment (NE). The lands surrounding the Site include properties zoned as Employment (B) to the north, A and NE to the south, and west, and a mixture of NE, B, Future Development (FB), Industrial (IND), and Natural Heritage System (NHS) to the east. A zoning map is included in Figure A.1 of Appendix A.

The area surrounding the Site is relatively flat, and the Site currently consists of vacant farmland. The Development consists of two three industrial buildings having a total gross floor area of 92,949 square metres (1,000,500 square feet), a daycare, and a gym. The Site is currently vacant.

3. Land Use Compatibility Assessment

Land use compatibility assessments in Ontario are typically performed in two stages. In the case of proposed industrial uses in proximity to sensitive uses, the first step is to determine if there are any potential adverse effects.

The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, 1995Guideline D-6 (MECP, 1995) is meant to identify potential compatibility issues between employment uses and sensitive land uses. The guideline has been considered in this assessment and is described further below. Where the potential for compatibility issues is identified a more detailed assessment may be performed.

3.1 Provincial Planning Statement

The Provincial Planning Statement ("PPS") is a consolidated statement of the provincial government's policies on land use planning (MMAH, 2024). It "provides policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning and development. As a key part of Ontario's policy-led planning system, the Provincial Planning Statement sets the policy foundation for regulating the development and use of land province-wide, helping achieve the provincial goal of meeting the needs of a fast-growing province while enhancing the quality of life for all Ontarians."

The current PPS became effective on October 20, 2024. Policy direction concerning land use compatibility is provided in Section 3.5 of the PPS:

- "1. Major facilities and sensitive land uses shall be planned and developed to avoid, or if avoidance is not possible, minimize and mitigate any potential adverse effects from odour, noise and other contaminants, minimize risk to public health and safety, and to ensure the long-term operational and economic viability of major facilities in accordance with provincial guidelines, standards and procedures.
- 2. Where avoidance is not possible in accordance with policy 3.5.1, planning authorities shall protect the long-term viability of existing or planned industrial, manufacturing or other major facilities that are vulnerable to encroachment by ensuring that the planning and development of proposed adjacent sensitive land uses is only permitted if potential adverse effects to the proposed sensitive land use are minimized and mitigated, and potential impacts to industrial, manufacturing or other major facilities are minimized and mitigated in accordance with provincial guidelines, standards and procedures."

The goals of the PPS are implemented through Municipal and Provincial policies, as discussed below. Provided the Municipal and Provincial policies, guidelines, standards and procedures are met, the requirements of the PPS will be met.

3.2 Guideline D-6

The MECP Guideline D-6 "Compatibility Between Industrial Facilities and Sensitive Land Uses" (Guideline D-6) provides recommended minimum separation distances (RMSD) and potential areas of influence (AOI) based on the class of the industrial facility. RMSDs are provided based on the industry size and operation type. The guideline provides direction for land use planning to maximize compatibility of industrial uses with adjacent land uses. The goal of Guideline D-6 is to minimize encroachment of sensitive land uses on industrial facilities and vice versa, in order to address potential incompatibility due to adverse effects including air quality, dust, odour, and noise.

Guideline D-6 separates industries into three broad categories, depending on the nature of their operations and the types of potential impacts:

- Class I industries are small scale, self-contained plants or buildings, which produce and store products
 internally, and have low probability of fugitive emissions. They have daytime operations only, with infrequent
 movements of products and/or heavy trucks. Some examples include furniture repair and refinishing, electronics
 manufacturing, auto parts supply, distribution of dairy products, and beverages bottling.
- Class II industries perform medium scale processing, with occasional outputs of point source or fugitive
 emissions. Activities may include some outdoor storage of wastes and materials, frequent movement of products
 and/or heavy trucks during the daytime, and shift work. Some examples include paint spray booths, feed packing
 plant, dairy product manufacturing, and dry-cleaning services.
- Class III industries conduct large-scale manufacturing and are characterized by persistent and/or intense dust and/or odour, frequent outputs of major annoyances, and have a high probability of fugitive emissions. Activities may include continuous operations and movements of products, outside storage of raw and finished goods, and

high levels of production. Some examples include manufacturing of paint and varnish, manufacturing of resins and coatings, solvent recovery plants, organic chemicals manufacturing, breweries, and metal manufacturing.

The following table summarizes the recommended minimum setback distances and areas of potential influence which represent the distances within which adverse effects could potentially occur.

Table 3.1 Guideline D-6 Industry Separation Distances

Industry Classification	RMSD (metres)	AOI (metres)
Class I	20	70
Class II	70	300
Class III	300	1,000

Guideline D-6 provides criteria for classifying industrial land uses, based on their outputs, scale of operations, processes, schedule, and intensity of operations. Often an industry will fall between two Classes. Guideline D-6 states that no incompatible development should occur within the recommended minimum separation distance as noted in Table 3.1. In cases where the recommended minimum separation distances are not met, further detailed assessment is warranted to ensure compatibility as stated in guideline D-6.

3.3 Classification of the Development

As noted above, the Development consists of four industrial building. Specific uses of the complete Development are not known at this time, as some tenants have not yet been identified. The buildings have the following proposed uses:

- Industrial Building 1: Appliance assembly and minor wood processing
- Industrial Building 2: Light industrial
- Industrial Building 3: Light industrial

Based on communications with Puslinch Development GP Inc, it is expected that Buildings 2 and 3 could potentially include the following uses which GHD classified using the three industrial classes of Guideline D-6, as summarized in Table 3.2 below:

Table 3.2 Summary of Proposed Uses and Potential Classifications

Proposed Uses, Buildings and Structures	Potential Class Rating	Notes/Provisions
Manufacturing/processing (small wood mill, pharmaceutical, tea manufacturing, appliance assembly/manufacturing)	l or II	Industry class dependent on the scale of operations
Warehousing with truck/trailer/container parking	I or II	 Industry class dependent on the scale of operations If a distribution centre, Class II
Office	I	
Incubator/start-up (combination of office, shared office and warehouse, and manufacturing)	l or II	Industry class dependent on the scale of operations
Outdoor meeting rooms (e.g., gazebo) picnic tables	I	
Ghost kitchens	I	Typically self-contained, small-scale
Cafeteria/banquet hall	I	Some nuisance potential during events with amplified music, etc.
Refugee non-profit (mostly administration, but includes classrooms and event space)	1	

Based on the descriptions above, the most intense industrial uses being contemplated (manufacturing/processing and warehousing) would be best described as Class II under Guideline D-6. This is based on the assumption that nighttime operations would occur, with noise likely to be audible off-site. Class II industries have an RMSD of 70 metres and a potential AOI of 300 metres.

3.4 Guideline D-6 Assessment Conclusions

Figure 3.1 shows the property lines of the Site and the Guideline D-6 RMSD and AOI setbacks (Class II). As seen in the figure, there are several residential dwellings located within the AOI of the Development, including homes on Side Road 20 to the west, Crawley Road to the northeast, and Concession Road 4 to the south. As such, further assessments are included in Section 4 to examine the potential for noise impacts to the existing sensitive uses.

Note that this analysis is not an exhaustive consideration of all possible sensitive land uses that could be impacted by the proposed Site, but rather preliminary screening of the most probable points of concern.

4. Impact Assessments

4.1 Air Quality

Based on the proposed building uses in Section 3.3, all potential industries for the Development do not have processes that would be significant sources of air quality impacts. All future tenants will be obligated to comply with air contaminant concentration limits at their respective property lines and any points of impingement as per O.Reg.419/0 (MECP, 2025).

4.2 Dust

The tenant of Building 1, Level 1 has indicated that internal dust collectors may be implemented. These units would be required to meet the General Duty Clause of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA, 1970) standards and can be considered a negligible source of dust. Based on the remaining proposed building uses in Section 3.3, all potential industries for the Development do not have processes that would be significant sources of dust.

If any of the industries are determined to during the detailed design stage to be potentially significant sources of fugitive dust emissions, then a dust best management practices plan (BMPP) should be prepared to ensure that appropriate dust mitigation measures are incorporated into the design and/or standard operating procedures.

4.3 Odour

Based on the proposed building uses in Section 3.3, none of the potential industries for the Development have processes that are listed in the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (MECP, 2021). Therefore, it is GHD's opinion that odour impacts from the Development will be insignificant.

If any of the industries are determined to during the detailed design stage to be potentially significant sources of fugitive odour emissions, then an odour best management practices plan (OMPP) should be prepared to ensure that appropriate odour mitigation measures are incorporated into the design and/or standard operating procedures.

4.4 Vibration

Based on the proposed building uses in Section 3.3, none of the potential industries for the Development have processes that are significant sources of ground-borne vibration. Therefore, it is GHD's opinion that vibration impacts from the Development will be insignificant.

4.5 Noise

The sensitive uses surrounding the Site include residential dwellings and outdoor living spaces. GHD has evaluated these locations as points of reception (PORs) quantitatively to determine whether there is significant potential for noise compatibility issues due to the Development.

4.5.1 Sound Level Criteria

4.5.1.1 Municipal Ordinances

The Corporation of The Township of Puslinch, By-Law 6001-24, Noise (Puslinch, 6001-24), dated April 10, 2024, has been reviewed in the context of this Study. The Noise By-Law includes specific requirements and prohibitions of noise emissions based on source type during certain time periods, including:

- The sounding of any alarm, bell, horn, siren or other warning device for unreasonable period of time;
- The operation of any air conditioner, heat pump, pool pump, compressor, condenser, chiller, cooling tower or similar device, which is not in good working order;
- The operation of any auditory signalling device, including by not limited to the ringing of bells or gongs and the blowing of horns or sirens, or the production, reproduction or amplification of any similar sounds by electronic means except where required or authorized by law or in accordance with good safety practices; and
- Operation of a Vehicle or Vehicle with a trailer resulting in banging, clanking, squealing or other like sounds due to improperly secured load or equipment, or inadequate maintenance.

The Noise By-Law does not include any objective sound level criteria for the assessment of noise emissions from commercial/industrial operations; therefore, sound level criteria contained in the Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, 2013) guideline NPC-300 "Environmental Noise Guideline, Stationary and Transportation Sources – Approval and Planning" (August 2013) are appropriate to be used as the basis for assessment of potential noise impacts.

4.5.1.2 MECP Standard Limits

NPC-300 defines stationary noise sources as sound from all sources that are normally operated within the property lines of a facility. The noise impact from stationary sources is evaluated based on operations during a predictable worst-case hour. Stationary noise assessment criteria are generally determined based on the MECP's minimum exclusionary sound level limits, as presented in NPC-300, in comparison to the background sound levels experienced in the area.

The Site is in what would generally be considered a Class 2 acoustic environment as defined by NPC-300, as the acoustic environment is dominated by human activities (i.e., road traffic) during the daytime, and low evening and night background sounds levels defined by the natural environment.

Table 4.1 below summarizes the MECP's minimum exclusionary sound level limits for Class 2 areas, which are expressed in terms of 1-hour equivalent sound levels (1-hour Leq):

Point of Reception Type	Sound Level Limits (dBA)			
	Day (7am – 7pm)	Evening (7pm – 11pm)	Night (11pm – 7am)	
Plane of window	50	50	45	
Outdoor space	50	45		

The applicable guideline sound level limits for regular scheduled testing of emergency equipment (e.g., standby generator) are 5 dBA higher than the corresponding values above.

Impulse noise sources are evaluated separately from steady noise sources. For impulse noise, the sound level limit at a point of reception expressed in terms of the Logarithmic Mean Impulse Sound Level (LLM), and is dependent on the number of impulses in a given hour. The impulse sound level limits for a Class 2 Areas are summarized as follows:

Table 4.2 MECP Minimum Exclusionary Sound Level Limits for Impulsive Sound – Class 2 Area

Number of Impulses Per Hour	Sound Level Limits (dBAI)		
	Plane of Window POR (7am – 11pm / 11pm – 7pm)	Outdoor POR (7am – 11pm)	
9 or more	50 / 45	50	
7 to 8	55 / 50	55	
5 to 6	60 / 55	60	
4	65 / 60	65	
3	70 / 65	70	
2	75 / 70	75	
1	80 / 75	80	

4.5.1.3 Background Sound Levels

GHD conducted a background sound level assessment to evaluate the existing background noise due to road traffic on Highway 6. Background noise was modelled in CadnaA, which was set to predict noise emission rates in accordance with the United States of America's (US) Department of Transportation's Traffic Noise Model (TNM). These noise emissions were validated with STAMSON, the MECP's computerized model of the Ontario Road Noise Analysis Method for Environment and Transportation (ORNAMENT). The applicable noise criteria at a point of reception are based on the higher of the background sound level and the MECP's minimum sound level limits, as noted in Section 4.5.1.2.

The computer model input parameters include, among other data, the number of road segments, number of house rows, the positional relationship of the receptor to a noise source or barrier in terms of distance, elevation and angle, the basic site topography, the ground surface type, traffic volumes, traffic composition, and speed limit.

Hourly traffic counts for Highway 6 from the year 2019 were obtained from the Ontario Ministry of Transportation. These counts were used to determine the minimum hourly counts during the day, evening, and nighttime periods, which are summarized in Table 4.3 below.

Table 4.3 Background Road Traffic Parameters

Road Segment	Minimum Hourly Daytime Vehicles	-	Minimum Hourly Nighttime Vehicles	Commercial Vehicle Rates (medium trucks / heavy trucks)
Highway 6	397	276	97	3% / 5%

The above road traffic data was used to calculate background sound levels at the façades and outdoor points of reception of the Development using the detailed model methodology described in Section 4.5.2.1 of this Study. Predicted noise levels exceed the minimum Class 2 exclusionary limits at the worst-case facades of the development. The lowest sound levels generally occur at the ground floor level (1.5 metres above grade) and increase with height due to increased line-of-sight exposure to the roadways.

Where the predicted background sound level due to road traffic exceeds the corresponding minimum exclusionary sound level limit of NPC-300 (see Table 4.1), the background sound level is instead used as the criteria for assessment of stationary noise impacts. The applicable site-specific sound level limits for the Development are summarized as follows:

Table 4.4 Applicable MECP Sound Level Limits for Steady Sound

POR ID	POR Description	Sound Level Limits (dBA)			
		Day (7am – 7pm)	Evening (7pm – 11pm)	Night (11pm – 7am)	
POR-01A	7047 Concession Road 4 plane of window on north façade, ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-01B	7047 Concession Road 4, outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-02A	264 Crawley Rd plane of window on southwest façade, 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	54	52	45	
POR-02B	264 Crawley Rd 2 storey outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	55	53		
POR-03A	372 Crawley Rd plane of window on southwest façade, 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-03B	372 Crawley Rd outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	48		
POR-04	4652 Sideroad 20 N Parcel 38832 Vacant Lot (1.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-05A	4620 Sideroad 20 N plane of window on east façade, 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-05B	4620 Sideroad 20 N outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-06A	4632 Sideroad 20 N plane of window on east façade on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-06B	4632 Sideroad 20 N outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-07A	4636 Sideroad 20 N plane of window on east façade on 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-07B	4636 Sideroad 20 N outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-08A	4638 Sideroad 20 N plane of window on east façade on 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-08B	4638 Sideroad 20 N outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-09A	4652 Sideroad 20 N plane of window on southeast façade on 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	50	50	45	
POR-09B	4652 Sideroad 20 N outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	45		
POR-10A	7060 Concession plane of window on northwest façade on 2 nd floor (4.5 m AB)	51	50	45	
POR-10B	7060 Concession 4 outdoor amenity space on ground floor (1.5 m AB)	50	48		
POR-11	Daycare plane of window on north facade (1.5 m AB)	50	50	45	

The applicable guideline sound level limits for regular scheduled testing of emergency equipment (e.g., standby generator) are 5 dBA higher than the corresponding values above.

4.5.2 Stationary Noise Impact Assessment

4.5.2.1 Methodology

Detailed assessment of noise impacts from the Development has been carried out using Datakustik CadnaA version 2025 (CadnaA). CadnaA was set to predict sound propagation from the Development to the worst-case points of reception (PORs) in accordance with ISO standard 9613-2 (ISO, 2024) "Acoustics – Attenuation of Sound during Propagation Outdoors". CadnaA modelling assumptions used in this Study include:

- Reflection Order: A maximum reflection order of 2 was used to evaluate indirect noise impact from reflecting surfaces.
- Ground Absorption: The model was set up with conservative ground absorption coefficients of 0 for asphalt and water surfaces and 1.0 for absorptive areas of grass.
- Receptor Elevation: POR receptor heights were modelled appropriately based on an assumed storey height of 3 m. POR locations are shown in Figure 4.3.
- Building Surfaces: The buildings are modelled as reflective surfaces with an absorption coefficient of 0.99.

4.5.2.2 Stationary Noise Sources

Table D.1 of Appendix D lists all noise sources included in the CadnaA model with their corresponding source sound power levels, and noise source locations are identified in Figure 4.1. Descriptions of each category of noise source are included in the sections that follow.

No emergency noise sources are currently identified in the Development concept drawings.

4.5.2.2.1 HVAC Equipment

The Development includes roof-mounted heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment. GHD modelled these sources using the manufacturer's specification sound data for all HVAC units and roof-top vents in the Development. These units have been conservatively assumed to operate continuously during the day, and on a 50% duty cycle at night (30 minutes per hour).

4.5.2.2.2 Truck Movements

Heavy trucks are expected to be utilized at the Development for shipping and receiving operations, with estimated worst-case truck volumes summarized in the table below.

Table 4.5 Truck Movements during Worst-Case Hours

Type of Vehicle	Noise	Truck Movements (worst-case hour)			
	Source ID	Day (7a.m. to 7 p.m.)	Evening (7p.m. to 11 p.m.)	Night (11 p.m. to 7 a.m.)	
Shunt Truck	TR01	0	0	2	
Shipping/Receiving Trucks Building 1, Level 1	TR02	8	3	6	
Shipping/Receiving Trucks Building 1, Level 2	TR03	9	0	0	
Shipping/Receiving Trucks Building 2	TR04	2	2	2	
Shipping/Receiving Trucks Building 3	TR05	2	2	2	

Trucks were assumed to operate at a speed of 20 km/h. GHD also assumed that up to two (2) heavy trucks could idle continuously for Building 1, Level 1. One (1) heavy truck was assumed to idle continuously for Building 1, Level 2 and one (1) for Building 2.

4.5.2.2.3 Forklifts

Forklifts are expected to be used in the outdoor loading area of Building 1, Level 1. GHD modelled these sources using representative reference spectra. The proposed tenant has indicated that up to 4 forklifts could operate outdoors, and it is conservatively assumed that they will operate approximately 50% of any worst-case hour.

4.5.2.2.4 Truck Coupling Impulses

The proposed tenant of Building 1, Level 1, will have one shunt truck which will be utilized exclusively during the night to move trailers at the loading docks. A shunt truck will couple and decouple from trailers at the docks and trailer parking areas, which is a source of impulse noise. Shunt truck coupling/decoupling impulse noise levels were evaluated based on source sound levels measured by GHD from past projects. The shunt truck is expected to couple/decouple from trailers up to 2 times per hour between the hours of 12 AM and 5AM.

Heavy trucks will also couple and decouple from trailers at the docks and trailer parking areas, which is a source of impulse noise, with all impulse sources shown in Figure 4.2. Truck coupling/decoupling impulse noise levels were evaluated based on source sound levels measured by GHD from past projects.

Table 4.6 below summarizes the shunt truck and heavy truck impulse noise emissions expected to occur during the worst-case hours:

Type of Vehicle	Noise Source	Truck Movements (worst-case hour)		
	IDs	Day (7a.m. to 11 p.m.)	Night (11 p.m. to 7 a.m.)	
Shunt Truck at Loading Docks of Building 1, Level 1	i01, i02	0	2	
Heavy Trucks at Loading Docks of Building 1, Level 1	i07 – i14	8	6	
Heavy Trucks at Loading Docks of Building 1, Level 2	i15 – i19	5	0	
Heavy Trucks at Loading Docks of Building 2	i03, i04	2	0	
Heavy Trucks at Loading Docks of Building 3	i05, i06	2	0	

4.5.2.3 Unmitigated Noise Prediction Results

4.5.2.3.1 Steady Unmitigated

Based on the assumptions described above, the predicted worst-case steady noise levels are summarized as follows:

Table 4.7 Predicted Unmitigated Steady State Noise Levels

POR ID	Predicted Noise Level (dBA)		Sound Level Limits (dBA)			Limits Exceeded?	
	Day	Evening	Night	Day	Evening	Night	
POR-01A	49	45	43	50	50	45	No
POR-01B	50	46		50	45		Yes
POR-02A	47	46	43	54	52	45	No
POR-02B	47	46		55	53		No
POR-03A	49	47	46	50	50	45	Yes
POR-03B	48	46	44	50	48		No
POR-04	45	45	42	50	50	45	No
POR-05A	45	44	41	50	50	45	No
POR-05B	45	44		50	45		No

POR ID	R ID Predicted Noise Level (dBA)		So	ound Level Limi	Limits Exceeded?		
	Day	Evening	Night	Day	Evening	Night	
POR-06A	44	44	41	50	50	45	No
POR-06B	45	45		50	45		No
POR-07A	47	46	43	50	50	45	No
POR-07B	46	46		50	45		Yes
POR-08A	46	46	43	50	50	45	No
POR-08B	45	45		50	45		No
POR-09A	45	45	42	50	50	45	No
POR-09B	43	43		50	45		No
POR-10A	49	47	46	51	50	45	Yes
POR-10B	48	45		50	48		No
POR-11	46	45	42	50	50	45	No

As seen above, predicted steady noise levels produced by the Development slightly exceed the applicable sound limits at POR-01B, POR-03A, POR-07B, and POR-10A. Therefore, noise controls are required to achieve compliance with steady sound level limits of NPC-300 based on the assumptions stated in this Study.

4.5.2.3.2 Impulse Unmitigated

The predicted worst-case daytime hour includes 17 transport truck impulses; and the predicted worst-case nighttime hour includes 2 shunt truck and 6 transport truck couplings (8 impulses total). The unmitigated impulse noise prediction results are summarized as follows:

Table 4.8 Predicted Unmitigated Impulse Noise

POR ID	Predicted Noise Level (L _{LM} , dBAI)		Sound L	evel Limits (L _{LM} , dBAI)	Limits Exceeded?
	Day	Night	Day	Night	
POR-01A	27	38	50	50	No
POR-01B	29		50		No
POR-02A	49	51	50	50	Yes
POR-02B	50		50		No
POR-03A	50	54	50	50	Yes
POR-03B	50		50		No
POR-04	38	46	50	50	No
POR-05A	36	34	50	50	No
POR-05B	36		50		No
POR-06A	39	39	50	50	No
POR-06B	41		50		No
POR-07A	43	43	50	50	No
POR-07B	42		50		No
POR-08A	44	43	50	50	No
POR-08B	43		50		No
POR-09A	35	45	50	50	No

POR ID	Predicted Noise Level (L _{LM} , dBAI)		Sound Level L	imits (L _{LM} , dBAI)	Limits Exceeded?
	Day	Night	Day	Night	
POR-09B	32		50		No
POR-10A	48	52	50	50	Yes
POR-10B	47		50		No
POR-11	28	36	50	50	No

As seen above, the worst-case predicted impulse noise levels exceed the applicable impulse sound level limits at POR-02A, POR-03A, and POR-10A based on the expected frequency of truck coupling/decoupling impulse noises (i.e., 9 or more per hour during the day, and up to 8 per hour at night). Therefore, noise controls are required to achieve compliance with the impulse sound level limits of NPC-300 based on the assumptions stated in this Study.

4.5.2.4 Preliminary Noise Control Recommendations

4.5.2.4.1 Steady Noise Controls

GHD has evaluated noise impacts based on the best information available at the time of writing. However, it is possible that the modelled noise sources do not encompass the full scope of equipment that will be used by the future tenants of the Development. Therefore, should there be any additional outdoor/rooftop equipment added to the Development, GHD recommends that this study be updated accordingly. At a minimum, GHD recommends the following noise mitigation measures to help ensure there are no noise issues resulting in incompatibility with nearby sensitive uses:

- Mechanical equipment on the roof of Building 1 should be designed/selected with sound power levels equivalent or less than those of the HVAC units assumed in this Study (i.e., 90 dBA). Depending on the specific make and model of the HVAC units, this may require equipment upgrades such as low-noise condenser fans and silencers for inlets and exhausts. Note that for larger quantities of sources, equipment sound power level requirements would need to be more stringent.
- Mechanical equipment on the roofs of Buildings 2 and 3 should be designed/selected with sound power levels equivalent or less than those of the HVAC units assumed in this Study (i.e., 94 dBA). Depending on the specific make and model of the HVAC units, this may require equipment upgrades such as low-noise condenser fans and silencers for inlets and exhausts. Note that for larger quantities of sources, equipment sound power level requirements would need to be more stringent.
- Larger mechanical cooling equipment (e.g., chillers, cooling towers, dry coolers) may require physical noise mitigation in the form of acoustic barriers, silencers, etc. to achieve compliance, subject to further detailed assessment.

4.5.2.4.2 Impulse Noise Controls

GHD has evaluated noise impacts based on the best information available at the time of writing. However, it is possible that the modelled noise sources do not encompass the full scope of equipment that will be used by the future tenants of the Development. Therefore, should there be any additional truck coupling/decoupling movements be added to the Development, GHD recommends that this study be updated accordingly.

Based on observations of other facilities there are several factors affecting the shunting noise, including the ramp approach angles on the shunt, speed of the shunt truck, and the height at which the trailer is resting before the shunt trucks approach the trailer. If the trailer is lower than normal, then the fifth wheel of the shunt truck must lift the trailer, which causes the fifth wheel to pivot and slap the stops under the trailer. Observations with the trailer raised to a level height showed significant noise reductions. At a minimum, GHD recommends the following cumulative administrative measures to reduce noise from shunting operations to help ensure there are no noise issues resulting in incompatibility with nearby sensitive uses:

- Initiate driver training program in which drivers are instructed how to drive the shunt trucks and connect/disconnect trailers in a careful manner and with full consideration of noise emissions from the Development to nearby residences.
- When possible, ensure that any trailers dropped on the site to be moved by shunt trucks are maintained at a level height of approximately 47" to ensure the fifth wheel can access the coupling mechanism without lifting the trailer.

The implementation of these controls provides a 10 to 15 dB reduction in the impulse noise emissions associated with shunt activities at the Facility.

4.5.2.5 Mitigated Noise Prediction Results

4.5.2.5.1 Steady Mitigated

Based on the mitigation measures described above, the predicted worst-case steady noise levels at the worst-case PORs surrounding the Development are summarized in the table below:

Table 4.9 Predicted Mitigated Steady State Noise Levels

POR ID	Pı	Predicted Noise Level (dBA)			ound Level Lim	Limits Exceeded?	
	Day	Evening	Night	Day	Evening	Night	
POR-01A	48	44	44	50	50	45	No
POR-01B	50	45		50	45		No
POR-02A	46	45	43	54	52	45	No
POR-02B	47	45		55	53		No
POR-03A	48	46	45	50	50	45	No
POR-03B	47	45		50	48		No
POR-04	45	45	42	50	50	45	No
POR-05A	43	42	40	50	50	45	No
POR-05B	43	42		50	45		No
POR-06A	43	42	40	50	50	45	No
POR-06B	44	44		50	45		No
POR-07A	46	45	43	50	50	45	No
POR-07B	45	44		50	45		No
POR-08A	46	45	43	50	50	45	No
POR-08B	45	44		50	45		No
POR-09A	45	45	42	50	50	45	No
POR-09B	43	43		50	45		No
POR-10A	48	45	45	51	50	45	No
POR-10B	48	44		50	48		No
POR-11	44	43	41	50	50	45	No

As seen above, predicted steady noise levels produced by the Development are within the applicable sound level limits at all PORs surrounding the Development. Noise contour plots (day and night) are included in Figure 4.4, inclusive of mitigation measures.

4.5.2.5.2 Impulse Mitigated

The predicated mitigated worst-case impulsive noise levels at the worst-case PORs surrounding the Development are summarized in the table below:

Table 4.10 Predicted Transport Truck Impulsive Noise

POR ID	Predicted	Predicted Noise Level (L _{LM} , dBAI)		evel Limits (L _{LM} , dBAI)	Limits Exceeded?
	Day	Night	Day	Night	
POR-01A	27	30	50	50	No
POR-01B	29		50		No
POR-02A	49	47	50	50	No
POR-02B	50		50		No
POR-03A	50	50	50	50	No
POR-03B	50		50		No
POR-04	38	40	50	50	No
POR-05A	36	26	50	50	No
POR-05B	36		50		No
POR-06A	39	33	50	50	No
POR-06B	41		50		No
POR-07A	43	40	50	50	No
POR-07B	42		50		No
POR-08A	44	39	50	50	No
POR-08B	43		50		No
POR-09A	35	37	50	50	No
POR-09B	32		50		No
POR-10A	48	49	50	50	No
POR-10B	47		50		No
POR-11	28	29	50	50	No

As seen above, predicted impulse noise levels from the Development are within the applicable sound level limits at all PORs surrounding the Development with the recommended mitigation measures. Figure 4.5 shows the mitigated impulse noise contours.

5. Recommendations

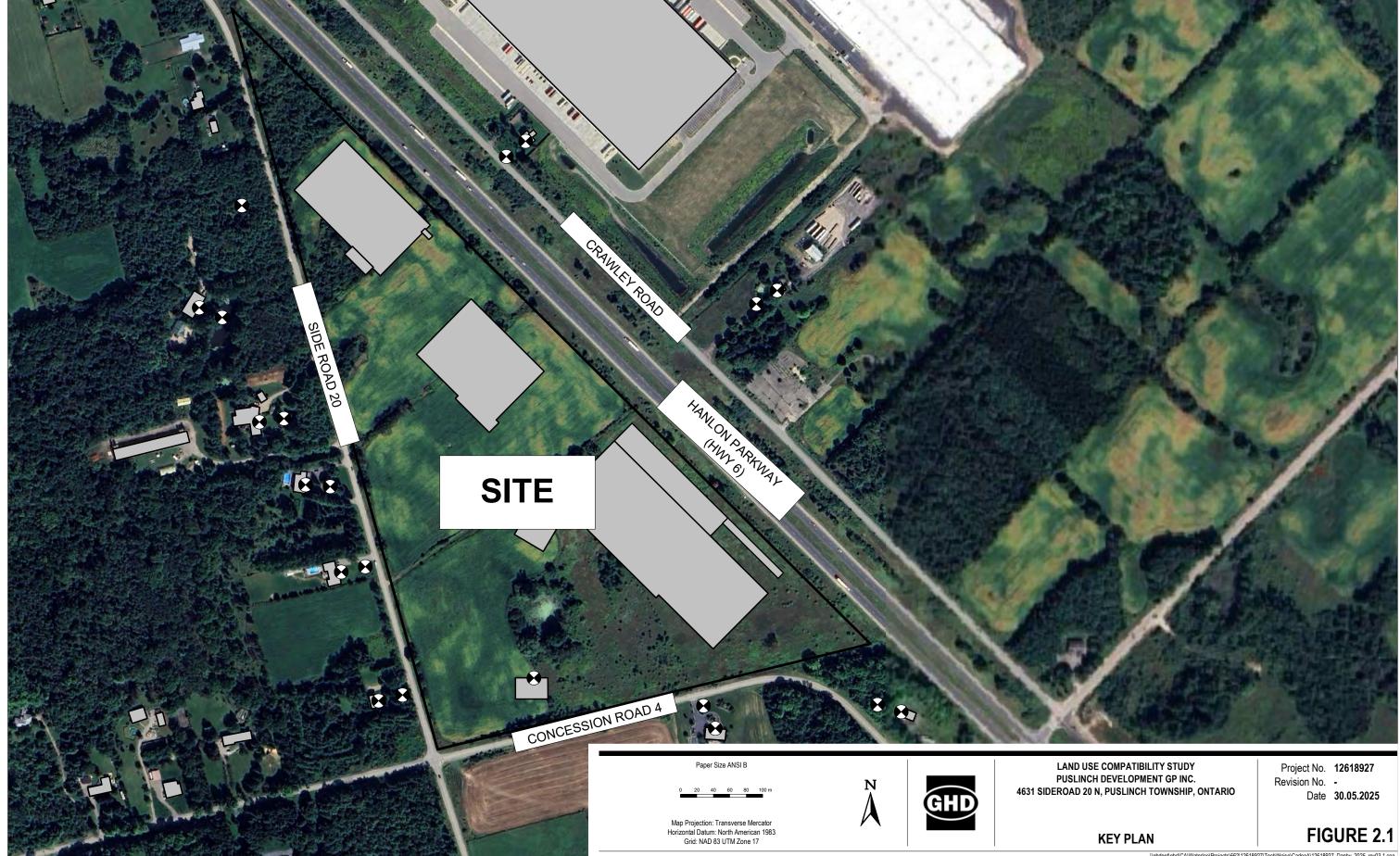
This Study includes preliminary noise control recommendations, which are anticipated to be sufficient to achieve compliance with the sound level limits of NPC-300 based on the information available at the time of writing. Final noise control requirements may differ, subject to reassessment during the site plan application or detailed design phases. The preliminary noise control recommendations are described in Section 4.5.2.4 of this Study, which include equipment sound power level performance specifications for the rooftop equipment of Building 1 and recommended standard operating procedures for the shunt truck.

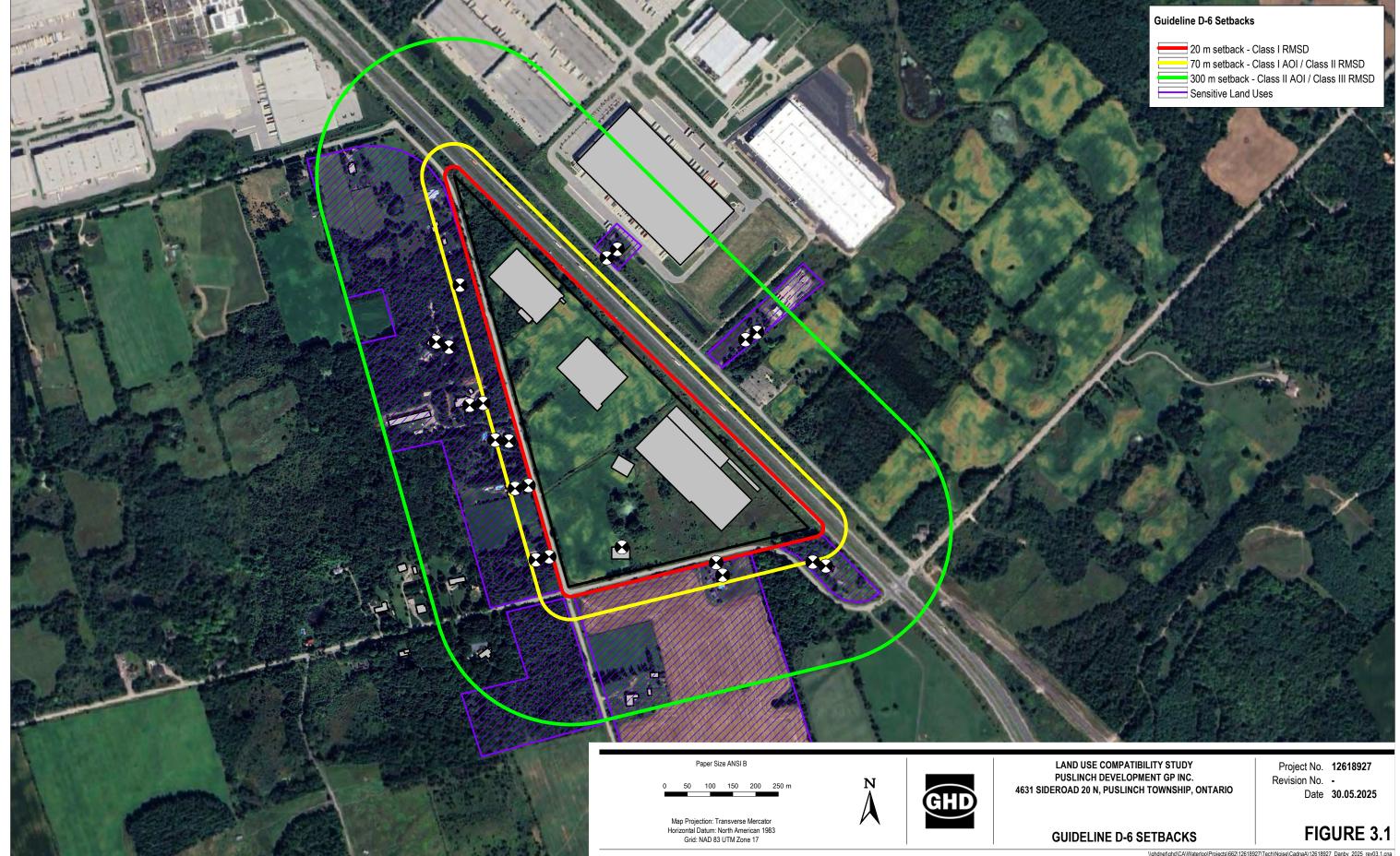
6. Conclusions

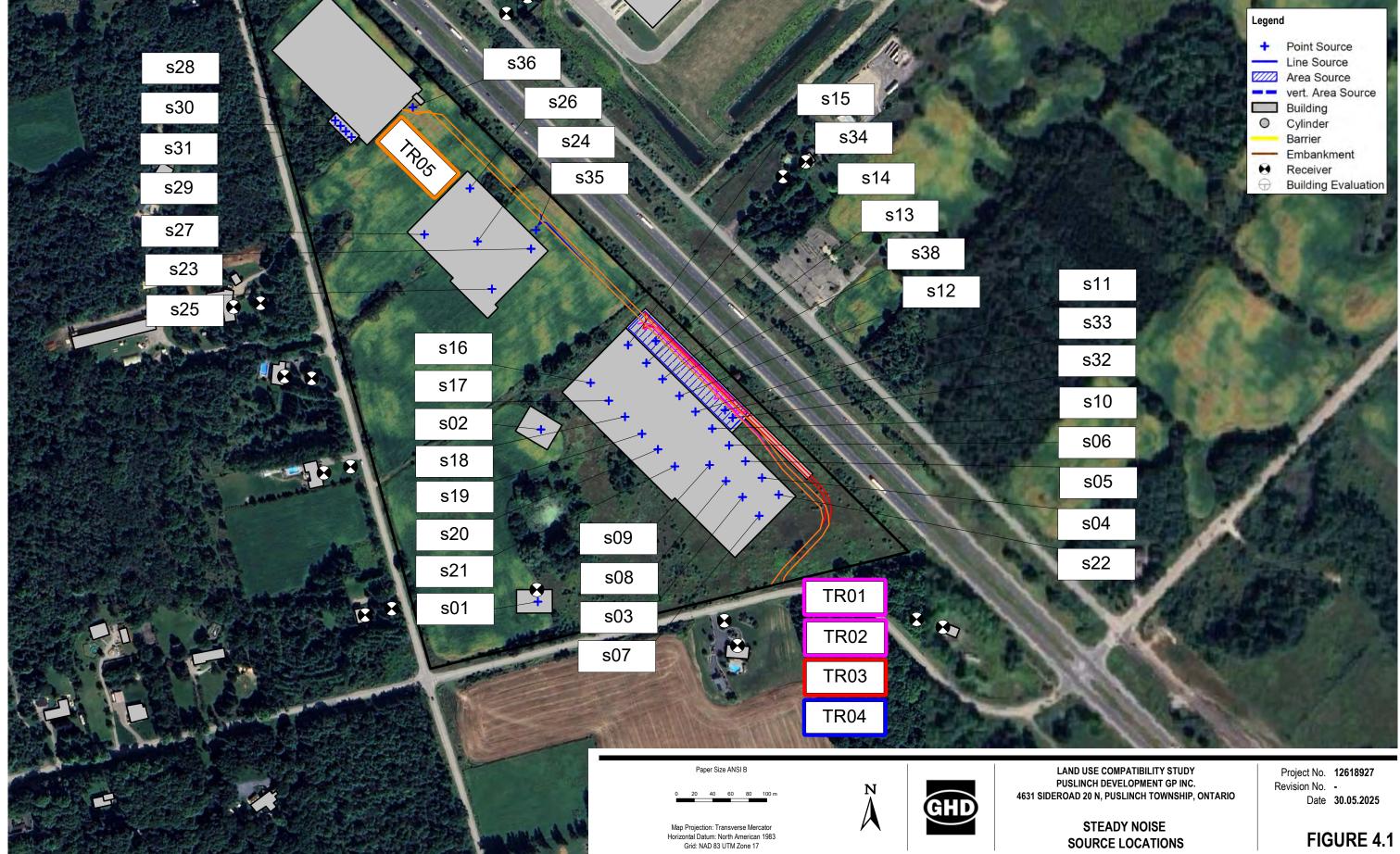
It is GHD's opinion that the proposed development is feasible and is not anticipated to result in land use compatibility issues with respect to air quality, odour, dust, noise, or vibration emissions, provided that appropriate noise controls are incorporated into the design. This Study includes preliminary noise controls described in Section 4.5.2.4, which are predicted to be sufficient to achieve compliance with the sound level limits of NPC-300 at the nearby PORs based on the current concept and available information. Further assessments may be carried out during the site plan application and/or detailed design phases to refine the noise control requirements.

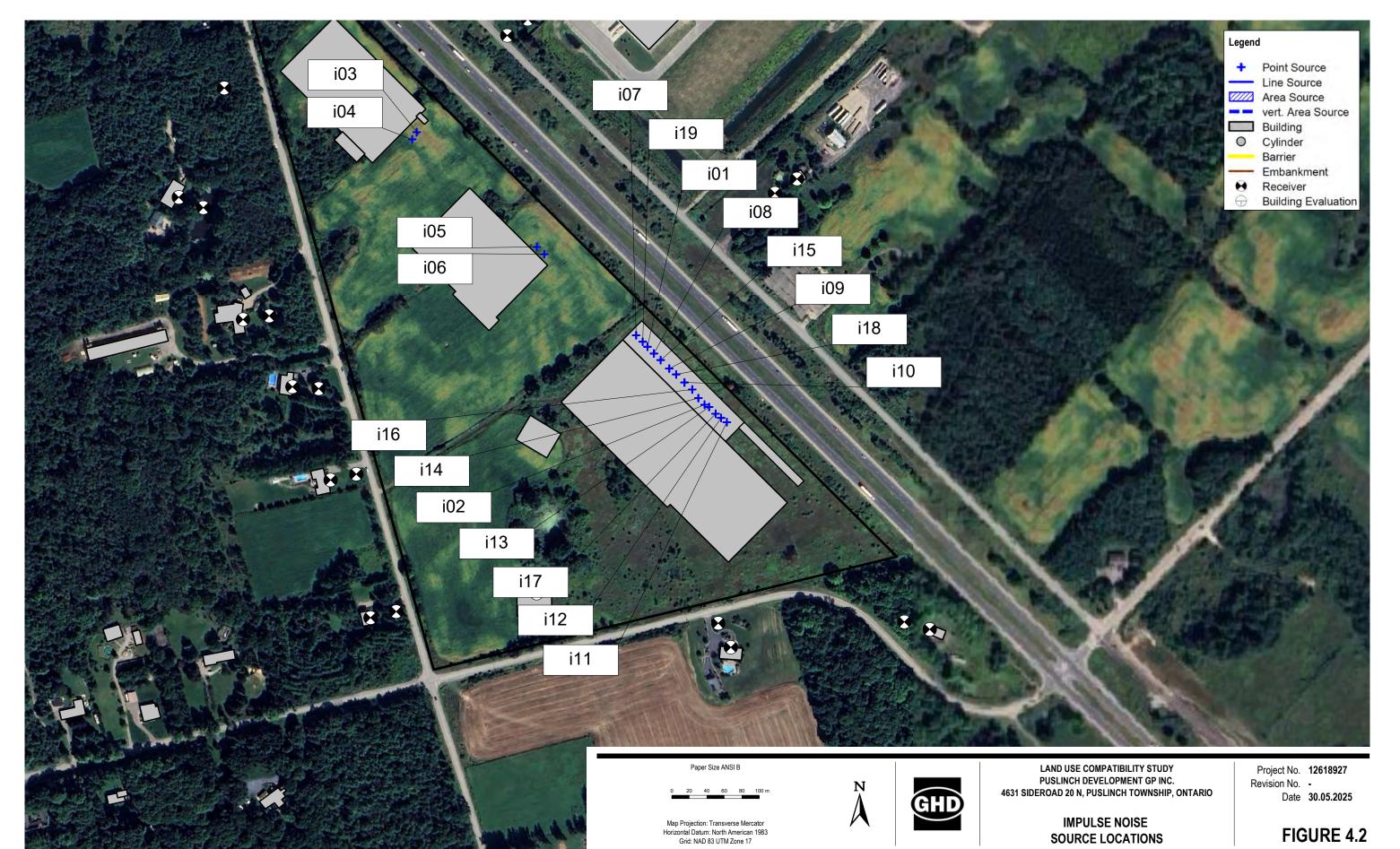
7. References

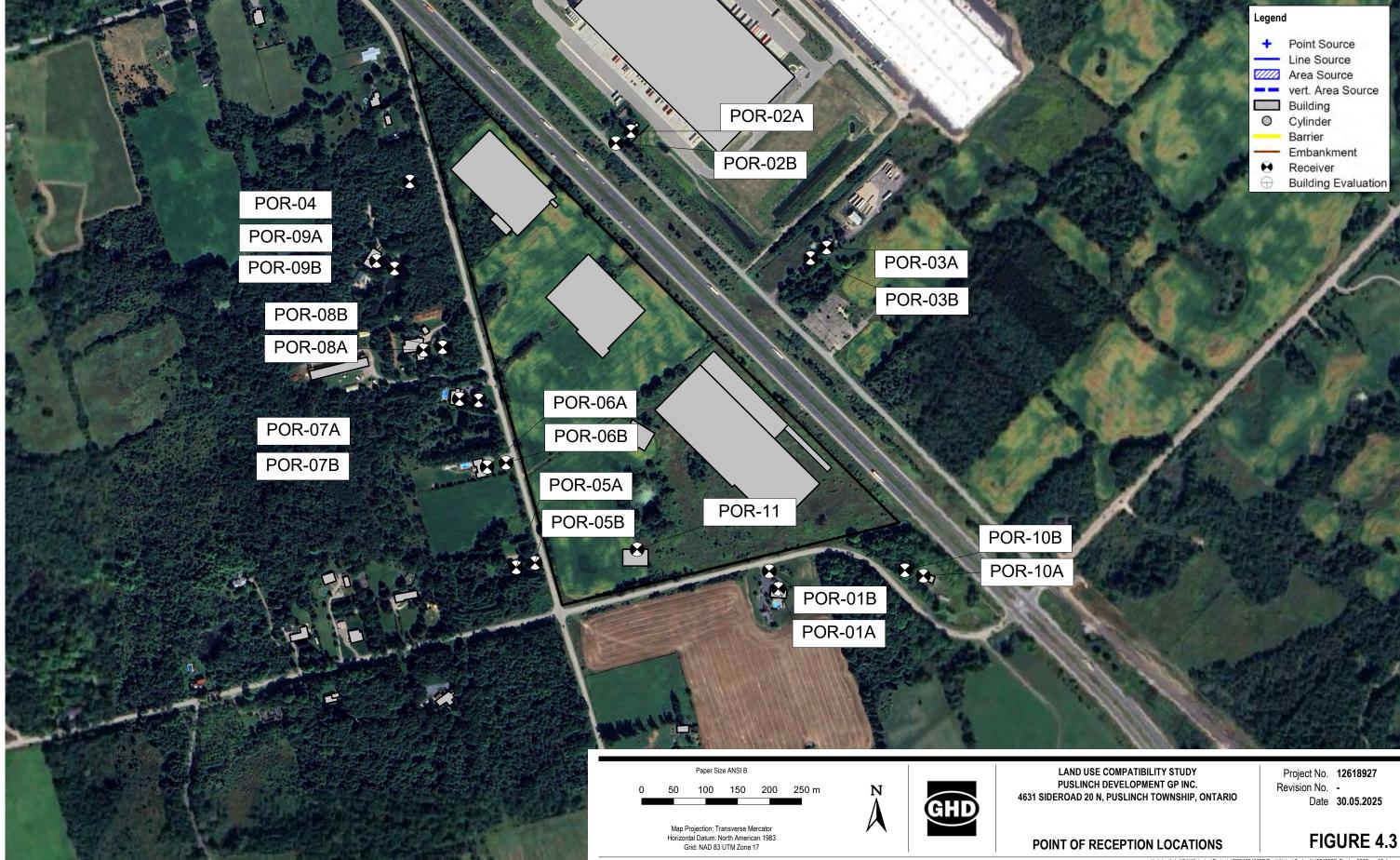
- The Corporation of the Township of Puslinch (Puslinch, 6001-24), Noise By-Law Number 6001-24
- International Organization for Standardization (ISO, 2024), ISO 9613-2: 2024: Acoustics Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration. (OSHA, 1970). Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970: *General Duty Clause*, Section 5(a)(1)
- Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, 1995), Guideline D-6: Compatibility Between Industrial Facilities and Sensitive Land Uses
- Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, 2013), Publication NPC-300: *Environmental Noise Guideline: Stationary and Transportation Sources Approval and Planning*
- Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, 2021), Ontario Regulation 1/17: Environmental Activity and Sector Registry Limits and other requirements for activities with air emissions
- Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, 2025) Environmental Protection Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. E.19: Ontario Regulation 419/05 Air Pollution Local Air Quality
- Ontario Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing (MMAH, 2024), Provincial Planning Statement, 2024

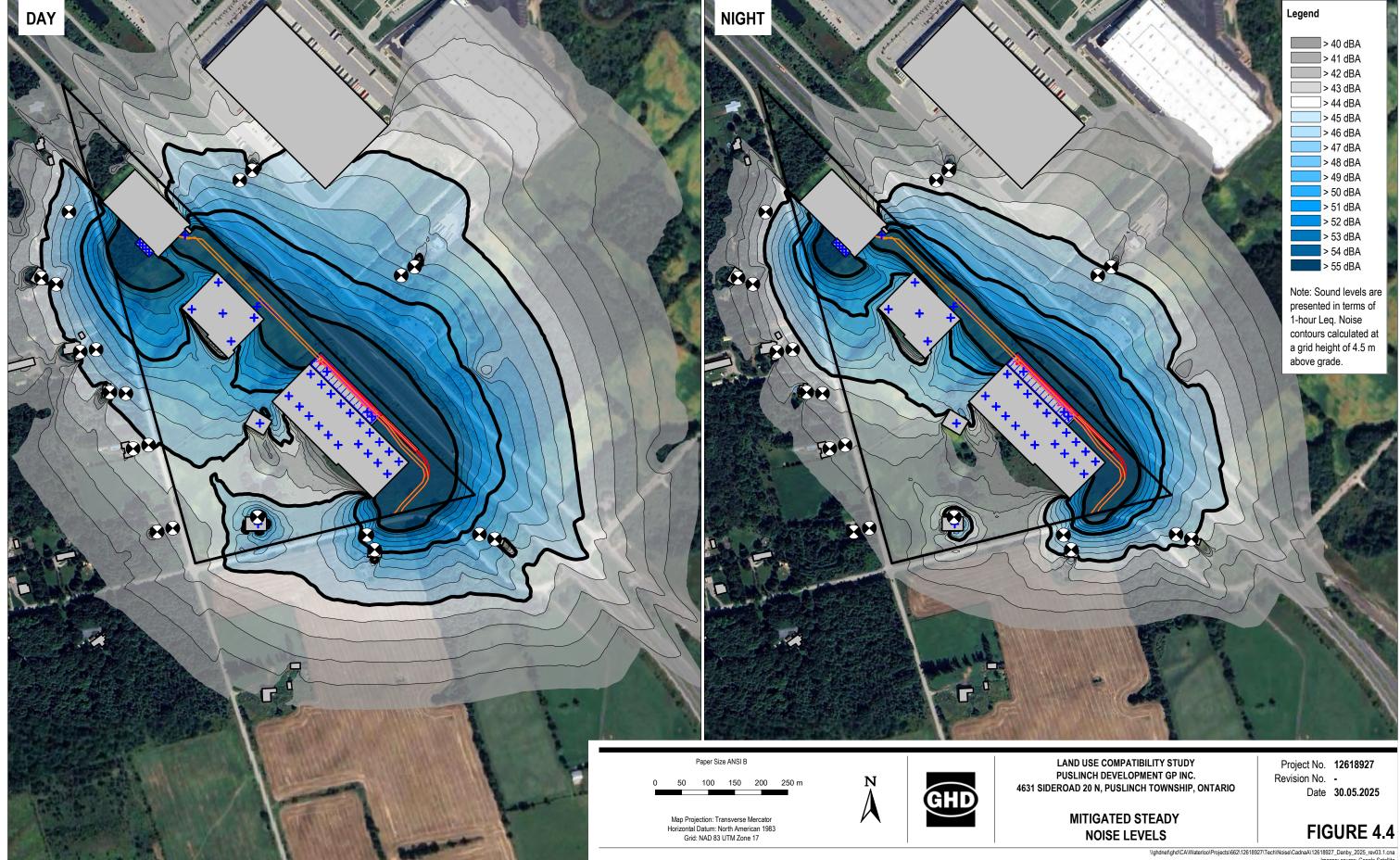


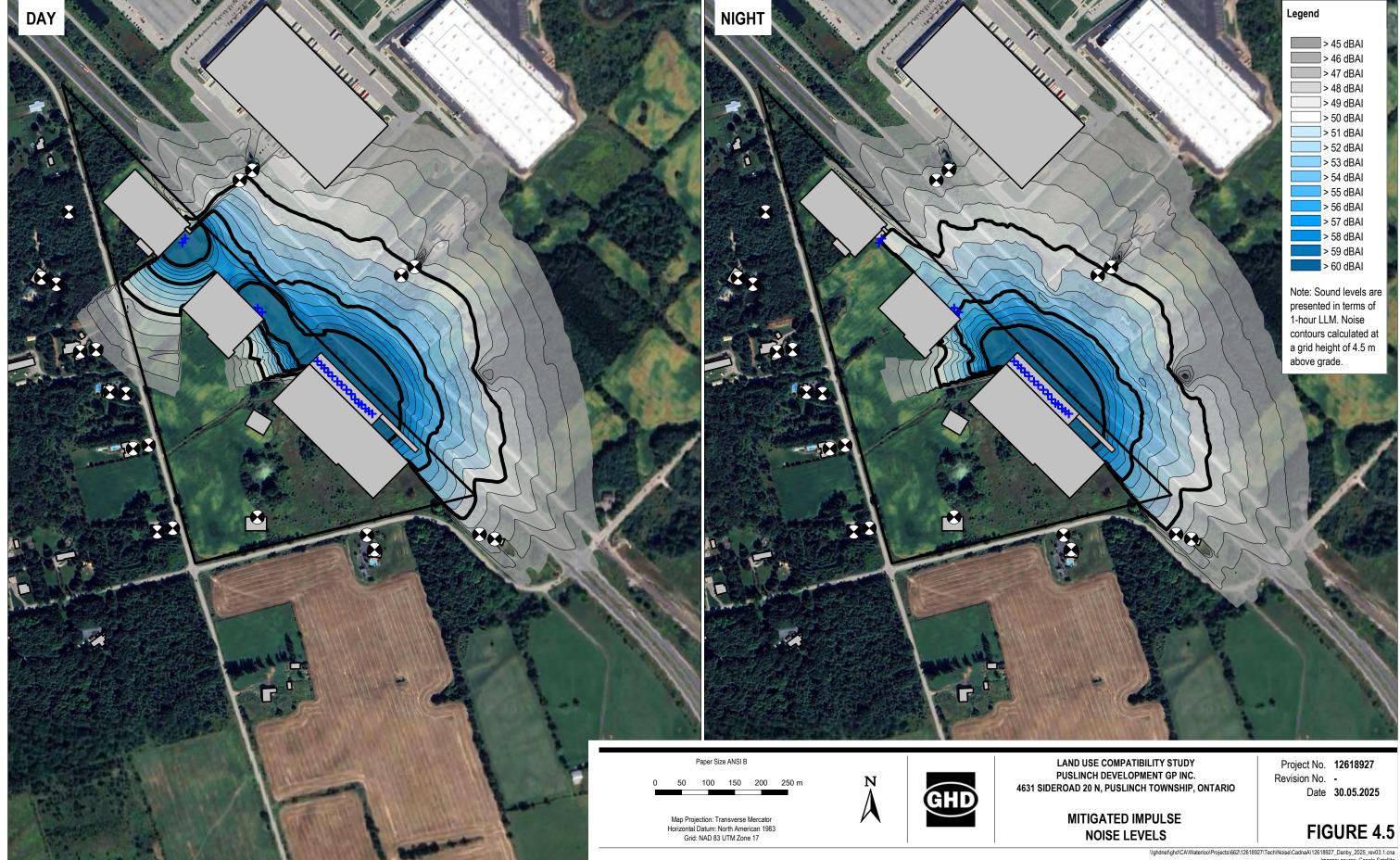








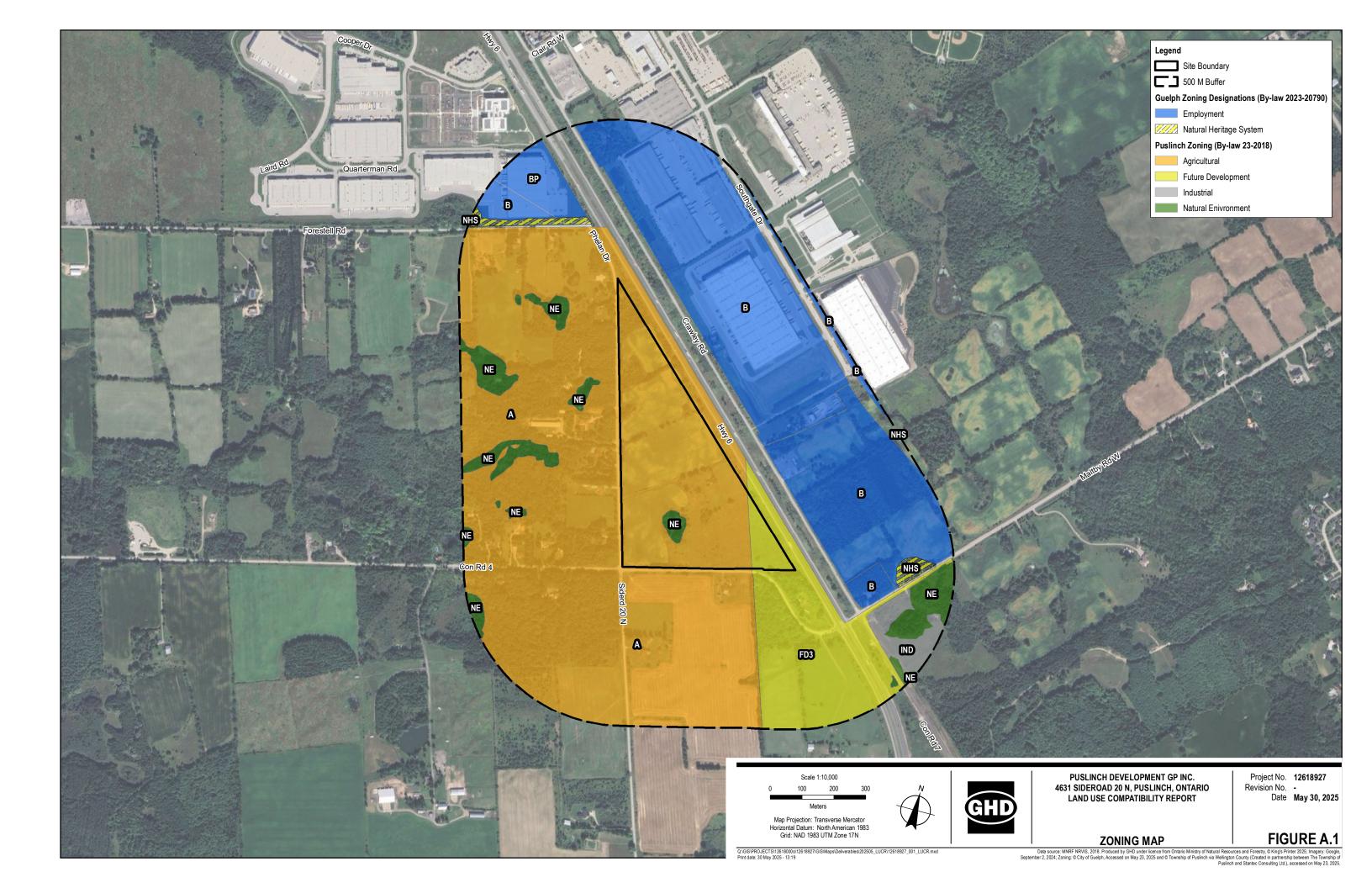


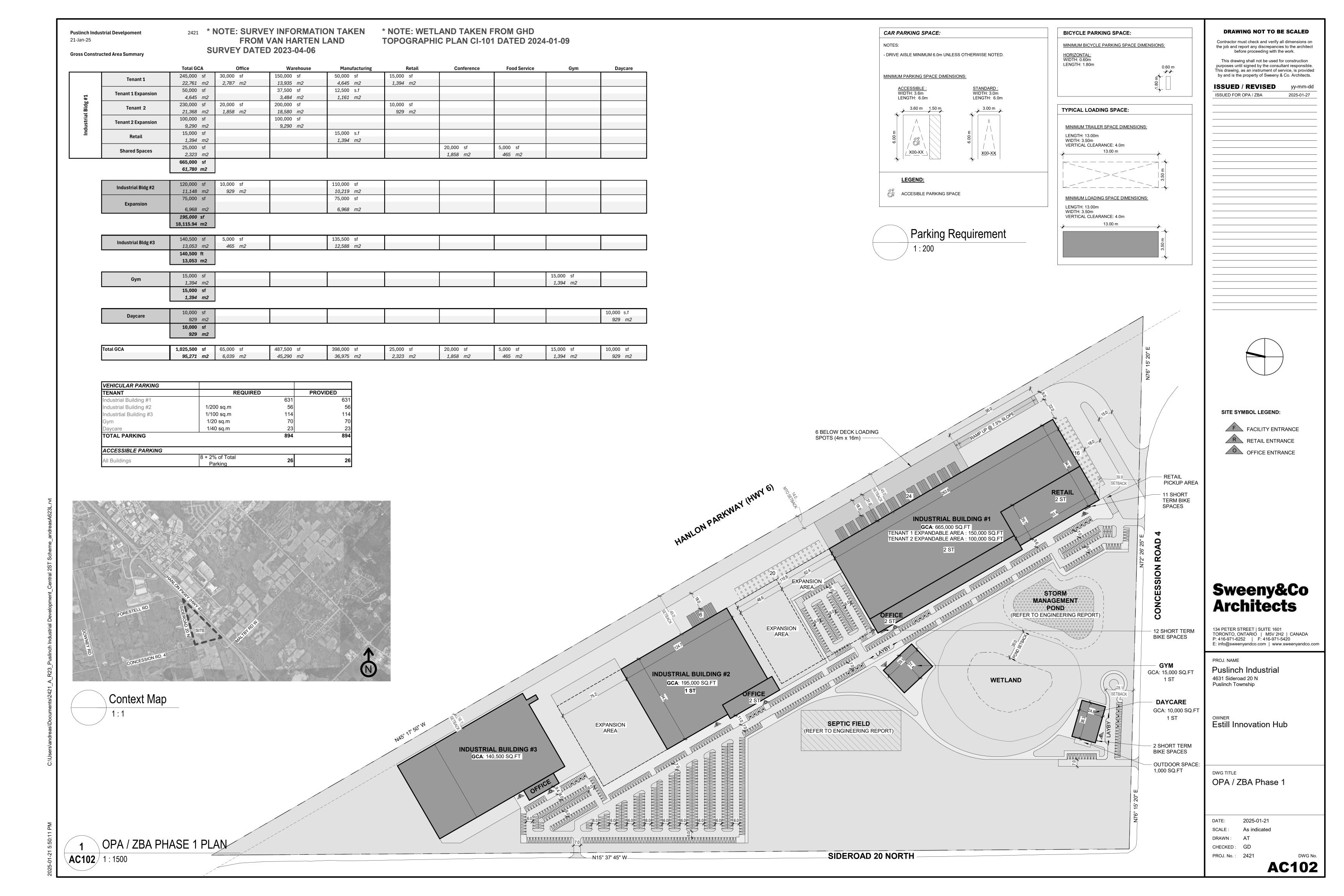


Appendices

Appendix A

Zoning Map and Site Plan





Appendix B Sample STAMSON Calculation

STAMSON 5.0 SUMMARY REPORT Date: 29-05-2025 08:44:47 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: danbyDay.te Time Period: 1 hours

Description: 264 Crawley Road, Minimum daytime, southwest facade 4.5m AB

Road data, segment # 1: Highway 6N

182 Car traffic volume : veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 6
Heavy truck volume : 10
Posted speed limit : 80
Road gradient : 0 veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod

km/h

Road pavement (Typical asphalt or concrete) 1

Data for Segment # 1: Highway 6N

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0

Surface (Absorptive ground surface) 1

85.60 Receiver source distance Receiver height 4.50

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography

Reference angle 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: Highway 6S

Car traffic volume : 180 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 6
Heavy truck volume : 10
Posted speed limit : 80
Road gradient : 0 veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod

km/h Road gradient 0 %

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Data for Segment # 2: Highway 6S

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0

Surface 1 (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 110.50 m Receiver height 4.50

Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) 1

0.00 Reference angle

Result summary

!	source	! Road	! Total
!	height	! Leq	! Leq
!	(m)	! (dBA)	! (dBA)
1.Highway 6N !	1.50	! 52.34	! 52.34
2.Highway 6S !	1.50	! 50.60	! 50.60
TOTAL Leq FRC	M ALL SOUR	Total CES:	54.57 dBA 54.57

STAMSON 5.0 SUMMARY REPORT Date: 26-05-2025 11:53:56 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: danbyEve.te Time Period: 1 hours

Description: 264 Crawley Road, Minimum Eve, southwest 4.5m AB

Road data, segment # 1: Highway 6N

Car traffic volume : 127

veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 4
Heavy truck volume : 7
Posted speed limit : 80
Road gradient : 0 veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod

km/h

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Data for Segment # 1: Highway 6N

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0

Surface (Absorptive ground surface) 1

85.60 Receiver source distance Receiver height 4.50

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography

0.00 Reference angle

Road data, segment # 2: Highway 6S

Car traffic volume : 127

Medium truck volume : 4

Heavy truck volume : 7

Posted speed limit : 80

Road gradient : 0 veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod

km/h

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Data for Segment # 2: Highway 6S

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0

Surface 1 (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 110.50 m Receiver height 4.50

Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) 1

0.00 Reference angle

Result summary

	! source	! Road	! Total
	! height	! Leq	! Leq
	! (m)	! (dBA)	! (dBA)
1.Highway 6N	! 1.50	! 50.76	! 50.76
2.Highway 6S	! 1.50	! 49.02	! 49.02
		-+ Total	52.99 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES:

52.99

STAMSON 5.0 SUMMARY REPORT Date: 26-05-2025 11:54:44 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: danbyNig.te Time Period: 1 hours

Description: 264 Crawley Road, Minimum Night, Southwest façade 4.5m AB

Road data, segment # 1: Highway 6N

45 veh/TimePeriod Car traffic volume : 2 veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod

Medium truck volume : 2
Heavy truck volume : 2
Posted speed limit : 80
Road gradient : 0 km/h Road gradient

Road pavement (Typical asphalt or concrete) 1

Data for Segment # 1: Highway 6N

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0

Surface (Absorptive ground surface) 1

Receiver source distance 85.60 Receiver height 4.50

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography

Reference angle 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: Highway 6S

Car traffic volume : 45 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume :
Heavy truck volume :
Posted speed limit : 2 veh/TimePeriod 2 veh/TimePeriod

80 km/h Road gradient 0

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Data for Segment # 2: Highway 6S

Angle1 Angle2 -90.00 deg 90.00 deg (No woods.) Wood depth 0

No of house rows 0

(Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1

Receiver source distance 110.50 m Receiver height 4.50

Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) 1

0.00 Reference angle

Result summary

! h	ource!	Road	! Total
	eight!	Leq	! Leq
	m)!	(dBA)	! (dBA)
5 7	1.42 !	45.96	! 45.96
	1.42 !	44.21	! 44.21
TOTAL Leg FROM	=	otal S:	48.18 dBA 48.18

Appendix C Traffic Data



TES - Traffic Engineering System

ICS Weekly Volume Summary

Hwy: 6 TS: 145 Start: 13595.0000 End: 13599.0000

Btwn.: **HWY 401**

Pattern: ${\bf C}$ PDCS: ${\bf 90}$

 Regn:
 WR
 Pattern:
 C
 PDCS:
 90
 Factor:
 1.03

 ICS:
 145
 LHRS:
 13595
 Locn:
 2.900 KM N OF W JCT HWY 401-M/C FRWY IC

Dir: Combined Lanes: 4 Speed: 80 km/h Dates: 10-Nov-2019 to 17-Nov-2019

Summary

	11/10	11/11	11/12	11/13	11/14	11/15	11/16	11/17
Part of Day	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
AM		10,994	11,436	12,565	12,361	12,747	7,852	6,145
PM	16,203	10,313	15,629	16,777	17,586	19,225	15,957	
24-hour Total	16,203	21,307	27,065	29,342	29,947	31,972	23,809	6,145
Noon - Noon		27197	21749	28194	29138	30333	27077	22102

Peak Hour	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
AM		2065	2133	2292	2308	2249	1058	600
Mid-Day	1796	1239	1566	1616	1714	1967	1778	1561
PM	1793	1335	2127	2442	2347	2482	1840	

ADT	AWD	AADT	SADT	SAWDT	WADT	DHV	% Trucks	AADTT
26541	27354	27331	29958	29787	24667	1509	8.2%	2250

Dir. Split	Highest Dir.	Trk Dir. Split	Trk Highest Dir.
50%	NB	50%	NB

Data collection note:
Note / Comment:



TES - Traffic Engineering System ICS Weekly Volume Summary

Hwy: 6 TS: 145 Start: 13595.0000 End: 13599.0000

Btwn.: **HWY 401**

and: LAIRD RD

 Regn:
 WR
 Pattern:
 C
 PDCS:
 90
 Factor:
 1.03

 ICS:
 145
 LHRS:
 13595
 Locn:
 2.900 KM N OF W JCT HWY 401-M/C FRWY IC

Dir: N Lanes: 2 Speed: 80 km/h Dates: 10-Nov-2019 to 17-Nov-2019

		11/	10	11/11	1:	1/12	11/1	13	11/	14	11/	15	11/	16	11/	17
Part of Day	Interval	Su	ın	Mon	1	Гие	We	d	Tł	ıu	Fr	i	Sa	it	Sı	ın
AM	00:00-01:00			1	42	113		136		118		146		216		21
	01:00-02:00				73	99		88		82		86		132		12
	02:00-03:00				49	58		62		49		44		74		7
	03:00-04:00				61	63		56		59		52		63		6
	04:00-05:00			1	14	90		107		87		108		53		4
	05:00-06:00			2	96	261		332		304		303		133		7
	06:00-07:00			7	76	604		744		753		739		213		10
	07:00-08:00			1,0	31	917		1,085		1,029		1,108		326		17
	08:00-09:00			1,1	22	1,278		1,238		1,301		1,224		447		25
	09:00-10:00			7	03	862		948		964		918		608		39
	10:00-11:00			5	96	767		756		755		775		712		55
	11:00-12:00			5	66	761		725		729		834		765		76
AM	Total			5,5	29	5,873		6,277		6,230		6,337		3,742		2,84
PM	12:00-13:00		827	5	64	691		774		779		833		822		
	13:00-14:00		847	6	35	802		817		842		942		885		
	14:00-15:00		841	6	56	852		890		904		1,054		949		
	15:00-16:00		828	5	94	800		938		940		1,051		902		
	16:00-17:00		901	6	44	1,107		1,151		1,076		1,162		843		
	17:00-18:00		845	7	04	1,112		1,104		1,179		1,027		766		
	18:00-19:00		694	4	68	921		784		823		832		757		
	19:00-20:00		686	3	14	596		517		743		751		677		
	20:00-21:00		764	2	69	469		535		493		559		498		
	21:00-22:00		479	2	03	388		421		419		499		419		
	22:00-23:00		376	1	47	295		319		367		377		431		
	23:00-00:00		205	1	49	198		210		222		324		320		
PM	Total		8,293	5,3	47	8,231		8,460		8,787		9,411		8,269		
24-ho	ur Total		8,293	10,8	76	14,104	1-	4,737		15,017	1	5,748	1	2,011		2,84
Noon	- Noon			13822	11220		14508		14690		15124		13153		11111	



TES - Traffic Engineering System ICS Weekly Volume Summary

and: LAIRD RD

Hwy: 6 TS: 145 Start: 13595.0000 End: 13599.0000

Btwn.: **HWY 401**

Regn: WR Pattern: C PDCS: 90 Factor: 1.03

ICS: 145 LHRS: 13595 Locn: 2.900 KM N OF W JCT HWY 401-M/C FRWY IC

Dir: S Lanes: 2 Speed: 80 km/h Dates: 10-Nov-2019 to 17-Nov-2019

		11/10	11/11	11/12	11/13	11/14	11/15	11/16	11/17
Part of Day	Interval	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
AM	00:00-01:00		85	109	142	125	128	193	131
	01:00-02:00		51	74	73	86	74	79	71
	02:00-03:00		48	52	53	72	85	80	92
	03:00-04:00		57	75	79	57	81	50	48
	04:00-05:00		191	186	162	170	158	81	77
	05:00-06:00		469	414	475	496	457	159	101
	06:00-07:00		856	772	947	871	835	255	115
	07:00-08:00		1,034	972	1,186	1,147	1,132	341	221
	08:00-09:00		863	855	1,054	1,007	1,025	611	343
	09:00-10:00		607	718	759	745	782	662	569
	10:00-11:00		602	653	658	648	800	798	737
	11:00-12:00		602	683	700	707	853	801	798
AM	Total		5,465	5,563	6,288	6,131	6,410	4,110	3,303
PM	12:00-13:00	919	584	723	738	808	890	867	
	13:00-14:00	949	604	764	799	872	1,025	893	
	14:00-15:00	1,000	662	865	904	1,004	1,097	837	
	15:00-16:00	862	741	1,027	1,180	1,149	1,298	938	
	16:00-17:00	892	620	1,020	1,291	1,271	1,320	903	
	17:00-18:00	802	517	782	1,058	1,047	1,132	787	
	18:00-19:00	710	337	633	657	706	956	700	
	19:00-20:00	619	263	436	455	531	625	556	
	20:00-21:00	498	177	402	386	500	456	363	
	21:00-22:00	300	167	314	369	381	380	340	
	22:00-23:00	240	129	217	244	273	329	273	
	23:00-00:00	119	165	215	236	257	306	231	
PM	Total	7,910	4,966	7,398	8,317	8,799	9,814	7,688	
24-ho	ur Total	7,910	10,431	12,961	14,605	14,930	16,224	11,798	3,303
Noon	- Noon		13375	10529	13686	14448	15209	13924	10991



TES - Traffic Engineering System ICS Weekly Volume Summary

Hwy: 6 TS: 145 Start: 13595.0000 End: 13599.0000

Btwn.: **HWY 401**

Regn: WR

401 and: LAIRD RD
Pattern: C PDCS: 90 Factor: 1.03

ICS: 145 LHRS: 13595 Locn: 2.900 KM N OF W JCT HWY 401-M/C FRWY IC

Dir: Combined Lanes: 4 Speed: 80 km/h Dates: 10-Nov-2019 to 17-Nov-2019

		11/10	11/1	1	11/12	11,	/13	11/	14	11/	15	11/	16	11/	17
Part of Day	Interval	Sun	Mor	ı	Tue	W	ed	Th	ıu	Fı	1	Sa	at	Su	n
AM	00:00-01:00			227	222		278		243		274		409		34
	01:00-02:00			124	173		161		168		160		211		19
	02:00-03:00			97	110		115		121		129		154		17
	03:00-04:00			118	138		135		116		133		113		11
	04:00-05:00			305	276		269		257		266		134		12
	05:00-06:00			765	675		807		800		760		292		17
	06:00-07:00			1,632	1,376		1,691		1,624		1,574		468		22
	07:00-08:00		2	2,065	1,889		2,271		2,176		2,240		667		39
	08:00-09:00			1,985	2,133		2,292		2,308		2,249		1,058		60
	09:00-10:00			1,310	1,580		1,707		1,709		1,700		1,270		96
	10:00-11:00			1,198	1,420		1,414		1,403		1,575		1,510		1,29
	11:00-12:00			1,168	1,444		1,425		1,436		1,687		1,566		1,56
AM	Total		10	,994	11,436		12,565	1	2,361	1	12,747		7,852		6,14
PM	12:00-13:00	1,746		1,148	1,414		1,512		1,587		1,723		1,689		
	13:00-14:00	1,796	1	,239	1,566		1,616		1,714		1,967		1,778		
	14:00-15:00	1,84		1,318	1,717		1,794		1,908		2,151		1,786		
	15:00-16:00	1,690	1	,335	1,827		2,118		2,089		2,349		1,840		
	16:00-17:00	1,793		1,264	2,127		2,442		2,347		2,482		1,746		
	17:00-18:00	1,647	,	1,221	1,894		2,162		2,226		2,159		1,553		
	18:00-19:00	1,404	ı	805	1,554		1,441		1,529		1,788		1,457		
	19:00-20:00	1,305	5	577	1,032		972		1,274		1,376		1,233		
	20:00-21:00	1,262	2	446	871		921		993		1,015		861		
	21:00-22:00	779		370	702		790		800		879		759		
	22:00-23:00	616	6	276	512		563		640		706		704		
	23:00-00:00	324	ı	314	413		446		479		630		551		
PM	Total	16,203	10),313	15,629		16,777	1	7,586	1	19,225		15,957		
24-ho	ur Total	16,203	21	,307	27,065	:	29,342	2	29,947	3	31,972	:	23,809		6,14
Noon	- Noon		27197	217	749	28194		29138		30333		27077		22102	

	ADT	AWD	AADT	SADT	SAWDT	WADT	DHV	% Trucks	AADTT
ľ	26541	27354	27331	29958	29787	24667	1509	8.2%	2250

Dir. Split	Highest Dir.	Trk Dir. Split	Trk Highest Dir.
50%	NB	50%	NB



TES - Traffic Engineering System

ICS Weekly Volume Summary

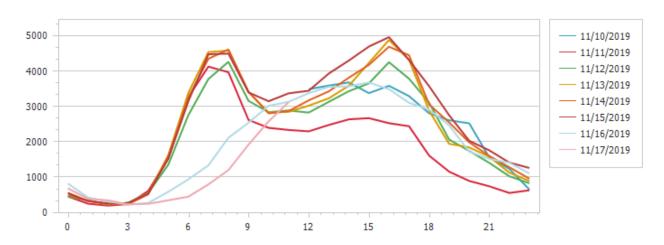
 Hwy:
 6
 TS:
 145
 Start:
 13595.0000
 End:
 13599.0000

 Btwn.:
 HWY 401
 and:
 LAIRD RD
 LAIRD RD

 Regn:
 WR
 Pattern:
 C
 PDCS:
 90
 Factor:
 1.03

 ICS:
 145
 LHRS:
 13595
 Locn:
 2.900 KM N OF W JCT HWY 401-M/C FRWY IC

Dir: Combined Lanes: 4 Speed: 80 km/h Dates: 10-Nov-2019 to 17-Nov-2019



Appendix D

Stationary Noise Model Information

Table D.1

NOISE SOURCE SOUND LEVEL SUMMARY PUSLINCH DEVELOPMENT GP INC. 4631 SIDEROAD N, PUSLINCH TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO

Cadna A ID	Noise Source Description					1/1 Octa	eve Band D	Data				Unadjusted Total Sound Power Level	Tonal Penalty Height Operating Vehicle Assessment Absolute Time Volumes Day/Eve/Night Day/Eve/Night		Volumes	Speed Reference/Comments	
		-	32	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	(dBA)	(dB	A) (m)	(min)	(veh/hr)	(km/hr)
TR01	Shunt Truck Driving (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	94.0 -39.4	97.0 -26.2	101.0 -16.1	100.0 -8.6	97.0 -3.2	93.0 0.0	90.0 1.2	83.0 1.0	76.0 -1.1	105.8					
TR02	Hoove Truck Movements (Puilding 1. Level 1) LICS	PWL (dBA) PWL (dB)	54.6 30.6	70.8 116.6	84.9	91.4 104.6	93.8 106.6	93.0 103.6	91.2 102.6	84.0 99.6	74.9 90.6	98.9 118.6	No	0 341.5	_	2/2/2	20 GHD Reference Spectra Referenced from US Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
TNUZ	Heavy Truck Movements (Building 1, Level 1) UCS	A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4	-26.2 90.4	111.6 -16.1 95.5	-8.6 96.0	-3.2 103.4	0.0 103.6	1.2 103.8	1.0 100.6	-1.1 89.5	109.5	No	0 338.5	_	8/3/6	Traffic Noise Model (TNM) Technical Manual, December 2019 20 Heavy Trucks: Cruise Throttle - TNM Technical Manual, Figure 6, p. 26
TR03	Heavy Truck Movements (Building 1, Level 2) Danby	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	30.6 -39.4	116.6 -26.2	111.6 -16.1	104.6 -8.6	106.6 -3.2	103.6	102.6	99.6 1.0	90.6 -1.1	118.6				51010	Referenced from US Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Traffic Noise Model (TNM) Technical Manual, December 2019
TR04	Heavy Truck Movements (Building 2)	PWL (dBA) PWL (dB)	30.6	90.4 116.6	95.5 111.6	96.0 104.6	103.4	103.6	103.8	100.6 99.6	89.5 90.6	109.5 118.6	No	0 338.5	_	5/0/0	20 Heavy Trucks: Cruise Throttle - TNM Technical Manual, Figure 6, p. 26 Referenced from US Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4	-26.2 90.4	-16.1 95.5	-8.6 96.0	-3.2 103.4	0.0 103.6	1.2	1.0	-1.1 89.5	109.5	No	0 341.4	_	2/2/2	Traffic Noise Model (TMM) Technical Manual, December 2019 20 Heavy Trucks: Cruise Throttle - TNM Technical Manual, Figure 6, p. 26
TR05	Heavy Truck Movements (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	30.6 -39.4 —	116.6 -26.2 90.4	111.6 -16.1 95.5	104.6 -8.6 96.0	106.6 -3.2 103.4	103.6 0.0 103.6	102.6 1.2 103.8	99.6 1.0 100.6	90.6 -1.1 89.5	118.6 109.5	No	0 341.1	_	2/2/2	Referenced from US Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Traffic Noise Model (TNM) Technical Manual, December 2019 20 Heavy Trucks: Cruise Throttle - TNM Technical Manual, Figure 6, p. 26
s01	Daycare HVAC	PWL (dB)	. 	97.6	90.4	85.7	84.8	83.9	77.5	71.3	65.8	98.9					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 71.4	-16.1 74.3	-8.6 77.1	-3.2 81.6	0.0 83.9	1.2 78.7	1.0 72.3	-1.1 64.7	87.6	No	0 340.2	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s02	Gym HVAC	PWL (dB)	_	97.6	90.4	85.7	84.8	83.9	77.5	71.3	65.8	98.9					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 71.4	-16.1 74.3	-8.6 77.1	-3.2 81.6	0.0 83.9	1.2 78.7	1.0 72.3	-1.1 64.7	87.6	No	0 345.7	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s03	HVAC Unit 1 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	-39.4	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s04	HVAC Unit 2 (Building 1)	PWL (dBA) PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5	No	0 301.3	00/00/30	_	— Gnb Releience Spectra
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s05	HVAC Unit 3 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	-39.4	98.7 -26.2	92.3 -16.1	93.8 -8.6	90.9 -3.2	89.6 0.0	85.9 1.2	80.3 1.0	74.3 -1.1	101.5					
-06	LIVAC Hait 4 (Duilding 4)	PWL (dBA) PWL (dB)	_	72.5 98.7	76.2 92.3	85.2 93.8	87.7 90.9	89.6 89.6	87.1 85.9	81.3 80.3	73.2 74.3	94.1 101.5	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s06	HVAC Unit 4 (Building 1)	A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s07	HVAC Unit 5 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s08	HVAC Unit 6 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s09	HVAC Unit 7 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s10	HVAC Unit 8 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s11	HVAC Unit 9 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5	110	0 001.0	00/00/00		CITE NOTIONAL OPERAL
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s12	HVAC Unit 10 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s13	HVAC Unit 11 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					•
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s14	HVAC Unit 12 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)	_	98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s15	HVAC Unit 13 (Building 1)	PWL (dB)		98.7	92.3	93.8	90.9	89.6	85.9	80.3	74.3	101.5					
		A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	-26.2 72.5	-16.1 76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	0.0 89.6	1.2 87.1	1.0 81.3	-1.1 73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s16	HVAC Unit 14 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	-39.4	98.7 -26.2	92.3 -16.1	93.8 -8.6	90.9 -3.2	89.6 0.0	85.9 1.2	80.3 1.0	74.3 -1.1	101.5					
		PWL (dBA)	-39.4	-26.2 72.5	76.2	-8.6 85.2	-3.2 87.7	89.6	87.1	81.3	73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s17	HVAC Unit 15 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction	-39.4	98.7 -26.2	92.3 -16.1	93.8 -8.6	90.9 -3.2	89.6 0.0	85.9 1.2	80.3 1.0	74.3 -1.1	101.5					
		PWL (dBA)	-59.4	72.5	76.2	85.2	87.7	89.6	87.1	81.3	73.2	94.1	No	0 361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra

Table D.1

NOISE SOURCE SOUND LEVEL SUMMARY PUSLINCH DEVELOPMENT GP INC. 4631 SIDEROAD N, PUSLINCH TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO

Cadna A ID	Noise Source Description										Unadjusted Total Sound Power Level	Tonal Penalty Assessment	Height Absolute	Operating Time	Vehicle Volumes	Speed Reference/Comments	
		_	32	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	(dBA)	(dBA)	(m)	Day/Eve/Night (min)	(veh/hr)	(km/hr)
s18	HVAC Unit 16 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s19	HVAC Unit 17 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	361.5	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s20	HVAC Unit 18 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s21	HVAC Unit 19 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s22	HVAC Unit 20 (Building 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	361.5	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s23	HVAC Unit 1 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	353.7	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s24	HVAC Unit 2 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	353.7	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s25	HVAC Unit 3 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	353.7	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s26	HVAC Unit 4 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	353.7	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s27	HVAC Unit 5 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	353.7	60/60/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
s28	HVAC Unit 1 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	348.1	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s29	HVAC Unit 2 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	348.1	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s30	HVAC Unit 3 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	348.1	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s31	HVAC Unit 4 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	98.7 -26.2 72.5	92.3 -16.1 76.2	93.8 -8.6 85.2	90.9 -3.2 87.7	89.6 0.0 89.6	85.9 1.2 87.1	80.3 1.0 81.3	74.3 -1.1 73.2	101.5 94.1	No 0	348.1	60/60/30	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s32	Truck Idling (Building #1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.0 -39.4 44.6	87.0 -26.2 60.8	91.0 -16.1 74.9	90.0 -8.6 81.4	87.0 -3.2 83.8	83.0 0.0 83.0	80.0 1.2 81.2	73.0 1.0 74.0	66.0 -1.1 64.9	95.8 88.9	No 0	340.8	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s33	Truck Idling (Building #1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.0 -39.4 44.6	87.0 -26.2 60.8	91.0 -16.1 74.9	90.0 -8.6 81.4	87.0 -3.2 83.8	83.0 0.0 83.0	80.0 1.2 81.2	73.0 1.0 74.0	66.0 -1.1 64.9	95.8 88.9	No 0	341.0	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s34	Truck Idling (Building #1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.0 -39.4 44.6	87.0 -26.2 60.8	91.0 -16.1 74.9	90.0 -8.6 81.4	87.0 -3.2 83.8	83.0 0.0 83.0	80.0 1.2 81.2	73.0 1.0 74.0	66.0 -1.1 64.9	95.8 88.9	No 0	351.0	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s35	Truck Idling (Building #2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.0 -39.4 44.6	87.0 -26.2 60.8	91.0 -16.1 74.9	90.0 -8.6 81.4	87.0 -3.2 83.8	83.0 0.0 83.0	80.0 1.2 81.2	73.0 1.0 74.0	66.0 -1.1 64.9	95.8 88.9	No 0	343.4	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s36	Truck Idling (Building #3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.0 -39.4 44.6	87.0 -26.2 60.8	91.0 -16.1 74.9	90.0 -8.6 81.4	87.0 -3.2 83.8	83.0 0.0 83.0	80.0 1.2 81.2	73.0 1.0 74.0	66.0 -1.1 64.9	95.8 88.9	No 0	345.5	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
s38	Forklift	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	84.8 -39.4 45.4	98.1 -26.2 71.9	94.2 -16.1 78.1	95.7 -8.6 87.1	92.1 -3.2 88.9	90.3 0.0 90.3	90.8 1.2 92.0	84.9 1.0 85.9	80.4 -1.1 79.3	102.4 96.5	No 0	341.2	30/30/30	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
i01	Shunt truck Coupling Impulse 1 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	149.9 -39.4 110.5	138.5 -26.2 112.3	124.9 -16.1 108.8	113.8 -8.6 105.2	110.6 -3.2 107.4	105.0 0.0 105.0	103.1 1.2 104.3	95.5 1.0 96.5	96.6 -1.1 95.5	150.2 117.1	No 0	340.5	0/0/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i02	Shunt truck Coupling Impulse 2 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	149.9 -39.4 110.5	138.5 -26.2 112.3	124.9 -16.1 108.8	113.8 -8.6 105.2	110.6 -3.2 107.4	105.0 0.0 105.0	103.1 1.2 104.3	95.5 1.0 96.5	96.6 -1.1 95.5	150.2 117.1	No 0	340.1	0/0/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra

Table D.1

NOISE SOURCE SOUND LEVEL SUMMARY PUSLINCH DEVELOPMENT GP INC. 4631 SIDEROAD N, PUSLINCH TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO

Cadna A ID	Noise Source Description		1/1 Octave Band Data									Unadjusted Total Sound Power Level	Tonal Penalty Assessment	Height Absolute	Operating Time Day/Eve/Night	Vehicle Volumes Day/Eye/Night	Speed Reference/Comments
		_	32	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	(dBA)	(dBA)	(m)	(min)	(veh/hr)	(km/hr)
i03	Truck Coupling Impulse 1 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	344.5	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i04	Truck Coupling Impulse 2 (Building 3)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	343.5	60/0/0	_	— GHD Reference Spectra
i05	Truck Coupling Impulse 3 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	342.4	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i06	Truck Coupling Impulse 4 (Building 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	343.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i07	Truck Coupling Impulse 5 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.9	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i08	Truck Coupling Impulse 6 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.4	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i09	Truck Coupling Impulse 7 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.2	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i10	Truck Coupling Impulse 8 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.2	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i11	Truck Coupling Impulse 9 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.0	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i12	Truck Coupling Impulse 10 (Building 1, Level 1)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.1	60/60/60	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i13	Truck Coupling Impulse 11 (Building 1, Level 1) Daytime	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.3	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i14	Truck Coupling Impulse 12 (Building 1, Level 1)Daytime	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	340.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i15	Truck Coupling Impulse 13 (Building 1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	350.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i16	Truck Coupling Impulse 14 (Building 1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	350.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i17	Truck Coupling Impulse 15 (Building 1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 -	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	350.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i18	Truck Coupling Impulse 16 (Building 1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	350.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra
i19	Truck Coupling Impulse 17 (Building 1, Level 2)	PWL (dB) A-weighted correction PWL (dBA)	-39.4 —	107.4 -26.2 81.2	106.4 -16.1 90.3	106.4 -8.6 97.8	105.4 -3.2 102.2	108.4 0.0 108.4	102.4 1.2 103.6	98.4 1.0 99.4	93.4 -1.1 92.3	114.4 111.0	No 0	350.0	60/0/0	_	GHD Reference Spectra



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